

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.9694, 10.2347,  
-71.1986)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(52.9694, 10.2347,  
-71.1986) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(52.9694, 10.2347,  
-71.1986)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4E8EFD
RGB	78, 142, 253
RGB Percent	31%, 56%, 99%
CMY	0.6941, 0.4431, 0.0078
CMYK	0.69, 0.44, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	218°, 98%, 65%
HSV	218°, 69%, 99%
XYZ	30.5445, 28.0576, 96.7343
YIQ	135.5180, -73.7750, 20.9530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

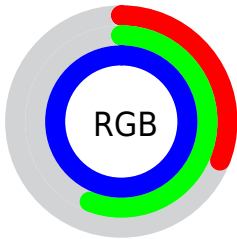
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	78, 125, 253
Decimal	5148413
CIE Lab	59.94, 15.15, -61.33
CIE LCh	60, 63.177, 283.875
Yxy	28.0584, 0.1966, 0.1806
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283338493 (0xFF4E8EFD)
YUV	135.5180, 57.9186, -50.4433
Hunter-Lab	52.9694, 10.2347, -71.1986

# Details

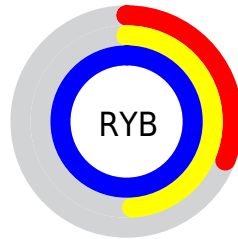
The HunterLab color **52.9694, 10.2347, -71.1986** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as light washed azure. A complement of this color would be **76.0480, 7.9449, 41.3784**, and the grayscale version is **49.2277, -2.6267, 2.6746**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.2354, -5.1638, -33.2323**, and **34.3718, 11.9214, -68.6968** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.6976, 16.2159, -85.8397**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.7065, 5.4900, -57.5820**.

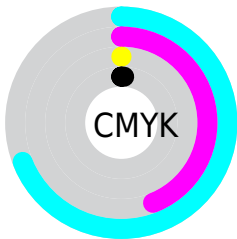
# Distribution



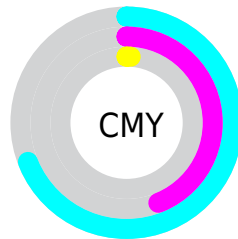
- Red (31%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.9694, 10.2347, -71.1986 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.9694, 10.2347, -71.1986 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 52.9694, 10.2347,  
-71.1986

■ 52.9694, 10.2347,  
-71.1986

171.0982, 9.7008,  
-78.0389

■ 42.8599, 9.9695,  
-70.9477

■ 75.2182, 10.5284,  
-72.4218

■ 33.4899, 9.6083,  
-71.2086

■ 87.2795, 10.5713,  
-73.1998

■ 24.9242, 9.1359,  
-72.4317

■ 99.9244, 10.5536,  
-74.0195

■ 17.2467, 8.5303,  
-75.6372

■ 113.1270, 10.4801,  
-74.8528

■ 10.5756, 7.7612,  
-83.6306

126.8648, 10.3549,  
-75.6816

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

141.1176, 10.1814,

-76.4938

0.0000, NaN, -NF

155.8675, 9.9625,  
-77.2813

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 52.9694, 10.2347,  
-71.1986

■ 52.9694, 10.2347,  
-71.1986

■ 47.6976, 16.2159,  
-85.8397

■ 58.7065, 5.4900,  
-57.5820

■ 42.9672, 23.5074,  
-101.3444

■ 64.8372, 1.8301,  
-44.9941

■ 38.8398, 31.9708,  
-117.3661

■ 71.3047, -0.9065,  
-33.3490

■ 38.5176, 32.7025,  
-118.7388

■ 78.0624, -2.8699,  
-22.5302

■ 85.0727, -4.1889,  
-12.4174

■ 92.3054, -4.9701,  
-2.8996

99.7254, -5.3374,  
6.1074

99.9359, -5.6869,  
6.3475

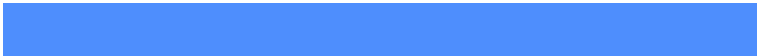
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.9702, -16.5200, -70.1163



52.9694, 10.2347, -71.1986



52.9702, 38.2754, -46.6481

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.9702, 10.2358, -71.1972



52.9702, 40.1409, 26.9967



52.9702, -44.1217, 14.8708

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.9694, 10.2347, -71.1986



76.0480, 7.9449, 41.3784

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.9702, -34.2850, 27.5932



52.9694, 10.2347, -71.1986



52.9702, 12.4110, 31.7994

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.9702, 10.2358, -71.1972



52.9702, 57.7441, 13.4332



52.9702, -14.7390, 31.9428

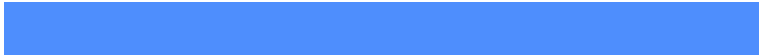


52.9702, -44.4716, -10.4136



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.9694, 10.2347, -71.1986



52.9702, 52.4533, -23.8714



52.9702, -14.7390, 31.9428



52.9702, -41.9201, 20.3764

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.9702, 10.2358, -71.1972



84.5161, -4.0250, -14.3615



86.9128, -54.6740, 19.8181



38.1916, -1.7058, -7.9332

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.9702, 10.2358, -71.1972



46.2106, 19.0512, -92.5771



39.1521, 49.3846, -115.7374



42.9713, -2.3112, -1.5018



28.5393, 22.7194, -84.7163



9.9628, 4.6193, -22.4244



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.1848, 68.4148, 5.4406



49.3838, 78.2293, 10.1798



93.5786, -32.0924, 52.5328



42.5404, 2.2737, 1.7472



33.9856, 59.5000, 11.8933



10.6993, 18.9128, 2.3406



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.9694, 10.2347, -71.1986 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

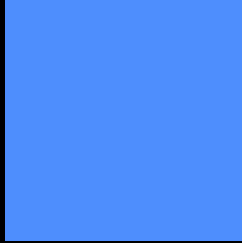
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.9694, 10.2347, -71.1986 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

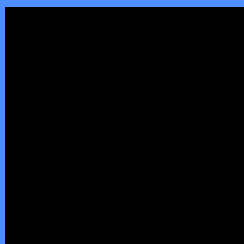
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

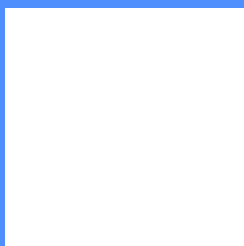
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 52.9694, 10.2347, -71.1986 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.9694, 10.2347, -71.1986.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.9694, 10.2347, -71.1986.

-71.1986.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.9694, 10.2347, -71.1986

### Protanopia

52.9607, 12.8295, -69.3153

### Deuteranopia

53.1640, 4.8852, -69.8624



## Tritanopia

52.7018, -25.0152, -11.8721

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.9694, 10.2347, -71.1986

## Protanomaly

53.0592, 11.8397, -70.0084

## Deuteranomaly

53.1411, 6.2932, -69.8963

## Tritanomaly

52.1981, -14.7025, -30.8592

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.9694, 10.2347, -71.1986

## Achromatopsia

49.6187, -2.6475, 2.6959

## Achromatomaly

50.0764, -1.0315, -19.6558

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.9694, 10.2347, -71.1986 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(78, 142, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(78, 142, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 142, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(78, 142, 253) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.9694, 10.2347, -71.1986 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(78, 142, 253) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(78, 142, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(78, 142, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(78, 142, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 142, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 142,  
253) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.9694, 10.2347, -71.1986 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(78, 142, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(78, 142,  
253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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