

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.8099, 11.6945,
-39.1761)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.8099, 11.6945,
-39.1761) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(52.9044, 11.5727,
-39.2477)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	848AD7
RGB	132, 138, 215
RGB Percent	52%, 54%, 84%
CMY	0.4823, 0.4588, 0.1569
CMYK	0.39, 0.36, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	236°, 51%, 68%
HSV	236°, 39%, 84%
XYZ	30.8699, 27.9888, 68.0653
YIQ	144.9840, -28.2930, 22.6750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

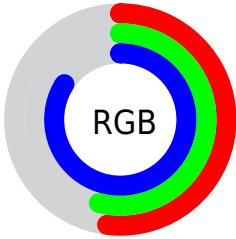
Format	Color
RYB	132, 138, 215
Decimal	8686295
CIELab	59.88, 16.63, -40.18
CIELCh	60, 43.487, 292.481
Yxy	27.9898, 0.2432, 0.2205
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286876375 (0xFF848AD7)
YUV	144.9840, 34.5179, -11.3870
Hunter-Lab	52.9044, 11.5727, -39.2477

Details

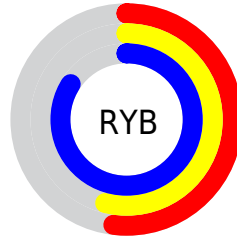
The HunterLab color $52.9044, 11.5727, -39.2477$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999FF$. A complement of this color would be $78.5590, -12.5297, 31.7119$, and the grayscale version is $53.0803, -2.8322, 2.8840$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74.2785, 7.9992, -29.6069$, and $33.3725, 11.0073, -38.3295$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46.0693, 17.1894, -54.0514$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60.1364, 6.7119, -26.2122$.

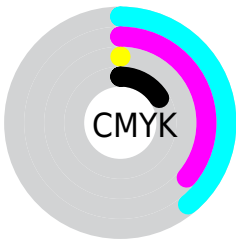
Distribution



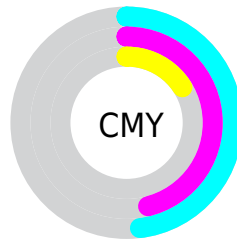
- Red (52%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.9044, 11.5727, -39.2477 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.9044, 11.5727, -39.2477 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.9044, 11.5727,
-39.2477

■ 52.9044, 11.5727,
-39.2477

171.0024, 11.5828,
-44.0661

■ 42.7995, 11.2320,
-38.5909

■ 75.1453, 12.0031,
-40.5810

■ 33.4343, 10.7924,
-38.0162

■ 87.2029, 12.1106,
-41.2112

■ 24.8738, 10.2371,
-37.6527

■ 99.8442, 12.1550,
-41.8020

■ 17.2022, 9.5438,
-37.8043

113.0435, 12.1414,
-42.3485

■ 10.5377, 8.6835,
-39.3250

126.7780, 12.0739,
-42.8486

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

141.0277, 11.9564,

-43.3014

0.0000, NaN, -NF

155.7746, 11.7918,
-43.7070

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.9044, 11.5727,
-39.2477

■ 52.9044, 11.5727,
-39.2477

■ 46.0693, 17.1894,
-54.0514

■ 60.1364, 6.7119,
-26.2122

■ 39.7320, 23.7532,
-71.0387

■ 67.6902, 2.4370,
-14.5591

■ 34.0435, 31.4017,
-90.4407

■ 75.5150, -1.3882,
-3.9694

■ 29.2154, 40.0114,
-111.7688

■ 83.5731, -4.8667,
5.8021

■ 25.5155, 48.7860,
-132.8140

■ 91.8360, -8.0764,
14.9412

■ 23.1710, 55.9386,
-149.2492

■ 98.8364, -11.7483,
22.1303

■ 22.9421, 56.6740,
-151.0185

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.9054, -7.4297, -43.2359



52.9044, 11.5727, -39.2477



52.9054, 28.6718, -22.3454

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.9054, 11.5725, -39.2463



52.9054, 20.7928, 23.3974



52.9054, -33.8479, 7.1455

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.9044, 11.5727, -39.2477



78.5590, -12.5297, 31.7119

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.9054, -28.3338, 19.7066



52.9044, 11.5727, -39.2477



52.9054, 1.9413, 26.7406

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.9054, 11.5725, -39.2463



52.9054, 34.4877, 14.3179



52.9054, -15.8319, 25.6740



52.9054, -32.0103, -11.8690

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.9044, 11.5727, -39.2477



52.9054, 35.8291, -8.4328



52.9054, -15.8319, 25.6740



52.9054, -32.8223, 12.1406

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.9054, 11.5725, -39.2463



88.2368, -0.1073, -9.2017



76.2006, -27.4408, 0.0003



40.2415, 0.2308, -5.0347

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.9054, 11.5725, -39.2463



57.6285, 19.2932, -61.4873



54.3878, 24.1760, -36.1485



34.8588, -0.5077, -2.2348



17.9054, 43.1557, -115.5410



4.9499, 8.5211, -24.5815

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.2588, 27.1871, 10.8599



64.3676, 41.2315, 15.2690



77.4731, -26.4002, 30.5691



35.2636, 1.3562, 2.6708



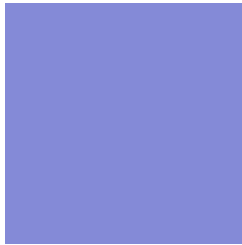
29.4423, 50.5139, 18.3034



7.2667, 12.5390, 3.9632

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.9044, 11.5727, -39.2477 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

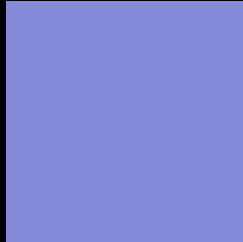
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.9044, 11.5727, -39.2477 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.9044, 11.5727, -39.2477 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.9044, 11.5727, -39.2477.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.9044, 11.5727, -39.2477.

-39.2477.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.9044, 11.5727, -39.2477

Protanopia

53.0941, 6.8143, -41.2344

Deuteranopia

52.9251, 4.4137, -38.5797



Tritanopia

52.9056, -8.9510, -5.3437

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.9044, 11.5727, -39.2477

Protanomaly

53.1009, 8.1722, -40.4332

Deuteranomaly

52.8184, 6.9528, -38.7450

Tritanomaly

52.7940, -1.8511, -16.5960

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.9044, 11.5727, -39.2477

Achromatopsia

53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911

Achromatomaly

52.7482, 1.5761, -10.2159

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.9044, 11.5727, -39.2477 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 138, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 138, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 138, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 138, 215) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.9044, 11.5727, -39.2477 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 138, 215) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 138, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 138, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 138, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 138, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 138,  
215) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.9044, 11.5727, -39.2477 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 138, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
138, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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