

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.2381, 10.0952,
-56.8419)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.2381, 10.0952,
-56.8419) contains.

HunterLab(52.2381, 10.0953, -56.8420)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(52.2381, 10.0953,
-56.8420)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	668BEB
RGB	102, 139, 235
RGB Percent	40%, 55%, 92%
CMY	0.6000, 0.4549, 0.0784
CMYK	0.57, 0.41, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	223°, 77%, 66%
HSV	223°, 57%, 92%
XYZ	29.7075, 27.2882, 82.2987
YIQ	138.8810, -52.8680, 22.0120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

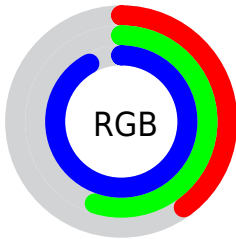
Format	Color
RYB	102, 131, 235
Decimal	6720491
CIELab	59.24, 15.01, -52.46
CIELCh	59, 54.563, 285.970
Yxy	27.2891, 0.2133, 0.1959
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284910571 (0xFF668BEB)
YUV	138.8810, 47.3867, -32.3446
Hunter-Lab	52.2381, 10.0953, -56.8420

Details

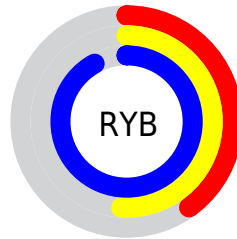
The HunterLab color $52.2381, 10.0953, -56.8420$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $6699FF$. A complement of this color would be $76.8196, -2.3241, 37.5920$, and the grayscale version is $50.5978, -2.6998, 2.7491$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $72.4544, 0.3217, -32.7666$, and $33.0005, 9.4292, -56.1229$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46.4413, 15.3677, -71.4573$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58.4479, 5.8576, -43.6125$.

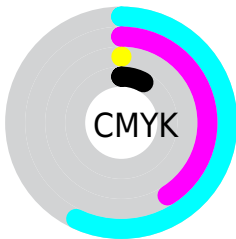
Distribution



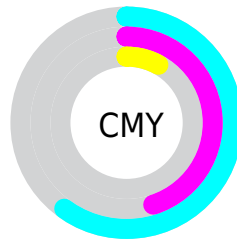
- Red (40%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.2381, 10.0953, -56.8420 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.2381, 10.0953, -56.8420 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.2381, 10.0953,
-56.8420

■ 52.2381, 10.0953,
-56.8420

170.0159, 9.5454,
-63.2217

■ 42.1787, 9.8303,
-56.3272

■ 74.3959, 10.3859,
-58.2485

■ 32.8628, 9.4693,
-56.1174

■ 86.4152, 10.4272,
-59.0166

■ 24.3563, 8.9962,
-56.5147

■ 99.0201, 10.4078,
-59.7848

■ 16.7450, 8.3885,
-58.2164

■ 112.1844, 10.3325,
-60.5364

■ 10.1501, 7.6152,
-63.1819

125.8854, 10.2054,
-61.2612

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

140.1028, 10.0299,

-61.9527

0.0000, NaN, -NF

154.8184, 9.8091,
-62.6070

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.2381, 10.0953,
-56.8420

■ 52.2381, 10.0953,
-56.8420

■ 46.4413, 15.3677,
-71.4573

■ 58.4479, 5.8576,
-43.6125

■ 41.1451, 21.8368,
-87.5238

■ 64.9984, 2.4755,
-31.6002

■ 36.4628, 29.5694,
-104.8174

■ 71.8373, -0.2088,
-20.6076

■ 32.5198, 38.3704,
-122.5891

■ 78.9239, -2.3266,
-10.4533

■ 31.3392, 41.4551,
-128.6609

■ 86.2264, -3.9828,
-0.9819

■ 93.7201, -5.2605,
7.9345

■ 99.3872, -8.7032,
14.2016

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.2390, -13.1985, -57.5779



52.2381, 10.0953, -56.8420



52.2390, 33.4190, -36.2212

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.2390, 10.0958, -56.8406



52.2390, 32.0782, 25.1188



52.2390, -39.4904, 12.1436

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.2381, 10.0953, -56.8420



76.8196, -2.3241, 37.5920

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.2390, -31.2185, 24.6159



52.2381, 10.0953, -56.8420



52.2390, 8.5029, 29.5725

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.2390, 10.0958, -56.8406



52.2390, 47.5478, 13.2487



52.2390, -14.5367, 29.4411



52.2390, -39.2155, -10.2714

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.2381, 10.0953, -56.8420



52.2390, 44.6654, -17.6223



52.2390, -14.5367, 29.4411



52.2390, -37.6898, 17.3734

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.2390, 10.0958, -56.8406



86.2090, -2.4529, -11.9876



81.4176, -43.1573, 10.8067



39.1502, -0.9360, -6.5593

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.2390, 10.0958, -56.8406



49.9172, 17.9759, -81.2984



45.0703, 36.2979, -74.9880



39.0269, -1.6468, -1.6891



23.7710, 29.7512, -93.9360



7.7515, 5.4259, -21.4016

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.8799, 50.3972, 7.2034



53.7045, 66.3726, 11.0030



85.7467, -30.1245, 43.6163



38.8882, 1.8878, 2.0093



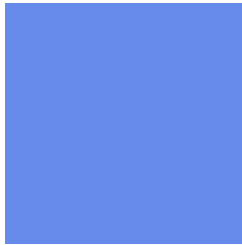
31.7226, 55.0618, 14.7943



8.9781, 15.7562, 2.8492

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.2381, 10.0953, -56.8420 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

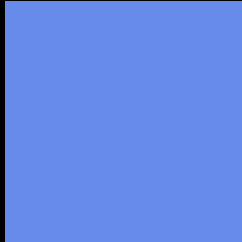
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.2381, 10.0953, -56.8420 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

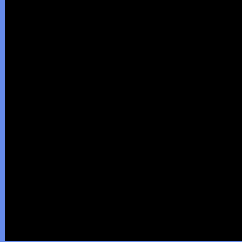
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.2381, 10.0953, -56.8420 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.2381, 10.0953, -56.8420.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.2381, 10.0953, -56.8420.

-56.8420.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.2381, 10.0953, -56.8420

Protanopia

52.2943, 10.2769, -56.7082

Deuteranopia

52.3683, 4.6163, -55.7805



Tritanopia

52.3070, -18.7129, -8.9889

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.2381, 10.0953, -56.8420

Protanomaly

52.2943, 10.2769, -56.7082

Deuteranomaly

52.4025, 6.1961, -55.6745

Tritanomaly

52.1419, -9.4380, -24.0830

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.2381, 10.0953, -56.8420

Achromatopsia

50.8117, -2.7112, 2.7607

Achromatomaly

50.9479, 0.1012, -15.2056

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.2381, 10.0953, -56.8420 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 139, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 139, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 139, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 139, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.2381, 10.0953, -56.8420 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 139, 235) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 139, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 139, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 139, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 139, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 139,  
235) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.2381, 10.0953, -56.8420 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 139, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102,  
139, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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