

Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.9347, -14.0570,
32.8126)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(52.9347, -14.0570,
32.8126) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(52.8951,
-13.8534, 32.3512)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	969500
RGB	150, 149, 0
RGB Percent	59%, 58%, 0%
CMY	0.4118, 0.4157, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 1.00, 0.41
HSL	60°, 100%, 29%
HSV	60°, 100%, 59%
XYZ	23.3251, 27.9789, 4.1711
YIQ	132.3130, 48.4250, -46.1270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

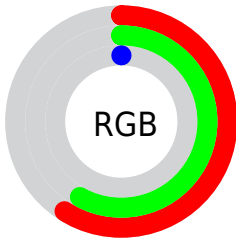
Format	Color
R _Y B	1, 150, 0
Decimal	9868544
CIE Lab	59.87, -13.99, 63.39
CIE LCh	60, 64.913, 102.444
Yxy	27.9802, 0.4205, 0.5044
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288058624 (0xFF969500)
YUV	132.3130, -65.2303, 15.5115
Hunter-Lab	52.8951, -13.8534, 32.3512

Details

The HunterLab color **52.8951, -13.8534, 32.3512** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **14.9128, 39.9273, -104.8284**, and the grayscale version is **48.3963, -2.5823, 2.6295**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.2261, -16.4723, 41.2335**, and **33.6995, -10.3433, 20.5844** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.8963, -13.8554, 32.3519**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.9587, -13.7133, 31.8864**.

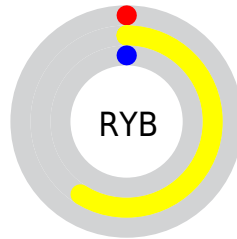
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (58%)

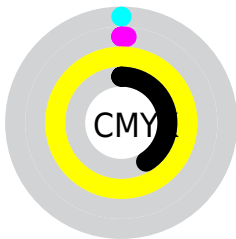
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (0%)

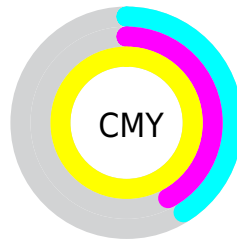


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.8951, -13.8534, 32.3512 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.8951, -13.8534, 32.3512 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.8951, -13.8534,
32.3512

■ 52.8951, -13.8534,
32.3512

170.9890,
-25.8285, 67.6404

■ 42.7911, -12.4954,
27.5706

■ 75.1351, -16.5245,
41.2284

■ 33.4265, -11.1044,
22.7345

■ 87.1922, -17.8474,
45.3803

■ 24.8667, -9.6636,
17.4067

■ 99.8331, -19.1683,
49.3754

■ 17.1959, -8.1418,
12.0372

■ 113.0319,
-20.4904, 53.2351

■ 10.5325, -6.6163,
7.3727

■ 126.7659,
-21.8159, 56.9775

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 141.0152,

-23.1465, 60.6176

0.0000, NaN, NaN

155.7616,
-24.4837, 64.1683

0.0000, NaN, NaN

52.8951, -13.8534,
32.3512

52.8951, -13.8534,
32.3512

52.8963, -13.8554,
32.3519

52.9587, -13.7133,
31.8864

53.0444, -13.4390,
31.0766

53.1642, -12.9711,
29.7625

53.3224, -12.2874,
27.8867

53.5221, -11.3709,
25.4048

■ 53.7662, -10.2083,
22.2823

■ 54.0569, -8.7897,
18.4940

■ 54.3961, -7.1085,
14.0223

■ 54.7853, -5.1606,
8.8573

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.8963, 14.2788, 32.0328



52.8951, -13.8534, 32.3512



52.8963, -34.2750, 28.3329

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.8963, -13.8553, 32.3515



52.8963, -36.7665, -44.2005



52.8963, 58.3765, -14.8646

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.8951, -13.8534, 32.3512



14.9128, 39.9273, -104.8284

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.8963, 38.2868, -50.0487



52.8951, -13.8534, 32.3512



52.8963, -17.9990, -72.1369

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.8963, -13.8553, 32.3515



52.8963, -45.5486, -9.2883



52.8963, 9.1899, -74.7034



52.8963, 60.1280, 12.7041

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.8951, -13.8534, 32.3512



52.8963, -42.3549, 21.4112



52.8963, 9.1899, -74.7034



52.8963, 53.3791, -26.4503

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.8963, -13.8553, 32.3515



71.7873, -11.7994, 24.8953



25.4750, 43.6457, 16.2938



33.7226, -5.9070, 12.6595



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.8963, -13.8553, 32.3515



70.2626, -18.3949, 42.9734



48.3854, -32.9976, 29.2367



25.9579, -2.3644, 3.9841



48.1750, -12.6212, 29.4643



5.3458, -1.4197, 3.2692

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.9128, 39.9273, -104.8284



19.7838, 53.1597, -139.4846



18.9723, 44.0932, -77.7083



23.7461, -0.1940, -1.5251



13.5873, 36.3343, -95.4182



1.5434, 3.8468, -10.2332

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.8951, -13.8534, 32.3512 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.8951, -13.8534, 32.3512 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

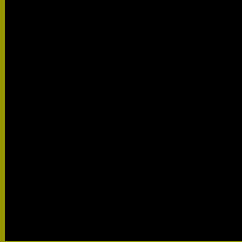
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 52.8951, -13.8534, 32.3512 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.8951, -13.8534, 32.3512.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.8951, -13.8534, 32.3512.

-13.8534, 32.3512.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.8951, -13.8534, 32.3512

Deuteranopia

52.8151, 3.4963, 31.7535

Tritanopia

52.7451, 5.8734, 0.6421

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.8951, -13.8534, 32.3512

Deuteranomaly

52.5619, -3.0703, 31.8660

Tritanomaly

52.1921, -4.2996, 19.7864

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.8951, -13.8534, 32.3512

Achromatopsia

48.0354, -2.5630, 2.6099

Achromatomaly

49.3011, -9.0271, 20.1342

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.8951, -13.8534, 32.3512 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 149, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 149, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 149, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 149, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.8951, -13.8534, 32.3512 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 149, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 149, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 149, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 149, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 149, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 149,  
0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.8951, -13.8534, 32.3512 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 149, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
149, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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