

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.9713, 25.2744,  
-38.4776)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(52.9713, 25.2744,  
-38.4776) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(52.9905, 25.0339,  
-38.0905)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	A380D6
RGB	163, 128, 214
RGB Percent	64%, 50%, 84%
CMY	0.3608, 0.4980, 0.1608
CMYK	0.24, 0.40, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	264°, 51%, 67%
HSV	264°, 40%, 84%
XYZ	34.9610, 28.0799, 67.1956
YIQ	148.2690, -6.7460, 34.1660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

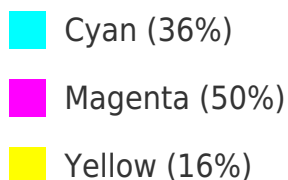
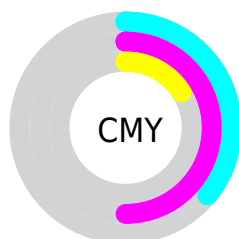
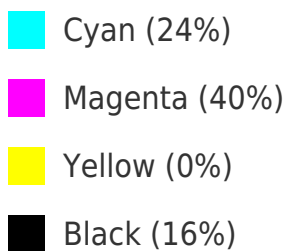
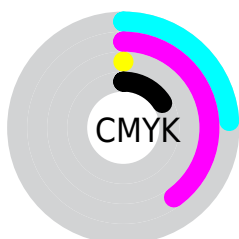
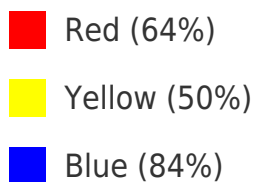
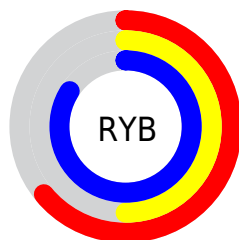
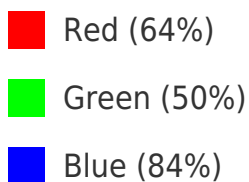
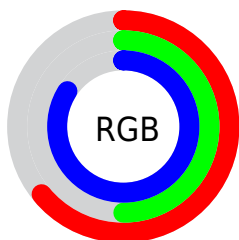
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">163, 128, 214</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10715350</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">59.96, 30.83, -39.31</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">60, 49.958, 308.108</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">28.0810, 0.2684, 0.2156</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288905430</a> (0xFFA380D6)
YUV	<a href="#">148.2690, 32.4054, 12.9191</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">52.9905, 25.0339, -38.0905</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **52.9905, 25.0339, -38.0905** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. A complement of this color would be **76.9649, -26.7652, 31.2238**, and the grayscale version is **54.4036, -2.9028, 2.9558**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.3827, 22.9040, -29.1761**, and **33.4712, 22.9613, -37.0759** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.6921, 32.9351, -51.4356**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.7262, 17.3686, -26.0471**.

# Distribution




# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 52.9905, 25.0339, -38.0905 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 52.9905, 25.0339, -38.0905 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 52.9905, 25.0339,  
-38.0905


 52.9905, 25.0339,  
-38.0905

171.1298, 30.0404,  
-42.7566


 42.8798, 24.0351,  
-37.4346


 75.2421, 26.7070,  
-39.4031

 33.5082, 22.9139,  
-36.8492


 87.3047, 27.4030,  
-40.0179

 24.9408, 21.6570,  
-36.4538

 99.9507, 28.0161,  
-40.5914

 17.2614, 20.2587,  
-36.5312

113.1545, 28.5528,  
-41.1194

 10.5881, 18.7482,  
-37.8753

126.8933, 29.0190,  
-41.6000

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

141.1472, 29.4195,

-42.0328


0.0000, NaN, -NF


155.8981, 29.7588,  
-42.4181


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 52.9905, 25.0339,  
-38.0905


 52.9905, 25.0339,  
-38.0905


 46.6921, 32.9351,  
-51.4356


 59.7262, 17.3686,  
-26.0471


 40.9330, 40.9665,  
-66.2096

 66.8183, 9.9532,  
-15.1037


 35.8531, 48.8153,  
-82.2589

 74.2102, 2.7606,  
-5.0517

 31.6232, 55.8168,  
-98.8152

 81.8587, -4.2469,  
4.2877

 28.4169, 60.8980,  
-114.1599

 89.7309, -11.1069,  
13.0609

■ 26.2409, 63.4397,  
-126.4632

■ 97.3403, -17.1452,  
20.9302

■ 98.5089, -12.9628,  
22.1833

■ 98.8105, -11.8921,  
22.5047

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.9915, 3.0994, -52.3495



52.9905, 25.0339, -38.0905



52.9915, 41.0158, -13.8866

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.9915, 25.0331, -38.0890



52.9915, 13.4035, 27.8690



52.9915, -37.7274, -2.9390

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.9905, 25.0339, -38.0905



76.9649, -26.7652, 31.2238

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.9915, -35.8644, 15.5035



52.9905, 25.0339, -38.0905



52.9915, -8.5102, 28.8473

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.9915, 25.0331, -38.0890



52.9915, 33.5938, 21.8029



52.9915, -25.9109, 25.3673



52.9915, -31.4794, -27.4085



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.9905, 25.0339, -38.0905



52.9915, 44.8908, 1.5754



52.9915, -25.9109, 25.3673



52.9915, -38.0072, 4.1610

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.9915, 25.0331, -38.0890



88.7276, 5.0440, -8.4574



64.7506, -10.5394, -18.5391



40.4943, 2.8653, -4.6466

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.9915, 25.0331, -38.0890



58.2077, 38.5022, -59.8255



57.7325, 38.5489, -29.0857



35.0042, 1.0387, -2.0197



20.5410, 49.4630, -97.4686



5.4971, 12.6337, -21.4070



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.4370, 34.9463, -8.0201



65.0711, 52.4011, -11.7194



74.1195, -37.7256, 28.6746



35.4163, 2.1771, 0.4935



30.9627, 56.0792, -3.6713

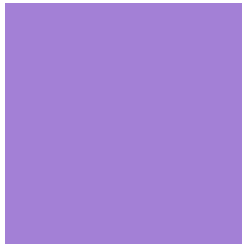


7.7102, 14.1543, -2.3852



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.9905, 25.0339, -38.0905 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

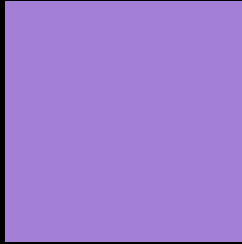
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 52.9905, 25.0339, -38.0905 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

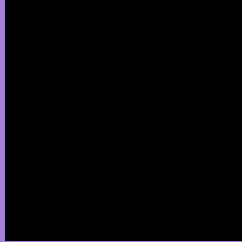
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 52.9905, 25.0339, -38.0905 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.9905, 25.0339, -38.0905.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 52.9905, 25.0339, -38.0905.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.9905, 25.0339, -38.0905

### Protanopia

53.3052, 8.3135, -47.0379

### Deuteranopia

53.0377, 4.5032, -36.1326



## Tritanopia

52.9076, 2.3549, -0.6466

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
52.9905, 25.0339, -38.0905

**Protanomaly**  
52.9819, 13.9002, -44.4448

**Deuteranomaly**  
52.9139, 11.3141, -36.9897

**Tritanomaly**  
52.6986, 10.2479, -12.9783

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
52.9905, 25.0339, -38.0905

**Achromatopsia**  
54.4186, -2.9036, 2.9567

**Achromatomaly**  
53.6662, 6.2273, -9.9418

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 52.9905, 25.0339, -38.0905 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 128, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 128, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 128, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 128, 214) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 52.9905, 25.0339, -38.0905 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 128, 214) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 128, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 128, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 128, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 128, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 128,  
214) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 52.9905, 25.0339, -38.0905 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 128, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
128, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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