

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(52.9922, -46.3794,  
20.4471)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(52.9922, -46.3794,  
20.4471) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(54.3343,  
-41.5146, 21.7050)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00AA5C
RGB	0, 170, 92
RGB Percent	0%, 67%, 36%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3333, 0.6392
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.46, 0.33
HSL	152°, 100%, 33%
HSV	152°, 100%, 67%
XYZ	16.3065, 29.5222, 14.9642
YIQ	110.2780, -76.2820, -60.2980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

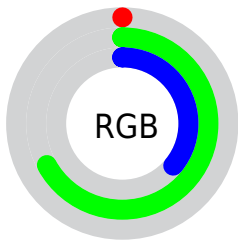
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 110, 170
Decimal	43612
CIELab	61.24, -55.10, 29.96
CIELCh	61, 62.720, 151.465
Yxy	29.5234, 0.2682, 0.4856
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278233692 (0xFF00AA5C)
YUV	110.2780, -9.0111, -96.7138
Hunter-Lab	54.3343, -41.5146, 21.7050

# Details

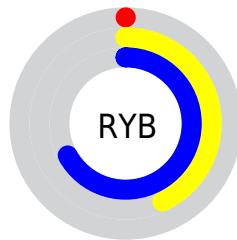
The HunterLab color **54.3343, -41.5146, 21.7050** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **30.1608, 53.4739, 5.3487**, and the grayscale version is **39.6498, -2.1156, 2.1542**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.5841, -48.7906, 26.2182**, and **35.5986, -28.7022, 17.4645** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.3353, -41.5158, 21.7063**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.5766, -40.2442, 19.8818**.

# Distribution



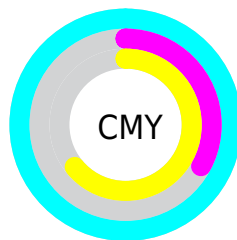
- Red (0%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 54.3343, -41.5146, 21.7050 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 54.3343, -41.5146, 21.7050 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 54.3343, -41.5146,  
21.7050

■ 54.3343, -41.5146,  
21.7050

173.1116,  
-71.5781, 40.7646

■ 44.1328, -37.4576,  
19.2744

■ 76.7513, -48.9991,  
26.2769

■ 34.6634, -33.1085,  
16.7061

■ 88.8900, -52.5055,  
28.4582

■ 25.9889, -28.3703,  
13.9539

■ 101.6087,  
-55.8916, 30.5886

■ 18.1903, -23.0916,  
11.2153

■ 114.8821,  
-59.1769, 32.6783

■ 11.3800, -19.9150,  
7.9660

■ 128.6879,  
-62.3769, 34.7350

■ 3.7062, -6.4859,  
2.5943

■ 143.0063,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-65.5040, 36.7650

0.0000, NaN, NaN

157.8195,  
-68.5683, 38.7735

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.3343, -41.5146,  
21.7050

■ 54.3343, -41.5146,  
21.7050

■ 54.3353, -41.5158,  
21.7063

■ 54.5766, -40.2442,  
19.8818

■ 54.9227, -38.5213,  
17.9725

■ 55.4091, -36.2125,  
16.0226

■ 56.0491, -33.2841,  
14.0611

■ 56.8517, -29.7266,  
12.1159

■ 57.8224, -25.5509,  
10.2130

■ 58.9640, -20.7843,  
8.3759

■ 60.2763, -15.4670,  
6.6249

■ 61.7576, -9.6475,  
4.9767

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.3354, -27.5102, 30.5228



54.3343, -41.5146, 21.7050



54.3354, -45.7913, 1.6751

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.3354, -41.5151, 21.7054



54.3354, -1.5635, -73.5726



54.3354, 49.0589, 22.9886

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.3343, -41.5146, 21.7050



30.1608, 53.4739, 5.3487

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.3354, 59.6035, 4.2097



54.3343, -41.5146, 21.7050



54.3354, 27.0542, -58.5703

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.3354, -41.5151, 21.7054



54.3354, -25.6169, -61.0816



54.3354, 50.8610, -26.4425



54.3354, 24.2919, 30.9673



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.3343, -41.5146, 21.7050



54.3354, -43.3837, -18.4833



54.3354, 50.8610, -26.4425



54.3354, 54.5802, 18.1474

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.3354, -41.5151, 21.7054



79.3322, -28.3683, 11.4153



55.1611, -39.4878, 33.2984



37.1552, -14.6742, 5.8645



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.3354, -41.5151, 21.7054



73.1576, -56.1086, 29.6817



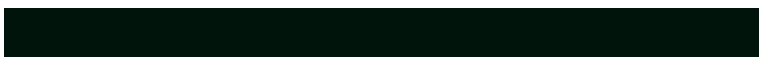
54.3819, -27.5790, -8.4370



29.1086, -4.3344, 2.2879



46.6135, -35.5310, 18.4385



7.3403, -5.1147, 1.8664



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.1608, 53.4739, 5.3487



40.5723, 71.8357, 7.9666



29.4442, 49.3488, 19.0068



27.5634, 1.4276, 0.8521



25.8887, 45.9408, 4.2823



4.1649, 7.6251, -1.1265



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.3343, -41.5146, 21.7050 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.3343, -41.5146, 21.7050 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 54.3343, -41.5146, 21.7050 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.3343, -41.5146, 21.7050.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.3343,

-41.5146, 21.7050.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.3343, -41.5146, 21.7050

### Protanopia

53.9157, -5.9794, 24.1186

### Deuteranopia

53.7467, 4.0319, 20.1672



## Tritanopia

54.4387, -21.4947, -10.4444

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.3343, -41.5146, 21.7050



## Protanomaly

51.9031, -25.8984, 21.4720



## Deuteranomaly

51.4028, -20.9896, 18.5424



## Tritanomaly

53.8850, -30.6173, 3.6355

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.3343, -41.5146, 21.7050



## Achromatopsia

39.4875, -2.1070, 2.1454



## Achromatomaly

43.3404, -21.3768, 8.7777

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 54.3343, -41.5146, 21.7050 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 170, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(0, 170, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 170, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 170, 92) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 54.3343, -41.5146, 21.7050 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 170, 92) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 170, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 170, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 170, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 170, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 170, 92)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 54.3343, -41.5146, 21.7050 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 170, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 170,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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