

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.7622, 3.4195,
0.5690)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.7622, 3.4195, 0.5690)
contains.

HunterLab(52.8154, 3.2877, 0.6827)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(52.8154, 3.2877,
0.6827)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9B8C95
RGB	155, 140, 149
RGB Percent	61%, 55%, 58%
CMY	0.3922, 0.4510, 0.4157
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.04, 0.39
HSL	324°, 7%, 58%
HSV	324°, 10%, 61%
XYZ	28.3205, 27.8947, 32.3253
YIQ	145.5110, 6.0510, 5.9790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

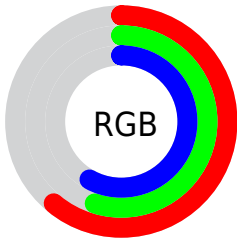
Format	Color
R _Y B	155, 140, 149
Decimal	10194069
CIE Lab	59.79, 7.26, -2.74
CIE LCh	60, 7.760, 339.311
Yxy	27.8959, 0.3199, 0.3151
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288384149 (0xFF9B8C95)
YUV	145.5110, 1.7201, 8.3219
Hunter-Lab	52.8154, 3.2877, 0.6827

Details

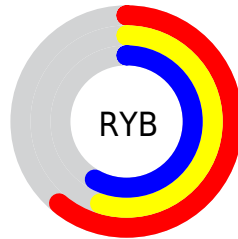
The HunterLab color $52.8154, 3.2877, 0.6827$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $55.7622, -8.8305, 5.2896$, and the grayscale version is $53.4096, -2.8498, 2.9018$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75.1337, 2.4280, 1.7539$, and $33.3725, 3.4812, 0.0957$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48.4640, 9.9606, -1.6566$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57.4045, -3.2653, 3.1943$.

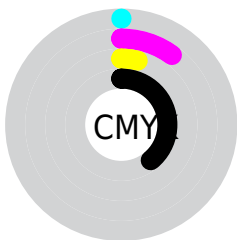
Distribution



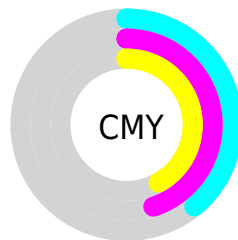
- Red (61%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.8154, 3.2877, 0.6827 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.8154, 3.2877, 0.6827 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.8154, 3.2877,
0.6827

■ 52.8154, 3.2877,
0.6827

170.8710, -0.2015,
6.0965

■ 42.7167, 3.4277,
0.2771

■ 75.0454, 2.8261,
1.6321

■ 33.3581, 3.4998,
-0.0784

■ 87.0980, 2.5184,
2.1673

■ 24.8047, 3.4913,
-0.3765

■ 99.7345, 2.1644,
2.7397

■ 17.1411, 3.3858,
-0.6082

112.9291, 1.7675,
3.3473

■ 10.4859, 3.1572,
-0.7599

126.6591, 1.3303,
3.9882

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

140.9045, 0.8551,

4.6609

0.0000, NaN, NaN

155.6472, 0.3439,
5.3641

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.8154, 3.2877,
0.6827

■ 52.8154, 3.2877,
0.6827

■ 48.4640, 9.9606,
-1.6566

■ 57.4045, -3.2653,
3.1943

■ 44.3862, 16.7229,
-3.7691

■ 62.1960, -9.6857,
5.8345

■ 40.6306, 23.4938,
-5.5748

■ 67.1652, -15.9803,
8.5753

■ 37.2534, 30.1238,
-6.9696

■ 72.2911, -22.1611,
11.3962

■ 34.3173, 36.3672,
-7.8265

■ 77.5566, -28.2426,
14.2828

■ 31.8861, 41.8719,
-8.0109

■ 82.9476, -34.2397,
17.2244

■ 30.0121, 46.2171,
-7.4165

■ 88.4523, -40.1663,
20.2135

■ 28.7188, 49.0276,
-6.0186

■ 90.8813, -42.0970,
20.1677

■ 27.8806, 50.4924,
-4.0529

■ 91.0425, -41.1488,
17.8434

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.8166, 1.2855, -2.0440



52.8154, 3.2877, 0.6827



52.8166, 3.6291, 3.8483

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.8166, 3.2863, 0.6836



52.8166, -3.8501, 8.5247



52.8166, -7.6712, -1.1198

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.8154, 3.2877, 0.6827



55.7622, -8.8305, 5.2896

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.8166, -8.9757, 1.8827



52.8154, 3.2877, 0.6827



52.8166, -6.8057, 7.3621

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.8166, 3.2863, 0.6836



52.8166, -0.5461, 8.2476



52.8166, -8.6628, 4.9762



52.8166, -5.0580, -3.1291

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.8154, 3.2877, 0.6827



52.8166, 2.8630, 5.7630



52.8166, -8.6628, 4.9762



52.8166, -8.2743, -0.1860

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.8166, 3.2863, 0.6836



74.7112, -1.4233, 3.1164



52.1872, 1.5343, -3.0470



35.3163, -0.3542, 1.3576



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.8166, 3.2863, 0.6836



69.1588, 6.6684, 0.0893



52.5966, 2.1044, 3.8186



25.0634, 1.4095, 0.3762



24.9789, 45.3484, -3.7909



3.1692, 5.9563, -2.0521

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.8166, 3.2863, 0.6836



69.1588, 6.6684, 0.0893



55.9780, -7.6283, 2.2093



25.0634, 1.4095, 0.3762



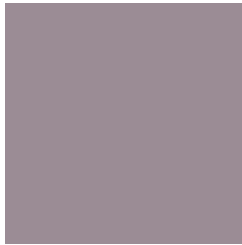
24.9789, 45.3484, -3.7909



3.1692, 5.9563, -2.0521

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.8154, 3.2877, 0.6827 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.8154, 3.2877, 0.6827 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

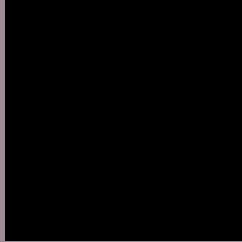
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.8154, 3.2877, 0.6827 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.8154, 3.2877, 0.6827.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.8154, 3.2877,

0.6827.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.8154, 3.2877, 0.6827

Protanopia

52.8195, -0.9008, -0.3334

Deuteranopia

52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028



Tritanopia

52.8764, 3.6144, -0.1840

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.8154, 3.2877, 0.6827

Protanomaly

52.8560, 0.6169, 0.2139

Deuteranomaly

52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028

Tritanomaly

52.8458, 3.4504, 0.2509

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.8154, 3.2877, 0.6827

Achromatopsia

53.6135, -2.8607, 2.9129

Achromatomaly

53.3317, -0.8395, 2.1603

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.8154, 3.2877, 0.6827 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 140, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 140, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 140, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 140, 149) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.8154, 3.2877, 0.6827 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 140, 149) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 140, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 140, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 140, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 140, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 140,  
149) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.8154, 3.2877, 0.6827 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 140, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
140, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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