

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.7937, -2.2929,
1.4340)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.7937, -2.2929, 1.4340)
contains.

HunterLab(52.8984, -2.3364, 1.6158)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(52.8984, -2.3364,
1.6158)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	909093
RGB	144, 144, 147
RGB Percent	56%, 56%, 58%
CMY	0.4353, 0.4353, 0.4235
CMYK	0.02, 0.02, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	240°, 1%, 57%
HSV	240°, 2%, 58%
XYZ	26.7413, 27.9824, 31.5955
YIQ	144.3420, -0.9630, 0.9330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

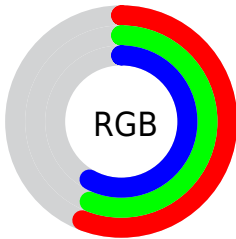
Format	Color
R_{YB}	144, 144, 147
Decimal	9474195
CIE Lab	59.87, 0.59, -1.59
CIE LCh	60, 1.699, 290.369
Yxy	27.9836, 0.3098, 0.3242
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287664275 (0xFF909093)
YUV	144.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999
Hunter-Lab	52.8984, -2.3364, 1.6158

Details

The HunterLab color $52.8984, -2.3364, 1.6158$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $53.9294, -3.3532, 4.1635$, and the grayscale version is $52.9438, -2.8250, 2.8765$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75.2403, -3.5006, 2.7574$, and $33.5383, -1.3366, 0.6499$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47.5194, 0.4478, -5.1526$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58.4274, -4.9416, 7.9044$.

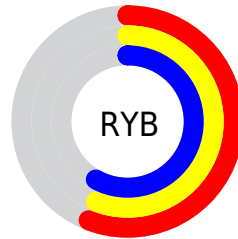
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (56%)

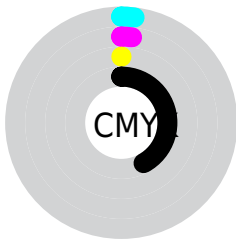
Blue (58%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (58%)

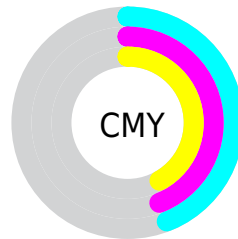


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.8984, -2.3364, 1.6158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.8984, -2.3364, 1.6158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.8984, -2.3364,
1.6158

■ 52.8984, -2.3364,
1.6158

170.9937, -8.4124,
7.4528

■ 42.7940, -1.8310,
1.1506

■ 75.1387, -3.4651,
2.6741

■ 33.4293, -1.3666,
0.7313

■ 87.1960, -4.0813,
3.2597

■ 24.8692, -0.9485,
0.3640

■ 99.8370, -4.7299,
3.8804

■ 17.1981, -0.5825,
0.0560

113.0360, -5.4095,
4.5342

■ 10.5343, -0.2768,
-0.1814

126.7702, -6.1187,
5.2196

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

141.0196, -6.8562,

5.9353

0.0000, NaN, NaN

155.7662, -7.6211,
6.6800

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.8984, -2.3364,
1.6158

■ 52.8984, -2.3364,
1.6158

■ 47.5194, 0.4478,
-5.1526

■ 58.4274, -4.9416,
7.9044

■ 42.3094, 3.4711,
-12.5513

■ 64.0859, -7.4064,
13.8214

■ 37.2997, 6.8071,
-20.7753

■ 69.8620, -9.7637,
19.4508

■ 32.5324, 10.5521,
-30.0772

■ 75.7449, -12.0376,
24.8555

■ 28.0681, 14.8196,
-40.7552

■ 81.7261, -14.2463,
30.0838

■ 23.9949, 19.7105,
-53.0776

■ 87.7984, -16.4041,
35.1728

■ 20.4418, 25.2144,
-67.0264

■ 93.9558, -18.5219,
40.1515

■ 17.5853, 30.9743,
-81.6911

■ 97.4098, -19.7165,
42.8766

■ 15.6234, 35.9905,
-94.4995

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.8995, -3.0593, 1.5506



52.8984, -2.3364, 1.6158



52.8995, -1.7437, 2.0236

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.8995, -2.3376, 1.6167



52.8995, -1.9302, 3.8942



52.8995, -4.1976, 3.1016

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.8984, -2.3364, 1.6158



53.9294, -3.3532, 4.1635

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.8995, -3.8985, 3.7213



52.8984, -2.3364, 1.6158



52.8995, -2.5912, 4.1747

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.8995, -2.3376, 1.6167



52.8995, -1.5076, 3.3406



52.8995, -3.3115, 4.1119



52.8995, -4.1305, 2.4142

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.8984, -2.3364, 1.6158



52.8995, -1.5013, 2.4304



52.8995, -3.3115, 4.1119



52.8995, -4.1366, 3.3246

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.8995, -2.3376, 1.6167



71.5373, -3.4938, 3.0485



53.7608, -3.7758, 2.6405



34.2017, -1.6801, 1.4828



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.8995, -2.3376, 1.6167



70.7910, -3.1281, 2.1630



53.0229, -1.9066, 1.7722



25.6625, -1.1576, 0.8453



13.5227, 36.6187, -95.9515



1.5009, 4.0300, -10.5755

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.0695, -1.9204, 3.1877



71.0185, -2.5697, 4.2659



53.8064, -3.7860, 4.0139



25.7367, -0.9753, 1.5312



23.1904, 39.7153, 14.9772



2.5659, 4.3948, 1.6527

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.8984, -2.3364, 1.6158 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.8984, -2.3364, 1.6158 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

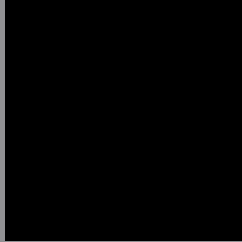
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

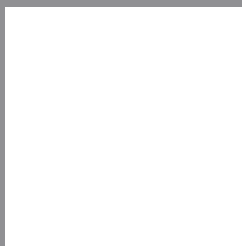
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.8984, -2.3364, 1.6158 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.8984, -2.3364, 1.6158.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.8984, -2.3364,

1.6158.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.8984, -2.3364, 1.6158

Protanopia

52.7849, -1.2620, 1.4982

Deuteranopia

52.8793, 3.4423, 1.2307



Tritanopia

52.9129, -0.3931, -1.6586

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.8984, -2.3364, 1.6158

Protanomaly

52.6984, -1.5606, 1.3887

Deuteranomaly

52.7857, 1.6980, 1.0867

Tritanomaly

52.8195, -0.9008, -0.3334

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.8984, -2.3364, 1.6158

Achromatopsia

52.8104, -2.8178, 2.8693

Achromatomaly

52.8395, -2.6586, 2.4547

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.8984, -2.3364, 1.6158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 144, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 144, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 144, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 144, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.8984, -2.3364, 1.6158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 144, 147) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 144, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 144, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 144, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 144, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 144,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.8984, -2.3364, 1.6158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 144, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
144, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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