

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.9163, 1.7927,
-2.4662)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.9163, 1.7927, -2.4662)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(53.0432, 1.6287,
-2.4430)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	958E9C
RGB	149, 142, 156
RGB Percent	58%, 56%, 61%
CMY	0.4157, 0.4431, 0.3882
CMYK	0.04, 0.09, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	270°, 7%, 58%
HSV	270°, 9%, 61%
XYZ	28.0681, 28.1358, 35.4038
YIQ	145.6890, -0.3220, 5.8380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

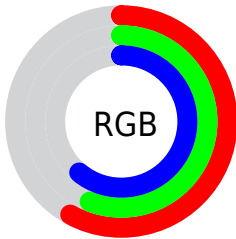
Format	Color
R_{YB}	149, 142, 156
Decimal	9801372
CIE Lab	60.01, 5.33, -6.47
CIE LCh	60, 8.383, 309.445
Yxy	28.1370, 0.3064, 0.3071
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287991452 (0xFF958E9C)
YUV	145.6890, 5.0833, 2.9037
Hunter-Lab	53.0432, 1.6287, -2.4430

Details

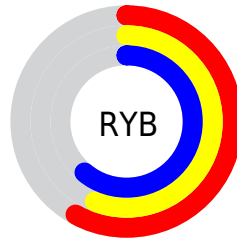
The HunterLab color $53.0432, 1.6287, -2.4430$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $56.6746, -7.3195, 8.0209$, and the grayscale version is $53.4698, -2.8530, 2.9051$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75.3853, 0.6776, -1.4907$, and $33.5721, 1.9357, -2.8816$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48.0683, 6.9785, -9.0539$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58.1956, -3.6099, 3.7523$.

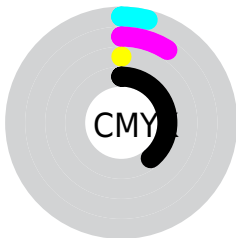
Distribution



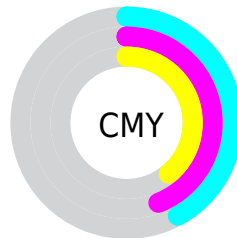
- Red (58%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.0432, 1.6287, -2.4430 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.0432, 1.6287, -2.4430 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.0432, 1.6287,
-2.4430

■ 53.0432, 1.6287,
-2.4430

171.2078, -2.6099,
1.6489

■ 42.9290, 1.8742,
-2.6664

■ 75.3015, 0.9744,
-1.8303

■ 33.5535, 2.0591,
-2.8283

■ 87.3670, 0.5774,
-1.4521

■ 24.9818, 2.1729,
-2.9193

■ 100.0159, 0.1381,
-1.0302

■ 17.2978, 2.2019,
-2.9282

113.2224, -0.3408,
-0.5674

■ 10.6190, 2.1242,
-2.8397

126.9639, -0.8569,
-0.0662

■ 0.3693, 62.8285,
-72.6473

141.2203, -1.4082,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.4714

0.0000, NaN, NaN

155.9737, -1.9931,
1.0436

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.0432, 1.6287,
-2.4430

■ 53.0432, 1.6287,
-2.4430

■ 48.0683, 6.9785,
-9.0539

■ 58.1956, -3.6099,
3.7523

■ 43.2959, 12.4587,
-16.1750

■ 63.5000, -8.7527,
9.6076

■ 38.7640, 18.0712,
-23.9049

■ 68.9403, -13.8193,
15.1887

■ 34.5210, 23.7893,
-32.3323

■ 74.5025, -18.8264,
20.5480

■ 30.6303, 29.5223,
-41.4912

■ 80.1754, -23.7882,
25.7278

■ 27.1725, 35.0602,
-51.2723

■ 85.9497, -28.7168,
30.7622

■ 24.2438, 40.0037,
-61.2811

■ 91.8175, -33.6222,
35.6786

■ 21.9412, 43.7446,
-70.7068

■ 93.7177, -33.0746,
37.2709

■ 20.2197, 46.0555,
-78.9630

■ 94.3469, -30.7061,
37.8328

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.0443, -1.6948, -4.0125



53.0432, 1.6287, -2.4430



53.0443, 3.7912, 0.5279

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.0443, 1.6275, -2.4421



53.0443, -0.3859, 8.6792



53.0443, -9.4769, 1.7976

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.0432, 1.6287, -2.4430



56.6746, -7.3195, 8.0209

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.0443, -9.1476, 5.1431



53.0432, 1.6287, -2.4430



53.0443, -3.9620, 8.9692

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.0443, 1.6275, -2.4421



53.0443, 2.6075, 6.8950



53.0443, -7.1511, 7.7154



53.0443, -8.0630, -1.4597

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.0432, 1.6287, -2.4430



53.0443, 4.2527, 2.8237



53.0443, -7.1511, 7.7154



53.0443, -9.5656, 2.9509

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.0443, 1.6275, -2.4421



75.5659, -1.9973, 1.7060



54.5168, -3.9181, -0.6822



35.1948, -0.6812, 0.4986



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.0443, 1.6275, -2.4421



69.9599, 3.7982, -5.2386



53.6583, 3.6996, -1.6252



25.6709, 0.8627, -1.2732



18.2523, 42.0894, -72.1722



2.9105, 6.1989, -7.5346

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.4650, 2.6191, 1.4576



70.6780, 5.4722, 1.4313



56.1267, -9.2770, 7.3876



25.8818, 1.3593, 0.6828



25.0640, 44.7590, 1.9621



3.4765, 6.4360, -1.4921

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.0432, 1.6287, -2.4430 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

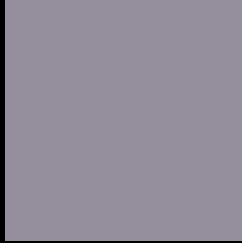
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.0432, 1.6287, -2.4430 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

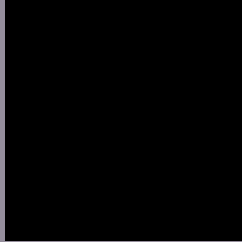
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 53.0432, 1.6287, -2.4430 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.0432, 1.6287, -2.4430.



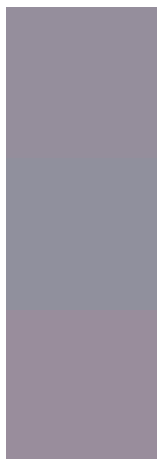
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.0432, 1.6287, -2.4430.

-2.4430.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.0432, 1.6287, -2.4430

Protanopia

53.2073, -0.6521, -2.7703

Deuteranopia

53.1247, 3.3382, -2.3090



Tritanopia

52.9799, 1.2866, -1.5446

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.0432, 1.6287, -2.4430

Protanomaly

53.0945, 0.4197, -2.8965

Deuteranomaly

53.0334, 3.0311, -2.4310

Tritanomaly

53.0114, 1.4571, -1.9922

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.0432, 1.6287, -2.4430

Achromatopsia

53.6135, -2.8607, 2.9129

Achromatomaly

53.5312, -1.4369, 1.0022

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.0432, 1.6287, -2.4430 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 142, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 142, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 142, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 142, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.0432, 1.6287, -2.4430 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 142, 156) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 142, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 142, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 142, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 142, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 142,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.0432, 1.6287, -2.4430 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 142, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
142, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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