

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.3629, 4.7608,
-69.0253)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.3629, 4.7608,
-69.0253) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(52.3588, 4.8211,
-69.1390)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3090F9
RGB	48, 144, 249
RGB Percent	19%, 56%, 98%
CMY	0.8117, 0.4353, 0.0235
CMYK	0.81, 0.42, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	211°, 94%, 58%
HSV	211°, 81%, 98%
XYZ	28.2911, 27.4144, 93.4229
YIQ	127.2660, -90.9210, 12.3030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

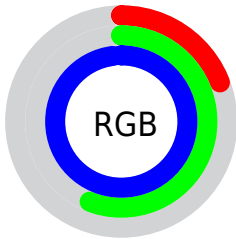
Format	Color
RYB	48, 113, 249
Decimal	3182841
CIELab	59.36, 9.03, -60.12
CIELCh	59, 60.797, 278.544
Yxy	27.4153, 0.1897, 0.1838
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281372921 (0xFF3090F9)
YUV	127.2660, 60.0149, -69.5163
Hunter-Lab	52.3588, 4.8211, -69.1390

Details

The HunterLab color **52.3588, 4.8211, -69.1390** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **3399FF**. The color can be described as light washed azure. A complement of this color would be **65.6826, 23.6413, 38.3612**, and the grayscale version is **45.9730, -2.4530, 2.4978**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.7722, -10.0196, -34.1038**, and **34.6269, 9.5447, -63.8847** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.2221, 10.2631, -80.2995**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.8947, 0.5137, -58.3290**.

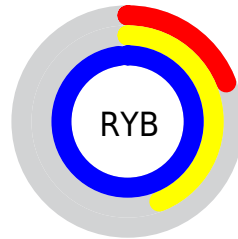
Distribution



Red (19%)

Green (56%)

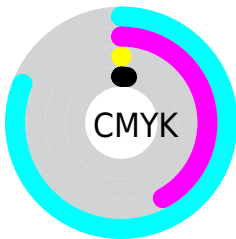
Blue (98%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (98%)

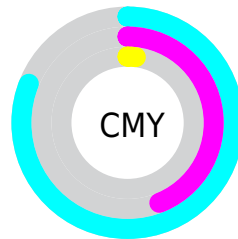


Cyan (81%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (81%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.3588, 4.8211, -69.1390 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.3588, 4.8211, -69.1390 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.3588, 4.8211,
-69.1390

■ 52.3588, 4.8211,
-69.1390

170.1946, 2.0273,
-75.9350

■ 42.2911, 4.8665,
-68.8610

■ 74.5315, 4.5402,
-70.3844

■ 32.9662, 4.8345,
-69.0782

■ 86.5579, 4.3150,
-71.1627

■ 24.4498, 4.7133,
-70.2351

■ 99.1694, 4.0400,
-71.9781

■ 16.8276, 4.4843,
-73.3481

■ 112.3400, 3.7188,
-72.8034

■ 10.2201, 4.1181,
-81.2558

■ 126.0471, 3.3545,
-73.6214

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

140.2703, 2.9497,

-74.4206

0.0000, NaN, -NF

154.9916, 2.5067,
-75.1935

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 52.3588, 4.8211,
-69.1390

■ 52.3588, 4.8211,
-69.1390

■ 48.2221, 10.2631,
-80.2995

■ 56.8947, 0.5137,
-58.3290

■ 44.7357, 16.2205,
-90.9311

■ 61.7920, -2.7131,
-47.9658

■ 67.0134, -4.9573,
-38.0874

■ 72.5231, -6.3347,
-28.6924

■ 78.2891, -6.9590,
-19.7540

■ 84.2836, -6.9341,
-11.2324

■ 90.4829, -6.3506,
-3.0826

■ 96.8668, -5.2861,
4.7399

■ 99.8096, -6.3797,
8.1516

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.3596, -19.8219, -63.3378



52.3588, 4.8211, -69.1390



52.3596, 32.0515, -49.5027

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.3596, 4.8223, -69.1377



52.3596, 42.2075, 24.6342



52.3596, -41.6037, 17.4056

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.3588, 4.8211, -69.1390



65.6826, 23.6413, 38.3612

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.3596, -30.3944, 28.0372



52.3588, 4.8211, -69.1390



52.3596, 16.7272, 30.5716

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.3596, 4.8223, -69.1377



52.3596, 56.2254, 9.4211



52.3596, -10.0033, 31.4099



52.3596, -43.5575, -4.7011

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.3588, 4.8211, -69.1390



52.3596, 46.9102, -28.4508



52.3596, -10.0033, 31.4099



52.3596, -38.9153, 22.0576

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.3596, 4.8223, -69.1377



84.5297, -7.2007, -14.3981



84.0494, -60.5400, 29.8185



38.0910, -3.3351, -8.1067

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.3596, 4.8223, -69.1377



47.0466, 14.7142, -89.9809



31.0942, 57.7606, -150.7211



42.4389, -2.9045, -0.9828



33.1559, 10.9891, -65.1643



11.0859, 1.4132, -16.9072

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.2636, 77.4166, -0.0449



47.8818, 84.2415, 6.6315



93.5389, -25.7354, 55.4139



41.6693, 2.4288, 1.1440



33.9421, 60.3075, 5.0287



10.4321, 18.7265, 0.0657

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.3588, 4.8211, -69.1390 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

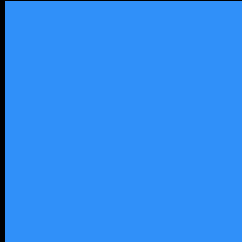
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.3588, 4.8211, -69.1390 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

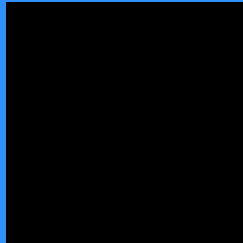
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

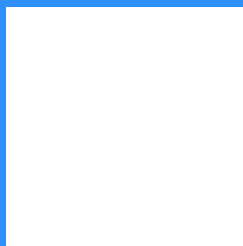
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.3588, 4.8211, -69.1390 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.3588, 4.8211, -69.1390.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.3588, 4.8211, -69.1390.

-69.1390.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.3588, 4.8211, -69.1390

Protanopia

52.1492, 12.2515, -64.9589

Deuteranopia

52.4063, 4.9792, -69.0150



Tritanopia

52.2669, -25.2529, -10.8153

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.3588, 4.8211, -69.1390

Protanomaly

52.0310, 9.2479, -67.1296

Deuteranomaly

52.3823, 4.8993, -69.0777

Tritanomaly

51.9412, -15.9265, -29.2579

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.3588, 4.8211, -69.1390

Achromatopsia

46.0685, -2.4581, 2.5030

Achromatomaly

47.2356, -4.1542, -19.3267

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.3588, 4.8211, -69.1390 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 144, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 144, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 144, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 144, 249) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.3588, 4.8211, -69.1390 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

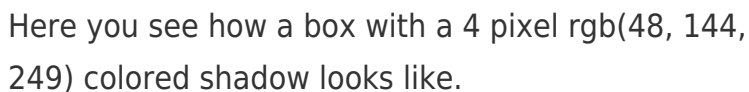
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 144, 249) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 144, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(48, 144, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 144, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 144, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 144,  
249) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.3588, 4.8211, -69.1390 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 144, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 144,  
249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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