

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.6412, -13.9200,
-35.7475)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.6412, -13.9200,
-35.7475) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(52.6447,
-13.9254, -35.7403)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009AD1
RGB	0, 154, 209
RGB Percent	0%, 60%, 82%
CMY	0.9998, 0.3961, 0.1804
CMYK	1.00, 0.26, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	196°, 100%, 41%
HSV	196°, 100%, 82%
XYZ	23.0642, 27.7146, 64.4554
YIQ	114.2240, -109.4390, -15.5430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

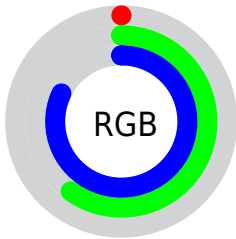
Format	Color
RYB	0, 89, 209
Decimal	39633
CIELab	59.63, -14.12, -37.53
CIELCh	60, 40.102, 249.379
Yxy	27.7156, 0.2002, 0.2405
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278229713 (0xFF009AD1)
YUV	114.2240, 46.7246, -100.1744
Hunter-Lab	52.6447, -13.9254, -35.7403

Details

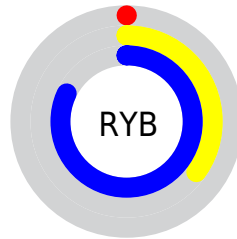
The HunterLab color **52.6447, -13.9254, -35.7403** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **40.3640, 51.6981, 25.7751**, and the grayscale version is **40.9691, -2.1860, 2.2259**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.2283, -19.3471, -30.1676**, and **34.6895, -5.7356, -30.9772** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.6412, -13.9200, -35.7475**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.5270, -15.8680, -32.2698**.

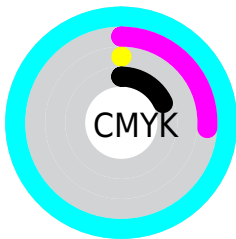
Distribution



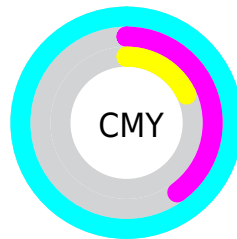
- Red (0%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.6447, -13.9254, -35.7403 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.6447, -13.9254, -35.7403 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.6447, -13.9254,
-35.7403

■ 52.6447, -13.9254,
-35.7403

170.6181,
-25.9545, -40.1009

■ 42.5574, -12.5561,
-35.0923

■ 74.8532, -16.6095,
-37.0079

■ 33.2114, -11.1551,
-34.4958

■ 86.8959, -17.9392,
-37.5915

■ 24.6718, -9.7028,
-34.0569

■ 99.5231, -19.2666,
-38.1304

■ 17.0237, -8.1669,
-34.0299

■ 112.7088,
-20.5948, -38.6215

■ 10.3863, -6.6849,
-35.1375

■ 126.4302,
-21.9260, -39.0638

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

140.6674,

-23.2621, -39.4573

0.0000, NaN, -NF

155.4021,
-24.6046, -39.8027

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.6447, -13.9254,
-35.7403

■ 52.6447, -13.9254,
-35.7403

■ 52.6412, -13.9200,
-35.7475

■ 54.5270, -15.8680,
-32.2698

■ 56.5724, -17.2386,
-28.6621

■ 58.8144, -17.9086,
-24.8823

■ 61.2580, -17.8605,
-20.9500

■ 63.9016, -17.1080,
-16.8925

■ 66.7397, -15.6844,
-12.7387

■ 69.7641, -13.6350,
-8.5160

■ 72.9655, -11.0112,
-4.2481

■ 76.3337, -7.8661,
0.0453

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.6456, -25.9446, -21.1625



52.6447, -13.9254, -35.7403



52.6456, 2.6684, -38.4079

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.6456, -13.9248, -35.7393



52.6456, 33.8167, 7.7239



52.6456, -22.1351, 21.7978

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.6447, -13.9254, -35.7403



40.3640, 51.6981, 25.7751

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.6456, -8.0768, 25.3650



52.6447, -13.9254, -35.7403



52.6456, 25.1663, 19.1304

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.6456, -13.9248, -35.7393



52.6456, 31.7270, -9.4166



52.6456, 9.3070, 24.5762



52.6456, -30.2468, 12.7558

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.6447, -13.9254, -35.7403



52.6456, 14.3547, -32.4342



52.6456, 9.3070, 24.5762



52.6456, -18.0266, 23.5209

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.6456, -13.9248, -35.7393



87.2256, -17.1833, -10.8607



67.7143, -56.7429, 37.8574



39.5960, -8.4933, -6.0715

0.0000, NaN, NaN



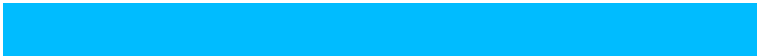
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.6456, -13.9248, -35.7393



65.6774, -17.0730, -45.2355



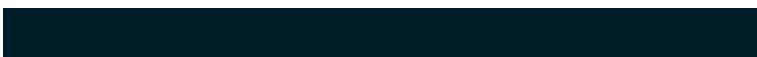
26.6186, 38.9180, -117.2772



35.8588, -3.5953, 0.1356



41.5378, -11.2242, -27.6887



10.4419, -3.5280, -5.4355

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.8618, 74.1106, -19.6132



49.8855, 92.6983, -24.1036



61.3102, 4.2495, 37.8521



34.5741, 2.3392, -0.1212



31.3258, 58.2918, -15.7685



7.4924, 14.0862, -4.8888

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.6447, -13.9254, -35.7403 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.6447, -13.9254, -35.7403 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

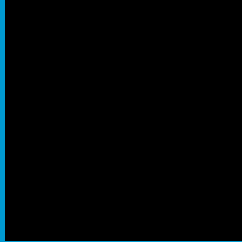
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.6447, -13.9254, -35.7403 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.6447, -13.9254, -35.7403.



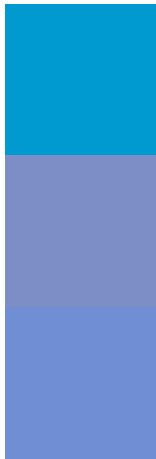
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.6447, -13.9254, -35.7403.

-13.9254, -35.7403.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.6447, -13.9254, -35.7403

Protanopia

52.4280, 4.1788, -28.0397

Deuteranopia

52.4826, 4.1991, -37.9535



Tritanopia

52.6655, -25.2296, -11.3638

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.6447, -13.9254, -35.7403



Protanomaly

51.5049, -6.0980, -32.6928



Deuteranomaly

51.5757, -4.9964, -39.1527



Tritanomaly

52.5516, -21.2675, -19.7746

Monochromacy



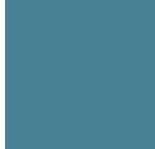
Original Color

52.6447, -13.9254, -35.7403



Achromatopsia

41.0207, -2.1888, 2.2287



Achromatomaly

43.9169, -11.7302, -11.5310

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.6447, -13.9254, -35.7403 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 154, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 154, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 154, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 154, 209) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.6447, -13.9254, -35.7403 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 154, 209) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 154, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 154, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 154, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 154, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 154,  
209) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.6447, -13.9254, -35.7403 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 154, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 154,  
209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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