

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.4108, -2.8010,
2.8574)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.4108, -2.8010, 2.8574)
contains.

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Color

HunterLab(52.4097, -2.7964,
2.8475)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F8F8F
RGB	143, 143, 143
RGB Percent	56%, 56%, 56%
CMY	0.4392, 0.4392, 0.4392
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	120°, 0%, 56%
HSV	120°, 0%, 56%
XYZ	26.1081, 27.4678, 29.9124
YIQ	143.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	143, 143, 143
Decimal	9408399
CIELab	59.41, 0.00, -0.01
CIELCh	59, 0.006, 289.531
Yxy	27.4689, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287598479 (0xFF8F8F8F)
YUV	143.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475

Details

The HunterLab color $52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $52.4104, -2.7954, 2.8468$, and the grayscale version is $52.4107, -2.7965, 2.8476$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74.7222, -3.9870, 4.0598$, and $33.0850, -1.7653, 1.7976$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50.8610, -9.0675, 7.0674$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54.1175, 3.8926, -1.6501$.

Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (56%)

Blue (56%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (56%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.4097, -2.7964,
2.8475

■ 52.4097, -2.7964,
2.8475

■ 170.2705, -9.0918,
9.2616

■ 42.3388, -2.2598,
2.3004

■ 74.5892, -3.9820,
4.0550

■ 33.0101, -1.7617,
1.7930

■ 86.6184, -4.6244,
4.7095

■ 24.4896, -1.3067,
1.3295

■ 99.2328, -5.2980,
5.3959

■ 16.8627, -0.8995,
0.9148

■ 112.4061, -6.0016,
6.1127

■ 10.2498, -0.5465,
0.5553

■ 126.1158, -6.7337,
6.8588

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 140.3415, -7.4934,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.6329

0.0000, NaN, NaN

155.0652, -8.2798,
8.4341

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.4097, -2.7964,
2.8475

■ 52.4097, -2.7964,
2.8475

■ 50.8610, -9.0675,
7.0674

■ 54.1175, 3.8926,
-1.6501

■ 49.4744, -14.8484,
10.9606

■ 55.9735, 10.9369,
-6.3834

■ 48.2562, -20.0724,
14.4821

■ 57.9708, 18.2744,
-11.3105

■ 47.2097, -24.6775,
17.5898

■ 60.1011, 25.8504,
-16.3946

■ 46.3356, -28.6123,
20.2487

■ 62.3563, 33.6176,
-21.6040

■ 45.6320, -31.8419,
22.4348

■ 64.7282, 41.5359,
-26.9118

■ 45.0935, -34.3532,
24.1386

■ 67.2091, 49.5717,
-32.2956

■ 44.7108, -36.1597,
25.3687

■ 69.3729, 56.4287,
-37.1220

■ 44.4700, -37.3062,
26.1542

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.4108, -2.8002, 2.8481



52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475



52.4108, -2.7955, 2.8497

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.4108, -2.7976, 2.8483



52.4108, -2.7960, 2.8565



52.4108, -2.8043, 2.8537

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475



52.4104, -2.7954, 2.8468

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.4108, -2.8032, 2.8560



52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475



52.4108, -2.7984, 2.8576

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.4108, -2.7976, 2.8483



52.4108, -2.7946, 2.8545



52.4108, -2.8010, 2.8574



52.4108, -2.8041, 2.8513

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475



52.4108, -2.7946, 2.8512



52.4108, -2.8010, 2.8574



52.4108, -2.8040, 2.8545

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.4108, -2.7976, 2.8483



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



52.4110, -2.7969, 2.8486



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.4108, -2.7976, 2.8483



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



52.4109, -2.7974, 2.8478



25.2436, -1.3469, 1.3715



41.6786, -35.7286, 25.0332



4.0760, -3.4889, 2.4369

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.4104, -2.7954, 2.8468



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



52.4104, -2.7956, 2.8473



25.2436, -1.3469, 1.3715



26.2691, 51.5998, -34.2903



2.5702, 5.0510, -3.3738

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

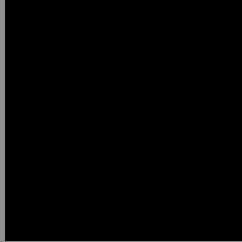
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

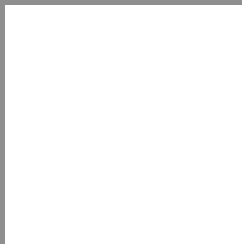
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.4097, -2.7964,

2.8475.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475

Protanopia

52.2962, -1.7226, 2.7326

Deuteranopia

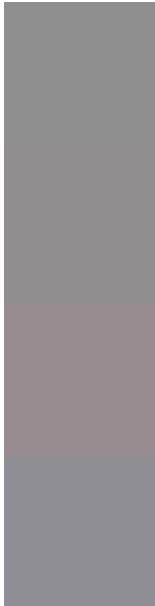
52.2097, 3.7909, 2.2739



Tritanopia

52.5121, -0.3744, -1.6757

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475

Protanomaly

52.2096, -2.0221, 2.6252

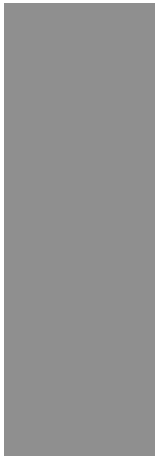
Deuteranomaly

52.2964, 1.2349, 2.3323

Tritanomaly

52.3882, -1.0483, 0.0833

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475

Achromatopsia

52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475

Achromatomaly

52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 143, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 143, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 143, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 143, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 143, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 143, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 143, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 143, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 143, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 143,  
143) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 143, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
143, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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