

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.3484, -22.2016,  
31.8682)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(52.3484, -22.2016,  
31.8682) contains.

<b>HunterLab(52.3179, -22.3190, 31.8473)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(52.3179,  
-22.3190, 31.8473)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	809900
RGB	128, 153, 0
RGB Percent	50%, 60%, 0%
CMY	0.4980, 0.4000, 0.9999
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 1.00, 0.40
HSL	70°, 100%, 30%
HSV	70°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	20.2933, 27.3716, 4.2137
YIQ	128.0830, 34.2130, -52.8830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

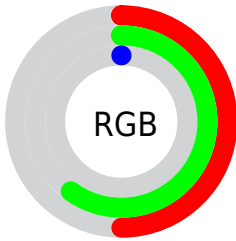
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 153, 25
Decimal	8427776
CIELab	59.32, -25.80, 62.21
CIELCh	59, 67.344, 112.527
Yxy	27.3729, 0.3912, 0.5276
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286617856 (0xFF809900)
YUV	128.0830, -63.1449, -0.0728
Hunter-Lab	52.3179, -22.3190, 31.8473

# Details

The HunterLab color **52.3179, -22.3190, 31.8473** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669900**. A complement of this color would be **15.8342, 41.6372, -102.3661**, and the grayscale version is **46.7253, -2.4931, 2.5387**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.3531, -26.2882, 40.4670**, and **33.1038, -17.0839, 20.0993** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.3189, -22.3213, 31.8479**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.5400, -21.4042, 31.4769**.

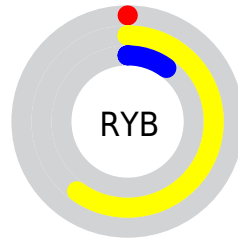
# Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (60%)

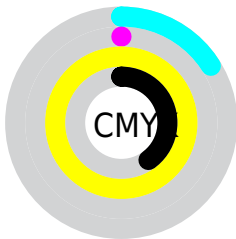
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (10%)

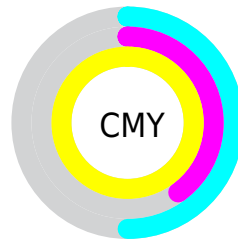


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.3179, -22.3190, 31.8473 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.3179, -22.3190, 31.8473 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 52.3179, -22.3190,  
31.8473

■ 52.3179, -22.3190,  
31.8473

170.1346,  
-39.3199, 66.6195

■ 42.2534, -20.2144,  
27.1307

■ 74.4860, -26.3227,  
40.5976

■ 32.9315, -18.0043,  
22.3492

■ 86.5100, -28.2511,  
44.6882

■ 24.4184, -15.6476,  
17.0929

■ 99.1192, -30.1454,  
48.6239

■ 16.7998, -13.0721,  
11.7599

■ 112.2878,  
-32.0131, 52.4262

■ 10.1966, -11.7064,  
7.1376

■ 125.9928,  
-33.8603, 56.1129

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 140.2141,

-35.6914, 59.6993

0.0000, NaN, NaN

154.9335,  
-37.5103, 63.1979

0.0000, NaN, NaN

52.3179, -22.3190,  
31.8473

52.3179, -22.3190,  
31.8473

52.3189, -22.3213,  
31.8479

52.5400, -21.4042,  
31.4769

52.7894, -20.3345,  
30.7464

53.0781, -19.0499,  
29.4956

53.4101, -17.5309,  
27.6695

53.7884, -15.7637,  
25.2274

■ 54.2154, -13.7391,  
22.1400

■ 54.6931, -11.4519,  
18.3874

■ 55.2227, -8.9001,  
13.9582

■ 55.8055, -6.0846,  
8.8486

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.3191, 4.5853, 32.7509



52.3179, -22.3190, 31.8473



52.3191, -39.8134, 25.7914

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.3191, -22.3205, 31.8476



52.3191, -32.3384, -58.3759



52.3191, 64.0133, -4.4575

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.3179, -22.3190, 31.8473



15.8342, 41.6372, -102.3661

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.3191, 48.6597, -40.2687



52.3179, -22.3190, 31.8473



52.3191, -9.7865, -80.6358

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.3191, -22.3205, 31.8476



52.3191, -44.6666, -21.5493



52.3191, 20.0956, -72.6543



52.3191, 58.6315, 19.2450



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.3179, -22.3190, 31.8473



52.3191, -45.7470, 16.2962



52.3191, 20.0956, -72.6543



52.3191, 61.0098, -15.5140

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.3191, -22.3205, 31.8476



73.1501, -15.5191, 24.9336



27.1735, 40.7541, 17.4568



34.2547, -7.8620, 12.6651



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.3191, -22.3205, 31.8476



69.9645, -30.0589, 42.5856



48.5344, -37.5293, 29.2492



26.7802, -2.8088, 4.0416



47.5752, -20.2428, 28.9612



5.9194, -2.0848, 3.6110



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.8342, 41.6372, -102.3661



21.0574, 55.6211, -138.0162



22.3132, 48.5164, -65.4849



24.6423, 0.1488, -1.4842



14.4294, 37.8837, -92.7905



2.0461, 4.8928, -9.4439



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.3179, -22.3190, 31.8473 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.3179, -22.3190, 31.8473 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

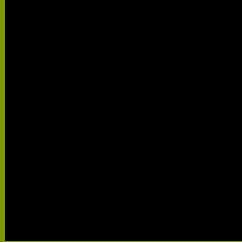
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 52.3179, -22.3190, 31.8473 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.3179, -22.3190, 31.8473.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.3179, -22.3190, 31.8473.

-22.3190, 31.8473.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.3179, -22.3190, 31.8473

### Protanopia

52.1747, -7.4165, 32.0200

### Deuteranopia

52.0676, 3.7895, 30.9694



## Tritanopia

52.1741, -1.5383, -2.1248

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.3179, -22.3190, 31.8473

## Protanomaly

52.2082, -13.3150, 31.9374

## Deuteranomaly

51.9264, -6.7470, 31.2732

## Tritanomaly

51.6286, -12.2479, 18.6113

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.3179, -22.3190, 31.8473

## Achromatopsia

46.4608, -2.4790, 2.5243

## Achromatomaly

48.0360, -12.2225, 19.7772

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.3179, -22.3190, 31.8473 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 153, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 153, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 153, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 153, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.3179, -22.3190, 31.8473 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 153, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 153, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 153, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 153, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 153, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 153,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.3179, -22.3190, 31.8473 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 153, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
153, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor