

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.8510, -4.7466,
3.4198)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.8510, -4.7466, 3.4198)
contains.

HunterLab(52.7346, -4.6224, 3.1970)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

HunterLab(52.7346, -4.6224,
3.1970)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C918F
RGB	140, 145, 143
RGB Percent	55%, 57%, 56%
CMY	0.4510, 0.4314, 0.4392
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.01, 0.43
HSL	156°, 2%, 56%
HSV	156°, 3%, 57%
XYZ	25.8985, 27.8094, 29.9893
YIQ	143.2770, -2.3380, -1.6820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

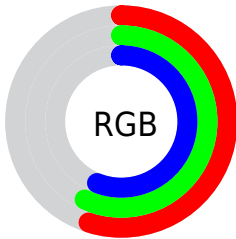
Format	Color
R_{YB}	140, 143, 145
Decimal	9212303
CIE _{Lab}	59.72, -2.21, 0.42
CIE _{LCh}	60, 2.251, 169.257
Yxy	27.8106, 0.3094, 0.3323
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287402383 (0xFF8C918F)
YUV	143.2770, -0.1366, -2.8739
Hunter-Lab	52.7346, -4.6224, 3.1970

Details

The HunterLab color $52.7346, -4.6224, 3.1970$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $51.7007, -0.9213, 2.4922$, and the grayscale version is $52.5228, -2.8025, 2.8537$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75.0649, -5.9281, 4.4284$, and $33.3892, -3.4501, 2.1246$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51.4406, -9.5649, 4.1666$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54.1617, 0.6511, 2.3486$.

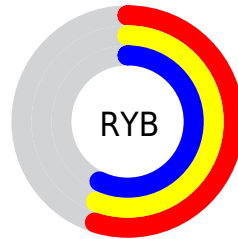
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (57%)

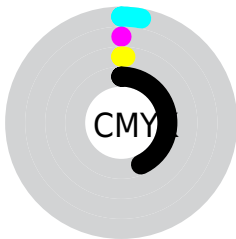
Blue (56%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (57%)

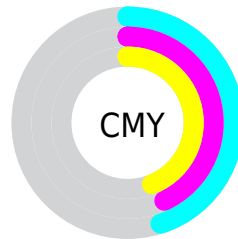


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.7346, -4.6224, 3.1970 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.7346, -4.6224, 3.1970 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.7346, -4.6224,
3.1970

■ 52.7346, -4.6224,
3.1970

170.7515,
-11.8030, 9.7795

■ 42.6414, -3.9592,
2.6258

■ 74.9546, -6.0379,
4.4482

■ 33.2887, -3.3242,
2.0924

■ 87.0025, -6.7861,
5.1228

■ 24.7419, -2.7193,
1.6005

■ 99.6345, -7.5606,
5.8284

■ 17.0856, -2.1442,
1.1540

112.8249, -8.3607,
6.5636

■ 10.4388, -1.5968,
0.7578

126.5509, -9.1856,
7.3273

0.0000, NaN, NaN

140.7924,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.0347, 8.1184

0.0000, NaN, NaN

155.5314,
-10.9074, 8.9361

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.7346, -4.6224,
3.1970

■ 52.7346, -4.6224,
3.1970

■ 51.4406, -9.5649,
4.1666

■ 54.1617, 0.6511,
2.3486

■ 50.2799, -14.1301,
5.2498

■ 55.7140, 6.2163,
1.6212

■ 49.2560, -18.2790,
6.4395

■ 57.3876, 12.0306,
1.0156

■ 48.3699, -21.9764,
7.7244

■ 59.1770, 18.0554,
0.5296

■ 47.6206, -25.1950,
9.0901

■ 61.0763, 24.2555,
0.1597

■ 47.0054, -27.9180,
10.5196

■ 63.0799, 30.5997,
-0.0989

■ 46.5189, -30.1424,
11.9932

■ 65.1818, 37.0610,
-0.2518

■ 46.1530, -31.8817,
13.4893

■ 67.2347, 43.2220,
-0.4889

■ 45.8959, -33.1694,
14.9843

■ 67.4262, 44.1369,
-3.2057

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.7357, -4.2123, 4.0073



52.7346, -4.6224, 3.1970



52.7357, -4.5534, 2.2863

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.7357, -4.6236, 3.1978



52.7357, -2.2046, 1.1804



52.7357, -1.6027, 4.1877

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.7346, -4.6224, 3.1970



51.7007, -0.9213, 2.4922

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.7357, -1.0572, 3.4482



52.7346, -4.6224, 3.1970



52.7357, -1.4064, 1.7079

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.7357, -4.6236, 3.1978



52.7357, -3.1614, 1.1105



52.7357, -0.9851, 2.5412



52.7357, -2.4711, 4.5720

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.7346, -4.6224, 3.1970



52.7357, -4.2428, 1.7437



52.7357, -0.9851, 2.5412



52.7357, -1.3752, 3.9731

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.7357, -4.6236, 3.1978



71.0183, -4.5115, 3.9884



52.8239, -4.4839, 4.6229



33.5021, -2.1062, 1.8775



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.7357, -4.6236, 3.1978



70.4556, -6.6199, 4.3567



52.6732, -4.1066, 2.2303



24.9443, -2.4674, 1.5663



42.3847, -31.3349, 14.6659



4.1967, -2.7434, 0.6768

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.7007, -0.9213, 2.4922



68.8172, -0.7595, 3.2399



51.7610, -1.4349, 3.4495



24.2927, -0.1366, 1.1222



23.3037, 41.0554, 6.1671



2.3680, 4.3387, -0.6666

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.7346, -4.6224, 3.1970 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.7346, -4.6224, 3.1970 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

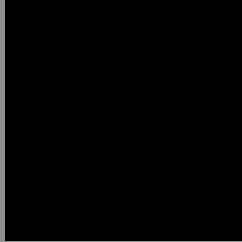
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

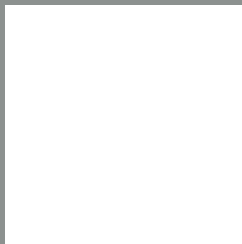
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.7346, -4.6224, 3.1970 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.7346, -4.6224, 3.1970.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.7346, -4.6224, 3.1970.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.7346, -4.6224, 3.1970

Protanopia

52.7266, -1.7546, 3.6824

Deuteranopia

52.5804, 3.6203, 2.7106



Tritanopia

52.6899, -1.0967, -2.4467

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.7346, -4.6224, 3.1970

Protanomaly

52.7530, -3.1326, 3.6890

Deuteranomaly

52.5763, 0.7495, 2.6556

Tritanomaly

52.7670, -2.5505, -0.4273

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.7346, -4.6224, 3.1970

Achromatopsia

52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475

Achromatomaly

52.6122, -3.5665, 3.0720

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.7346, -4.6224, 3.1970 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 145, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 145, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 145, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 145, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.7346, -4.6224, 3.1970 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 145, 143) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 145, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 145, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 145, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 145, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 145,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.7346, -4.6224, 3.1970 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 145, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
145, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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