

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.9696, 29.9930,  
9.8798)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(52.9696, 29.9930,  
9.8798) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(53.0929, 30.0427,  
10.0485)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D07781
RGB	208, 119, 129
RGB Percent	82%, 47%, 51%
CMY	0.1843, 0.5333, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.38, 0.18
HSL	353°, 49%, 64%
HSV	353°, 43%, 82%
XYZ	36.5717, 28.1886, 24.2823
YIQ	146.7510, 49.8340, 21.9780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

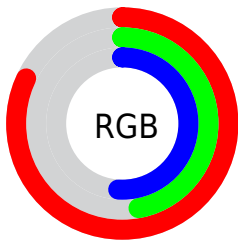
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	208, 119, 129
Decimal	13662081
CIE Lab	60.06, 35.83, 9.85
CIE LCh	60, 37.156, 15.376
Yxy	28.1900, 0.4107, 0.3166
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291852161 (0xFFD07781)
YUV	146.7510, -8.7512, 53.7154
Hunter-Lab	53.0929, 30.0427, 10.0485

# Details

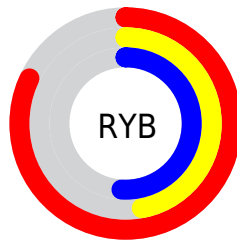
The HunterLab color **53.0929, 30.0427, 10.0485** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **72.8777, -28.6865, 0.9371**, and the grayscale version is **53.9367, -2.8779, 2.9305**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.8407, 27.0059, 10.4380**, and **33.6047, 27.6545, 7.8009** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.2922, 38.3638, 12.1290**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.5069, 21.6792, 8.2638**.

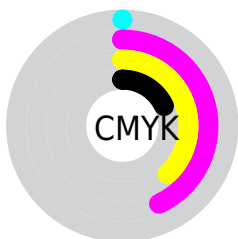
# Distribution



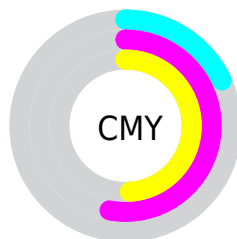
- Red (82%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (49%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.0929, 30.0427, 10.0485 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.0929, 30.0427, 10.0485 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 53.0929, 30.0427,  
10.0485


 53.0929, 30.0427,  
10.0485


171.2815, 36.7069,  
20.3499


 42.9755, 28.8339,  
8.9340


 75.3575, 32.1167,  
12.2775

 33.5964, 27.5031,  
7.8080


 87.4259, 33.0066,  
13.3986

 25.0206, 26.0406,  
6.6587


 100.0776, 33.8084,  
14.5282

 17.3321, 24.4547,  
5.4643

113.2867, 34.5290,  
15.6680

 10.6481, 22.8163,  
4.5370

127.0307, 35.1742,  
16.8192

 0.8148, 191.6780,  
0.5704

141.2895, 35.7493,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

17.9828

0.0000, NaN, NaN

156.0452, 36.2589,  
19.1595

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.0929, 30.0427,  
10.0485

■ 53.0929, 30.0427,  
10.0485

■ 48.2922, 38.3638,  
12.1290

■ 58.5069, 21.6792,  
8.2638

■ 44.2138, 46.2842,  
14.4545

■ 64.4303, 13.4816,  
6.7710

■ 40.9713, 53.2463,  
16.9030

■ 70.7815, 5.5332,  
5.5458

■ 38.6486, 58.5918,  
19.2680

■ 77.4936, -2.1454,  
4.5543

■ 37.2603, 61.8048,  
21.2981

■ 84.5139, -9.5674,  
3.7622

■ 36.7059, 63.0324,  
22.3813

■ 91.8003, -16.7604,  
3.1385

■ 95.9947, -19.5628,  
0.3757

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.0942, 30.1680, -5.0044



53.0929, 30.0427, 10.0485



53.0942, 20.4365, 19.7258

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.0942, 30.0398, 10.0495



53.0942, -22.9232, 19.5528



53.0942, -10.3492, -33.7361

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.0929, 30.0427, 10.0485



72.8777, -28.6865, 0.9371

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.0942, -22.6826, -22.3091



53.0929, 30.0427, 10.0485



53.0942, -29.3398, 9.7321

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.0942, 30.0398, 10.0495



53.0942, -10.7152, 24.0064



53.0942, -29.2573, -5.4302



53.0942, 5.5317, -33.5755



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.0929, 30.0427, 10.0485



53.0942, 10.5374, 23.1393



53.0942, -29.2573, -5.4302



53.0942, -15.0038, -31.0030

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.0942, 30.0398, 10.0495



88.8203, 7.3289, 7.0341



54.5004, 39.4666, -30.6450



40.2484, 4.4124, 3.4023

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.0942, 30.0398, 10.0495



61.4776, 47.0783, 14.9436



61.2893, 11.4348, 21.0811



34.3941, 1.3721, 2.4436



28.9905, 49.8081, 17.4847



6.9091, 11.9774, 3.3379



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.0942, 30.0398, 10.0495



61.4776, 47.0783, 14.9436



62.2128, -11.0112, -18.7285



34.3941, 1.3721, 2.4436



28.9905, 49.8081, 17.4847



6.9091, 11.9774, 3.3379



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.0929, 30.0427, 10.0485 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

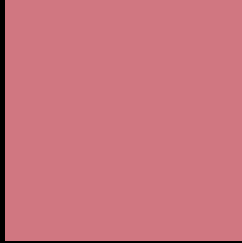
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.0929, 30.0427, 10.0485 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

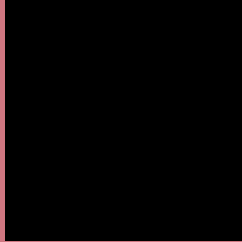
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 53.0929, 30.0427, 10.0485 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.0929, 30.0427, 10.0485.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.0929, 30.0427,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.0929, 30.0427, 10.0485

### Protanopia

53.4134, -2.2537, 4.0279

### Deuteranopia

53.2389, 3.4117, 11.2581



## Tritanopia

53.0679, 29.9216, 10.4075

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.0929, 30.0427, 10.0485

## Protanomaly

52.9050, 8.5315, 5.8025

## Deuteranomaly

52.7567, 12.8108, 10.5496

## Tritanomaly

53.0679, 29.9216, 10.4075

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.0929, 30.0427, 10.0485

## Achromatopsia

54.0158, -2.8821, 2.9348

## Achromatomaly

53.1223, 7.9804, 5.1818

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.0929, 30.0427, 10.0485 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 119, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 119, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 119, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 119, 129) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.0929, 30.0427, 10.0485 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 119, 129) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 119, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 119, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 119, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 119, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 119,  
129) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.0929, 30.0427, 10.0485 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 119, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
119, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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