

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.2621, -2.7658,
2.2186)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.2621, -2.7658, 2.2186)
contains.

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Color

HunterLab(52.3539, -2.9323,
2.3277)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E8F90
RGB	142, 143, 144
RGB Percent	56%, 56%, 56%
CMY	0.4431, 0.4392, 0.4353
CMYK	0.01, 0.01, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	210°, 1%, 56%
HSV	210°, 1%, 56%
XYZ	26.0118, 27.4093, 30.3051
YIQ	142.8150, -0.9170, 0.0990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	142, 143, 144
Decimal	9342864
CIE _{Lab}	59.35, -0.17, -0.66
CIE _{LCh}	59, 0.685, 255.871
Yxy	27.4105, 0.3107, 0.3274
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287532944 (0xFF8E8F90)
YUV	142.8150, 0.5842, -0.7148
Hunter-Lab	52.3539, -2.9323, 2.3277

Details

The HunterLab color $52.3539, -2.9323, 2.3277$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $52.4661, -2.6557, 3.3627$, and the grayscale version is $52.3346, -2.7924, 2.8434$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74.6629, -4.1317, 3.5088$, and $33.0336, -1.8904, 1.3153$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49.1222, -3.6392, -1.6424$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55.6720, -2.0129, 6.1689$.

Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (56%)

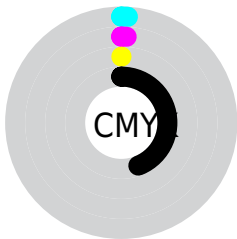
Blue (56%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (56%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.3539, -2.9323, 2.3277 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.3539, -2.9323, 2.3277 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.3539, -2.9323,
2.3277

■ 52.3539, -2.9323,
2.3277

170.1879, -9.2932,
8.4937

■ 42.2868, -2.3863,
1.8159

■ 74.5264, -4.1349,
3.4709

■ 32.9623, -1.8781,
1.3466

■ 86.5525, -4.7851,
4.0958

■ 24.4463, -1.4121,
0.9249

■ 99.1637, -5.4662,
4.7539

■ 16.8244, -0.9925,
0.5567

112.3342, -6.1768,
5.4437

■ 10.2174, -0.6252,
0.2507

126.0410, -6.9159,
6.1637

0.0000, NaN, NaN

140.2640, -7.6822,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

6.9127

0.0000, NaN, NaN

154.9851, -8.4749,
7.6897

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.3539, -2.9323,
2.3277

■ 52.3539, -2.9323,
2.3277

■ 49.1222, -3.6392,
-1.6424

■ 55.6720, -2.0129,
6.1689

■ 45.9816, -4.0986,
-5.7608

■ 59.0661, -0.9041,
9.8945

■ 42.9429, -4.2749,
-10.0439

■ 62.5312, 0.3703,
13.5197

■ 40.0168, -4.1260,
-14.5083

■ 66.0620, 1.7911,
17.0574

■ 37.2157, -3.6041,
-19.1675

■ 69.6538, 3.3421,
20.5189

■ 34.5539, -2.6576,
-24.0294

■ 73.3026, 5.0093,
23.9145

■ 32.0466, -1.2342,
-29.0917

■ 77.0048, 6.7810,
27.2528

■ 29.7100, 0.7122,
-34.3368

■ 80.4967, 7.7816,
30.3034

■ 27.5589, 3.2093,
-39.7287

■ 82.5912, 4.0378,
32.0212

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.3550, -3.1872, 2.4645



52.3539, -2.9323, 2.3277



52.3550, -2.6425, 2.3328

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.3550, -2.9335, 2.3285



52.3550, -2.2545, 2.9959



52.3550, -3.1993, 3.2208

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.3539, -2.9323, 2.3277



52.4661, -2.6557, 3.3627

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.3550, -2.9500, 3.3616



52.3539, -2.9323, 2.3277



52.3550, -2.4043, 3.2322

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.3550, -2.9335, 2.3285



52.3550, -2.2500, 2.7191



52.3550, -2.6590, 3.3658



52.3550, -3.3404, 2.9802

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.3539, -2.9323, 2.3277



52.3550, -2.4665, 2.4146



52.3550, -2.6590, 3.3658



52.3550, -3.1254, 3.2813

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.3550, -2.9335, 2.3285



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



52.6117, -3.5717, 3.0857



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.3550, -2.9335, 2.3285



69.2471, -3.9661, 2.7540



52.0776, -2.4721, 2.0065



24.9559, -1.4195, 1.0298



24.1998, 5.1166, -41.2929



3.1623, -0.8191, -2.1845

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.2101, -2.0219, 2.6242



68.9652, -2.1876, 3.3336



52.7438, -3.1168, 3.6781



24.8647, -0.8441, 1.2171



23.6168, 42.1982, 1.6662



2.4035, 4.4657, -1.1569

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.3539, -2.9323, 2.3277 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.3539, -2.9323, 2.3277 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

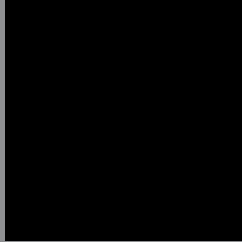
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.3539, -2.9323, 2.3277 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.3539, -2.9323, 2.3277.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.3539, -2.9323,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.3539, -2.9323, 2.3277

Protanopia

52.2962, -1.7226, 2.7326

Deuteranopia

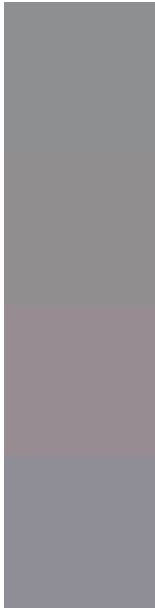
52.2391, 3.9483, 1.8548



Tritanopia

52.4267, -0.6679, -1.7889

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.3539, -2.9323, 2.3277

Protanomaly

52.2096, -2.0221, 2.6252

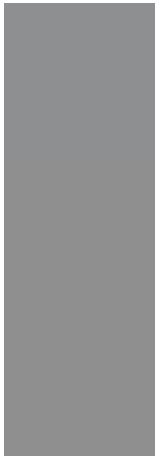
Deuteranomaly

52.3257, 1.3934, 1.9138

Tritanomaly

52.3332, -1.1765, -0.4629

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.3539, -2.9323, 2.3277

Achromatopsia

52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475

Achromatomaly

52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.3539, -2.9323, 2.3277 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 143, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 143, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 143, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 143, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.3539, -2.9323, 2.3277 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 143, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 143, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 143, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 143, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 143, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 143,  
144) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.3539, -2.9323, 2.3277 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 143, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
143, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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