

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.7455, -31.7665,
3.8502)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.7455, -31.7665,
3.8502) contains.

HunterLab(52.7677, -31.9016, 4.0790)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(52.7677,
-31.9016, 4.0790)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	10A28C
RGB	16, 162, 140
RGB Percent	6%, 64%, 55%
CMY	0.9372, 0.3647, 0.4510
CMYK	0.90, 0.00, 0.14, 0.36
HSL	171°, 82%, 35%
HSV	171°, 90%, 64%
XYZ	17.8677, 27.8443, 29.2437
YIQ	115.8380, -79.9540, -37.7940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

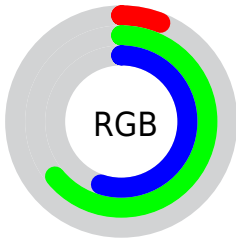
Format	Color
R_{YB}	16, 95, 162
Decimal	1090188
CIE _{Lab}	59.75, -40.07, 1.56
CIE _{LCh}	60, 40.103, 177.769
Y _{xy}	27.8454, 0.2384, 0.3715
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279280268 (0xFF10A28C)
YUV	115.8380, 11.9119, -87.5579
Hunter-Lab	52.7677, -31.9016, 4.0790

Details

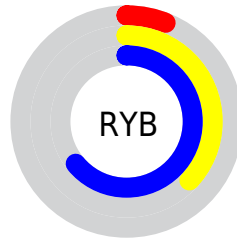
The HunterLab color **52.7677, -31.9016, 4.0790** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **28.6229, 46.1755, 14.6445**, and the grayscale version is **41.7084, -2.2255, 2.2661**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.1172, -37.7906, 5.8035**, and **34.1694, -21.5877, 3.8929** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.5972, -32.7282, 4.9088**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.0268, -30.7273, 3.3278**.

Distribution



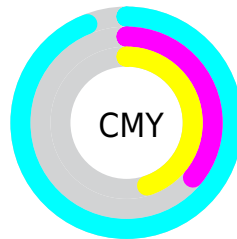
- Red (6%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.7677, -31.9016, 4.0790 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.7677, -31.9016, 4.0790 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.7677, -31.9016,
4.0790

■ 52.7677, -31.9016,
4.0790

170.8003,
-55.1997, 11.0946

■ 42.6722, -28.8521,
3.4455

■ 74.9916, -37.5841,
5.4427

■ 33.3170, -25.6048,
2.8448

■ 87.0414, -40.2732,
6.1692

■ 24.7675, -22.0871,
2.2790

■ 99.6753, -42.8864,
6.9241

■ 17.1082, -18.1804,
1.7495

■ 112.8674,
-45.4374, 7.7066

■ 10.4580, -17.4898,
1.2568

■ 126.5951,
-47.9365, 8.5156

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 140.8382,

-50.3923, 9.3505

0.0000, NaN, NaN

155.5787,
-52.8115, 10.2104

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.7677, -31.9016,
4.0790

■ 52.7677, -31.9016,
4.0790

■ 52.5972, -32.7282,
4.9088

■ 53.0268, -30.7273,
3.3278

■ 53.4049, -29.0799,
2.7106

■ 53.9158, -26.9217,
2.2485

■ 54.5686, -24.2349,
1.9566

■ 55.3694, -21.0181,
1.8452

■ 56.3218, -17.2844,
1.9200

■ 57.4272, -13.0582,
2.1824

■ 58.6850, -8.3729,
2.6302

■ 60.0929, -3.2680,
3.2577

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.7687, -27.9247, 17.0178



52.7677, -31.9016, 4.0790



52.7687, -28.9505, -13.9396

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.7687, -31.9018, 4.0796



52.7687, 13.4474, -33.1225



52.7687, 15.9534, 23.1196

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.7677, -31.9016, 4.0790



28.6229, 46.1755, 14.6445

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.7687, 29.6583, 15.5010



52.7677, -31.9016, 4.0790



52.7687, 28.0864, -16.7551

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.7687, -31.9018, 4.0796



52.7687, -4.0967, -39.0905



52.7687, 34.3564, 1.6359



52.7687, -1.5279, 25.5923

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.7677, -31.9016, 4.0790



52.7687, -23.2109, -26.0468



52.7687, 34.3564, 1.6359



52.7687, 21.2349, 21.2256

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.7687, -31.9018, 4.0796



76.2531, -21.8699, 2.6545



51.3197, -41.4521, 30.3303



35.9222, -11.1963, 1.2194



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



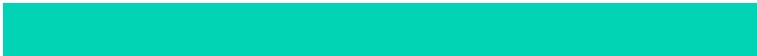
38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.7687, -31.9018, 4.0796



70.8501, -44.2003, 6.8594



38.2169, -7.6601, -29.6178



28.2716, -3.8267, 1.2868



46.6896, -29.0163, 4.2800



6.8023, -3.9989, 0.1301

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.6229, 46.1755, 14.6445



37.4817, 64.4654, 22.0747



33.8567, 29.6735, 20.5224



26.6506, 1.0179, 1.7623



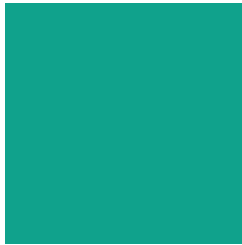
24.7167, 42.5610, 14.1661



3.6476, 6.4083, 1.1042

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.7677, -31.9016, 4.0790 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.7677, -31.9016, 4.0790 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

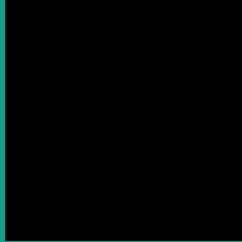
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.7677, -31.9016, 4.0790 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.7677, -31.9016, 4.0790.



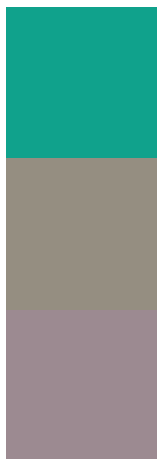
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.7677, -31.9016, 4.0790.

-31.9016, 4.0790.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.7677, -31.9016, 4.0790

Protanopia

52.2691, -2.5782, 8.6042

Deuteranopia

52.2391, 3.9483, 1.8548



Tritanopia

52.8553, -22.8963, -10.4917

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.7677, -31.9016, 4.0790

Protanomaly

50.9461, -17.8626, 5.2554

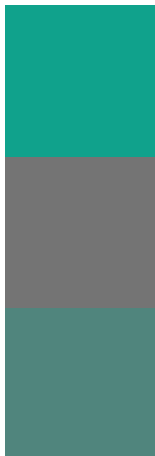
Deuteranomaly

50.8467, -14.4971, 0.7759

Tritanomaly

52.5897, -26.3567, -5.0358

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.7677, -31.9016, 4.0790

Achromatopsia

41.7908, -2.2299, 2.2706

Achromatomaly

44.6780, -16.6696, 1.4910

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.7677, -31.9016, 4.0790 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(16, 162, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(16, 162, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(16, 162, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(16, 162, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.7677, -31.9016, 4.0790 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(16, 162, 140) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(16, 162, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(16, 162, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 162, 140); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 162, 140); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 162, 140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.7677, -31.9016, 4.0790 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(16, 162, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(16, 162,  
140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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