

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.8834, 8.8476,
4.4042)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.8834, 8.8476, 4.4042)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(52.8833, 8.6274,
4.4853)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9888D
RGB	169, 136, 141
RGB Percent	66%, 53%, 55%
CMY	0.3373, 0.4667, 0.4471
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.17, 0.34
HSL	351°, 16%, 60%
HSV	351°, 20%, 66%
XYZ	29.9741, 27.9664, 29.0176
YIQ	146.4370, 18.0630, 8.5510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

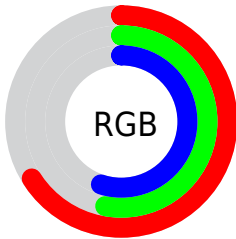
Format	Color
R_{YB}	169, 136, 141
Decimal	11110541
CIE _{Lab}	59.86, 13.36, 2.09
CIE _{LCh}	60, 13.518, 8.877
Yxy	27.9677, 0.3447, 0.3216
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289300621 (0xFFA9888D)
YUV	146.4370, -2.6804, 19.7878
Hunter-Lab	52.8833, 8.6274, 4.4853

Details

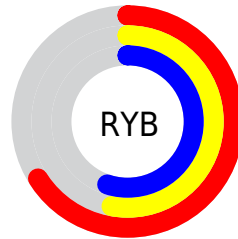
The HunterLab color $52.8833, 8.6274, 4.4853$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $CC9999$. A complement of this color would be $60.2422, -13.4413, 2.3171$, and the grayscale version is $53.7956, -2.8704, 2.9228$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75.0619, 9.1820, 5.6321$, and $33.3525, 8.0963, 3.0988$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48.1425, 15.0447, 5.3433$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57.9347, 2.3936, 3.8509$.

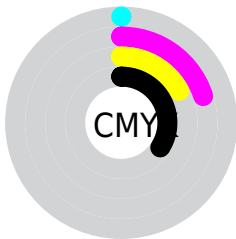
Distribution



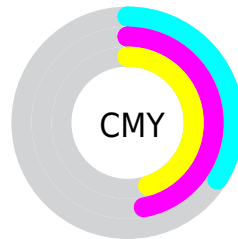
- Red (66%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.8833, 8.6274, 4.4853 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.8833, 8.6274, 4.4853 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.8833, 8.6274,
4.4853

■ 52.8833, 8.6274,
4.4853

170.9715, 7.4317,
11.7042

■ 42.7800, 8.4494,
3.8229

■ 75.1218, 8.7512,
5.9022

■ 33.4164, 8.1832,
3.1905

■ 87.1782, 8.7160,
6.6530

■ 24.8575, 7.8118,
2.5899

■ 99.8184, 8.6233,
7.4311

■ 17.1878, 7.3135,
2.0212

113.0166, 8.4775,
8.2357

■ 10.5255, 6.6573,
1.4827

126.7501, 8.2825,
9.0660

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

140.9988, 8.0414,

9.9213

0.0000, NaN, NaN

155.7446, 7.7570,
10.8009

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.8833, 8.6274,
4.4853

■ 52.8833, 8.6274,
4.4853

■ 48.1425, 15.0447,
5.3433

■ 57.9347, 2.3936,
3.8509

■ 43.7664, 21.6030,
6.4539

■ 63.2467, -3.6438,
3.4049

■ 39.8265, 28.1820,
7.8397

■ 68.7838, -9.4987,
3.1185

■ 36.4044, 34.5537,
9.4976

■ 74.5165, -15.1917,
2.9662

■ 33.5863, 40.3516,
11.3775

■ 80.4213, -20.7457,
2.9267

■ 31.4474, 45.0960,
13.3630

■ 86.4792, -26.1828,
2.9825

■ 30.0259, 48.3234,
15.2745

■ 92.6748, -31.5230,
3.1195

■ 29.2033, 50.1176,
16.8554

■ 93.3676, -29.2380,
-3.0567

■ 29.1682, 50.2009,
16.9138

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.8845, 7.9614, -1.0802



52.8833, 8.6274, 4.4853



52.8845, 6.1206, 9.1012

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.8845, 8.6257, 4.4862



52.8845, -9.6296, 10.4746



52.8845, -6.7756, -7.9787

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.8833, 8.6274, 4.4853



60.2422, -13.4413, 2.3171

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.8845, -11.2122, -4.2060



52.8833, 8.6274, 4.4853



52.8845, -12.8100, 6.5533

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.8845, 8.6257, 4.4862



52.8845, -4.5308, 12.3062



52.8845, -13.3766, 1.2190



52.8845, -1.0965, -8.6851

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.8833, 8.6274, 4.4853



52.8845, 3.0512, 11.1627



52.8845, -13.3766, 1.2190



52.8845, -8.4546, -7.0091

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.8845, 8.6257, 4.4862



79.9239, 0.4136, 4.9232



53.2106, 11.4554, -8.8364



37.1111, 0.4260, 2.3168



92.0917, -4.9138, 5.0035



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.8845, 8.6257, 4.4862



68.2534, 14.8547, 6.4119



55.7505, 2.4622, 9.6232



27.4957, 1.0634, 1.8176



25.1914, 43.3771, 14.4480



3.9965, 7.0136, 1.2694

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.8845, 8.6257, 4.4862



68.2534, 14.8547, 6.4119



57.0557, -7.4225, -3.9788



27.4957, 1.0634, 1.8176



25.1914, 43.3771, 14.4480



3.9965, 7.0136, 1.2694

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.8833, 8.6274, 4.4853 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

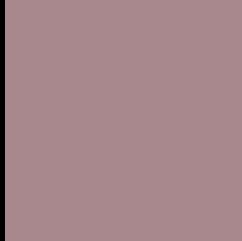
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.8833, 8.6274, 4.4853 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.8833, 8.6274, 4.4853 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.8833, 8.6274, 4.4853.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.8833, 8.6274,

4.4853.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.8833, 8.6274, 4.4853

Protanopia

53.0979, -1.7627, 2.7758

Deuteranopia

53.0313, 3.4910, 4.9997



Tritanopia

52.8671, 10.2256, 2.2575

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.8833, 8.6274, 4.4853

Protanomaly

52.9452, 2.0033, 3.1121

Deuteranomaly

53.0521, 4.9700, 5.0492

Tritanomaly

52.8087, 9.9199, 3.0903

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.8833, 8.6274, 4.4853

Achromatopsia

53.6135, -2.8607, 2.9129

Achromatomaly

53.1316, 1.2005, 3.3166

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.8833, 8.6274, 4.4853 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 136, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 136, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 136, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 136, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.8833, 8.6274, 4.4853 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 136, 141) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 136, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 136, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 136, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 136, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 136,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.8833, 8.6274, 4.4853 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 136, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
136, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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