

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.3419, -27.8940,
1.4120)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.3419, -27.8940,
1.4120) contains.

HunterLab(52.4109, -27.9359, 1.5022)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(52.4109,
-27.9359, 1.5022)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	309F91
RGB	48, 159, 145
RGB Percent	19%, 62%, 57%
CMY	0.8117, 0.3765, 0.4314
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.09, 0.38
HSL	172°, 54%, 41%
HSV	172°, 70%, 62%
XYZ	18.7279, 27.4690, 31.1031
YIQ	124.2150, -61.6620, -27.8860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

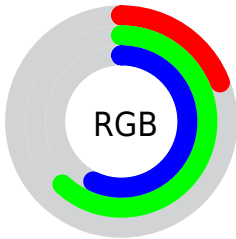
Format	Color
RYB	48, 107, 159
Decimal	3186577
CIELab	59.41, -34.07, -1.71
CIELCh	59, 34.117, 182.867
Yxy	27.4701, 0.2423, 0.3554
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281376657 (0xFF309F91)
YUV	124.2150, 10.2470, -66.8406
Hunter-Lab	52.4109, -27.9359, 1.5022

Details

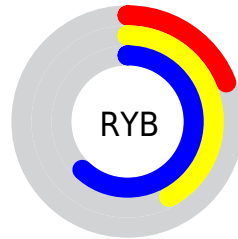
The HunterLab color **52.4109, -27.9359, 1.5022** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **31.3583, 37.4827, 11.3603**, and the grayscale version is **44.9588, -2.3989, 2.4427**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.5196, -32.7133, 2.3558**, and **33.6773, -20.1198, 1.3392** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.0471, -29.5037, 1.9538**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.9064, -25.8715, 1.2101**.

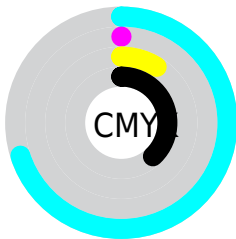
Distribution



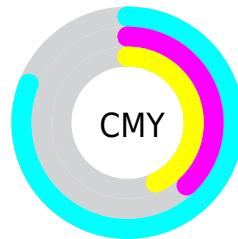
- Red (19%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.4109, -27.9359, 1.5022 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.4109, -27.9359, 1.5022 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.4109, -27.9359,
1.5022

■ 52.4109, -27.9359,
1.5022

170.2721,
-48.5658, 7.2830

■ 42.3398, -25.2862,
1.0448

■ 74.5904, -32.9065,
2.5457

■ 33.0110, -22.4778,
0.6341

■ 86.6197, -35.2732,
3.1247

■ 24.4904, -19.4506,
0.2764

■ 99.2341, -37.5818,
3.7389

■ 16.8634, -16.1039,
-0.0209

■ 112.4075,
-39.8433, 4.3866

■ 10.2504, -15.1867,
-0.2460

■ 126.1172,
-42.0663, 5.0662

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

140.3430,

-44.2575, 5.7763

0.0000, NaN, NaN

155.0667,
-46.4225, 6.5156

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.4109, -27.9359,
1.5022

■ 52.4109, -27.9359,
1.5022

■ 52.0471, -29.5037,
1.9538

■ 52.9064, -25.8715,
1.2101

■ 51.7996, -30.6108,
2.5441

■ 53.5393, -23.2919,
1.0892

■ 51.6360, -31.3835,
3.2287

■ 54.3167, -20.1959,
1.1487

■ 51.6330, -31.3977,
3.2419

■ 55.2421, -16.5957,
1.3929

■ 56.3168, -12.5145,
1.8218

■ 57.5402, -7.9845,
2.4316

■ 58.9103, -3.0435,
3.2158

■ 60.4236, 2.2671,
4.1655

■ 62.0756, 7.9047,
5.2701

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.4119, -25.4638, 13.6049



52.4109, -27.9359, 1.5022



52.4119, -24.3058, -13.7592

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.4119, -27.9362, 1.5028



52.4119, 13.2789, -24.8136



52.4119, 10.5917, 21.4533

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.4109, -27.9359, 1.5022



31.3583, 37.4827, 11.3603

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.4119, 22.8541, 15.3477



52.4109, -27.9359, 1.5022



52.4119, 24.5208, -10.8066

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.4119, -27.9362, 1.5028



52.4119, -1.3912, -31.3321



52.4119, 28.2011, 4.1680



52.4119, -4.1928, 23.0931

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.4109, -27.9359, 1.5022



52.4119, -18.6542, -23.1356



52.4119, 28.2011, 4.1680



52.4119, 15.1976, 19.9560

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.4119, -27.9362, 1.5028



75.1223, -17.6576, 2.3302



51.0500, -36.9948, 27.5607



35.4873, -9.0715, 1.0295



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.4119, -27.9362, 1.5028



69.4411, -40.4110, 3.0511



40.1999, -8.2225, -23.7521



27.3771, -3.6662, 1.1744



45.8913, -27.8757, 2.8154



6.1661, -3.5492, -0.0454

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.3583, 37.4827, 11.3603



38.1658, 58.7386, 18.9438



38.3149, 18.5772, 19.6066



25.8052, 0.9470, 1.7754



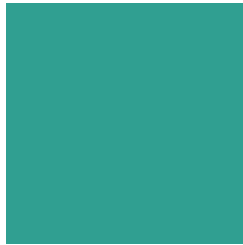
24.2188, 41.6560, 14.2504



3.2913, 5.7649, 1.1306

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.4109, -27.9359, 1.5022 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

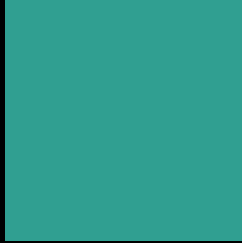
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.4109, -27.9359, 1.5022 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

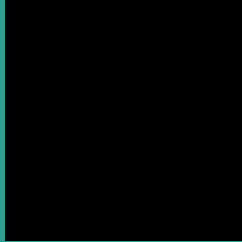
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.4109, -27.9359, 1.5022 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.4109, -27.9359, 1.5022.



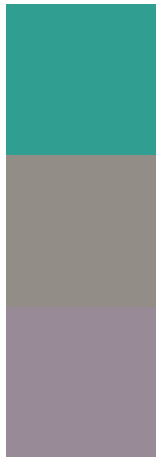
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.4109,

-27.9359, 1.5022.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.4109, -27.9359, 1.5022

Protanopia

51.8749, -2.1687, 5.7289

Deuteranopia

52.0138, 3.4953, -0.7787



Tritanopia

52.5021, -21.0942, -9.8531

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.4109, -27.9359, 1.5022

Protanomaly

51.3409, -14.4686, 3.1747

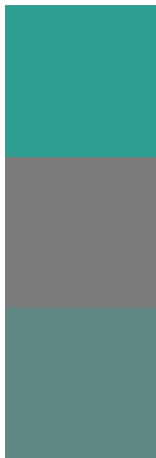
Deuteranomaly

51.2575, -11.1247, -1.0176

Tritanomaly

52.4335, -23.5601, -5.7098

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.4109, -27.9359, 1.5022

Achromatopsia

44.8950, -2.3955, 2.4392

Achromatomaly

46.9511, -13.9810, 1.1196

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.4109, -27.9359, 1.5022 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 159, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 159, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 159, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 159, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.4109, -27.9359, 1.5022 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 159, 145) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 159, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(48, 159, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 159, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 159, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 159,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.4109, -27.9359, 1.5022 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 159, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 159,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor