

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.8773, 3.4851,
0.6696)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.8773, 3.4851, 0.6696)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(52.9094, 3.6034,
0.8028)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C8C95
RGB	156, 140, 149
RGB Percent	61%, 55%, 58%
CMY	0.3882, 0.4510, 0.4157
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.04, 0.39
HSL	326°, 7%, 58%
HSV	326°, 10%, 61%
XYZ	28.5132, 27.9940, 32.3344
YIQ	145.8100, 6.6470, 6.1910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

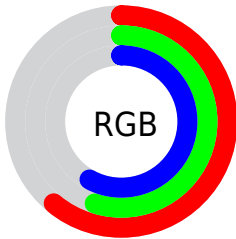
Format	Color
R _Y B	156, 140, 149
Decimal	10259605
CIE Lab	59.88, 7.63, -2.60
CIE LCh	60, 8.059, 341.185
Yxy	27.9953, 0.3209, 0.3151
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288449685 (0xFF9C8C95)
YUV	145.8100, 1.5727, 8.9366
Hunter-Lab	52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028

Details

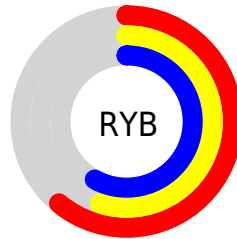
The HunterLab color $52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $56.0890, -9.1388, 5.2211$, and the grayscale version is $53.5302, -2.8562, 2.9084$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75.3288, 3.0891, 2.0012$, and $33.4626, 3.7799, 0.2117$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48.5211, 10.2386, -1.2775$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57.5384, -2.9125, 3.0729$.

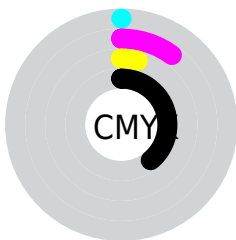
Distribution



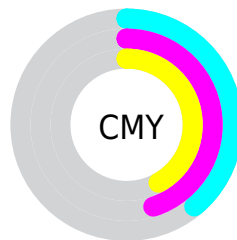
- Red (61%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.9094, 3.6034,
0.8028

■ 52.9094, 3.6034,
0.8028

171.0100, 0.2513,
6.2714

■ 42.8043, 3.7243,
0.3895

■ 75.1511, 3.1769,
1.7663

■ 33.4387, 3.7761,
0.0257

■ 87.2090, 2.8854,
2.3080

■ 24.8778, 3.7457,
-0.2813

■ 99.8506, 2.5471,
2.8867

■ 17.2057, 3.6163,
-0.5229

113.0502, 2.1652,
3.5002

■ 10.5408, 3.3615,
-0.6857

126.7850, 1.7424,
4.1469

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

141.0349, 1.2812,

4.8252

0.0000, NaN, NaN

155.7820, 0.7835,
5.5337

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.9094, 3.6034,
0.8028

■ 52.9094, 3.6034,
0.8028

■ 48.5211, 10.2386,
-1.2775

■ 57.5384, -2.9125,
3.0729

■ 44.4101, 16.9623,
-3.1117

■ 62.3722, -9.2962,
5.4873

■ 40.6261, 23.6924,
-4.6197

■ 67.3856, -15.5547,
8.0158

■ 37.2267, 30.2770,
-5.6993

■ 72.5574, -21.7000,
10.6362

■ 34.2760, 36.4659,
-6.2299

■ 77.8700, -27.7469,
13.3323

■ 31.8392, 41.9010,
-6.0898

■ 83.3094, -33.7102,
16.0921

■ 29.9693, 46.1569,
-5.1935

■ 88.8635, -39.6037,
18.9066

■ 28.6891, 48.8602,
-3.5428

■ 91.0653, -41.1237,
18.3601

■ 27.8717, 50.2435,
-1.4660

■ 91.2485, -40.0484,
15.7226

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.9106, 1.6143, -2.0936



52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028



52.9106, 3.8415, 4.0898

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.9106, 3.6020, 0.8037



52.9106, -4.1069, 8.7052



52.9106, -7.7274, -1.4469

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028



56.0890, -9.1388, 5.2211

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.9106, -9.1789, 1.6411



52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028



52.9106, -7.1245, 7.4134

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.9106, 3.6020, 0.8037



52.9106, -0.6691, 8.5129



52.9106, -8.9611, 4.8755



52.9106, -4.9490, -3.4494

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028



52.9106, 2.9707, 6.0451



52.9106, -8.9611, 4.8755



52.9106, -8.3834, -0.4934

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.9106, 3.6020, 0.8037



75.7647, -1.4803, 3.2617



52.3018, 1.9871, -3.3926



35.3121, -0.3771, 1.4176



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.9106, 3.6020, 0.8037



70.1067, 6.6158, 0.5046



52.6787, 2.3574, 4.1089



25.8950, 1.4297, 0.4962



25.3094, 45.6500, -1.5278



3.5065, 6.5427, -1.9031

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.9106, 3.6020, 0.8037



70.1067, 6.6158, 0.5046



56.3182, -7.8606, 1.9491



25.8950, 1.4297, 0.4962



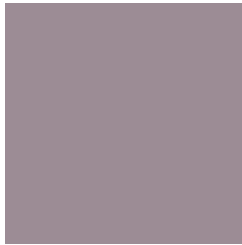
25.3094, 45.6500, -1.5278



3.5065, 6.5427, -1.9031

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

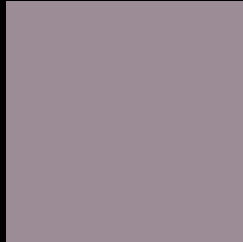
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

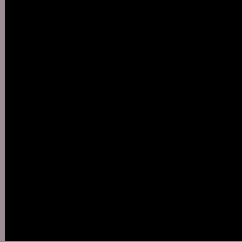
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.9094, 3.6034,

0.8028.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028

Protanopia

53.1043, -1.3830, 0.0098

Deuteranopia

52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028



Tritanopia

52.9702, 3.9292, -0.0625

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028

Protanomaly

53.1380, 0.1313, 0.5510

Deuteranomaly

52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028

Tritanomaly

52.9397, 3.7657, 0.3718

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028

Achromatopsia

53.6135, -2.8607, 2.9129

Achromatomaly

53.4202, -0.5352, 2.2710

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 140, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 140, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 140, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 140, 149) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 140, 149) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 140, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 140, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 140, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 140, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 140,  
149) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.9094, 3.6034, 0.8028 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 140, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
140, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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