

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.7571, 103.7176,
-69.5475)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.7571, 103.7176,
-69.5475) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(52.6533,
103.5182, -69.4466)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FC00FC
RGB	252, 0, 252
RGB Percent	99%, 0%, 99%
CMY	0.0118, 0.9998, 0.0118
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	300°, 100%, 49%
HSV	300°, 100%, 99%
XYZ	57.7155, 27.7237, 94.4046
YIQ	104.0760, 69.3000, 131.7960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

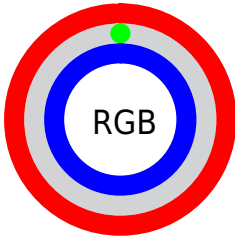
Format	Color
R_{YB}	252, 0, 252
Decimal	16515324
CIE _{Lab}	59.64, 97.37, -60.30
CIE _{LCh}	60, 114.532, 328.233
Yxy	27.7250, 0.3209, 0.1542
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294705404 (0xFFFC00FC)
YUV	104.0760, 72.9265, 129.7293
Hunter-Lab	52.6533, 103.5182, -69.4466

Details

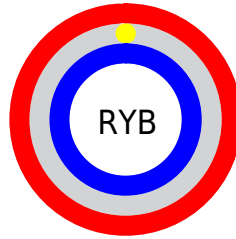
The HunterLab color **52.6533, 103.5182, -69.4466** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF00FF**. The color can be described as light saturated magenta. A complement of this color would be **83.4399, -71.5484, 50.1618**, and the grayscale version is **36.9593, -1.9721, 2.0081**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.1153, 76.1957, -50.6954**, and **38.5256, 76.0862, -53.4765** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.6536, 103.5187, -69.4462**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.3196, 101.0908, -67.7831**.

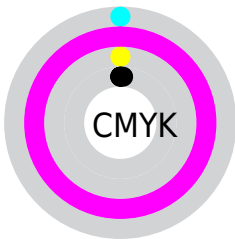
Distribution



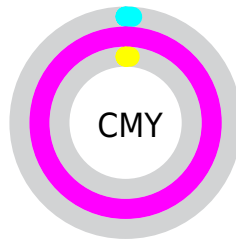
- Red (99%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)





- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.6533, 103.5182, -69.4466 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.6533, 103.5182, -69.4466 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 52.6533, 103.5182,
-69.4466


 52.6533, 103.5182,
-69.4466


170.6313,
126.2228, -76.2537


 42.5658, 100.8963,
-69.1640


 74.8633, 108.9393,
-70.6936


 33.2191, 98.5204,
-69.3744


 86.9065, 111.6212,
-71.4730


 24.6788, 96.7100,
-70.5152

 99.5342, 114.2453,
-72.2895

 17.0298, 96.2182,
-73.5854

 112.7203,
116.7989, -73.1161

 10.3915, 99.1660,
-81.3543

 126.4422,
119.2752, -73.9354

0.0000, INF, -NF

140.6798,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

121.6716, -74.7360

155.4149,
123.9872, -75.5105

■ 52.6533, 103.5182,
-69.4466

■ 52.6533, 103.5182,
-69.4466

■ 52.6536, 103.5187,
-69.4462

■ 53.3196, 101.0908,
-67.7831

■ 54.8119, 95.8141,
-64.1680

■ 57.3097, 87.4476,
-58.4334

■ 60.8287, 76.5285,
-50.9445

■ 65.3125, 63.8489,
-42.2410

■ 70.6655, 50.1795,
-32.8487

■ 76.7786, 36.1177,
-23.1758

■ 83.5457, 22.0567,
-13.4917

■ 90.8723, 8.2199,
-3.9499

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.6545, 49.5345, -152.8357



52.6533, 103.5182, -69.4466



52.6545, 128.1969, 0.0286

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.6545, 103.5154, -69.4439



52.6545, 0.1228, 36.8582



52.6545, -62.7348, -59.5378

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.6533, 103.5182, -69.4466



83.4399, -71.5484, 50.1618

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.6545, -67.7394, 5.5541



52.6533, 103.5182, -69.4466



52.6545, -40.3573, 36.7070

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.6545, 103.5154, -69.4439



52.6545, 56.4846, 36.4289



52.6545, -61.3285, 31.5756



52.6545, -43.7757, -144.2777

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.6533, 103.5182, -69.4466



52.6545, 119.7599, 23.8926



52.6545, -61.3285, 31.5756



52.6545, -65.7145, -33.5591

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.6545, 103.5154, -69.4439



77.7947, 36.6583, -23.5251



26.5134, 71.9037, -188.3530



34.7424, 19.7501, -12.8038

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.6545, 103.5154, -69.4439



53.3666, 104.9204, -70.3865



47.1207, 83.8885, 5.6582



41.8624, 3.4629, -1.5994



38.0020, 74.7132, -50.1218



11.5652, 22.7375, -15.2536

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.6545, 103.5154, -69.4439



53.3666, 104.9204, -70.3865



84.3380, -65.9402, 36.9325



41.8624, 3.4629, -1.5994



38.0020, 74.7132, -50.1218



11.5652, 22.7375, -15.2536

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.6533, 103.5182, -69.4466 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

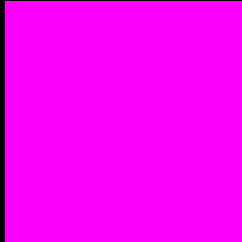
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.6533, 103.5182, -69.4466 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

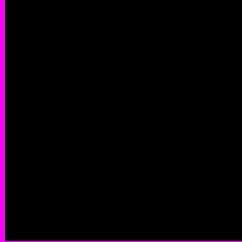
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.6533, 103.5182, -69.4466 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.6533, 103.5182, -69.4466.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.6533, 103.5182, -69.4466.

103.5182, -69.4466.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.6533, 103.5182, -69.4466

Protanopia

53.2856, 12.9233, -72.2078

Deuteranopia

53.2388, 4.8995, -56.3362



Tritanopia

52.7034, 48.6758, 18.2929

Trichromacy



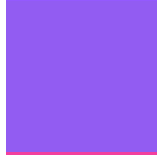
Original Color

52.6533, 103.5182, -69.4466



Protanomaly

45.5675, 52.4970, -93.0056



Deuteranomaly

44.9178, 47.3999, -82.3751



Tritanomaly

49.9008, 72.0942, -6.4235

Monochromacy



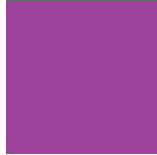
Original Color

52.6533, 103.5182, -69.4466



Achromatopsia

37.2064, -1.9852, 2.0215



Achromatomaly

36.9245, 42.7996, -28.4392

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.6533, 103.5182, -69.4466 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 0, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(252, 0, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 0, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 0, 252) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.6533, 103.5182, -69.4466 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 0, 252) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 0, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 0, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 0, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 0, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 0,  
252) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.6533, 103.5182, -69.4466 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 0, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252, 0,  
252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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