

Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.0135, -0.9119,
-4.5455)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(53.0135, -0.9119,
-4.5455) contains.

| | |
|---|----|
| HunterLab(53.0540, -0.9840, -4.4924) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**HunterLab(53.0540, -0.9840,
-4.4924)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 8D90A0 |
| RGB | 141, 144, 160 |
| RGB Percent | 55%, 56%, 63% |
| CMY | 0.4471, 0.4353, 0.3725 |
| CMYK | 0.12, 0.10, 0.00, 0.37 |
| HSL | 231°, 9%, 59% |
| HSV | 231°, 12%, 63% |
| XYZ | 27.3029, 28.1473, 37.2516 |
| YIQ | 144.9270, -6.9240, 4.3400 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

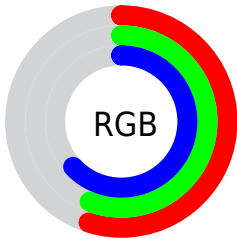
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| RYB | 141, 144, 160 |
| Decimal | 9277600 |
| CIELab | 60.02, 2.23, -8.81 |
| CIELCh | 60, 9.086, 284.196 |
| Yxy | 28.1484, 0.2945, 0.3036 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287467680 (0xFF8D90A0) |
| YUV | 144.9270, 7.4310, -3.4440 |
| Hunter-Lab | 53.0540, -0.9840, -4.4924 |

Details

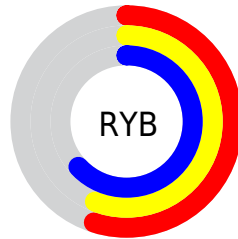
The HunterLab color $53.0540, -0.9840, -4.4924$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $57.8882, -4.5986, 9.7798$, and the grayscale version is $53.1565, -2.8363, 2.8881$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75.4298, -1.9297, -4.0881$, and $33.6655, -0.1805, -4.7389$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47.9636, 1.1251, -11.5372$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58.2936, -2.8399, 2.0440$.

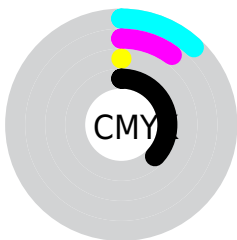
Distribution



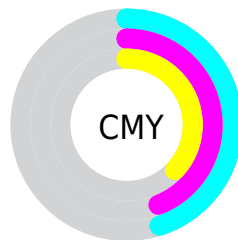
- Red (55%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.0540, -0.9840, -4.4924 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.0540, -0.9840, -4.4924 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.0540, -0.9840,
-4.4924

■ 53.0540, -0.9840,
-4.4924

171.2237, -6.4233,
-1.2011

■ 42.9390, -0.5688,
-4.6083

■ 75.3136, -1.9478,
-4.0810

■ 33.5628, -0.2018,
-4.6576

■ 87.3797, -2.4880,
-3.7973

■ 24.9902, 0.1100,
-4.6307

■ 100.0292, -3.0642,
-3.4665

■ 17.3052, 0.3579,
-4.5171

113.2363, -3.6743,
-3.0918

■ 10.6253, 0.5283,
-4.3065

126.9784, -4.3166,
-2.6757

■ 0.5004, 19.3777,
-72.9438

141.2353, -4.9897,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-2.2206

0.0000, NaN, NaN

155.9891, -5.6923,
-1.7285

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.0540, -0.9840,
-4.4924

■ 53.0540, -0.9840,
-4.4924

■ 47.9636, 1.1251,
-11.5372

■ 58.2936, -2.8399,
2.0440

■ 43.0415, 3.5572,
-19.2290

■ 63.6620, -4.4908,
8.1755

■ 38.3184, 6.3973,
-27.7366

■ 69.1467, -5.9773,
13.9860

■ 33.8344, 9.7525,
-37.2609

■ 74.7370, -7.3300,
19.5401

■ 29.6448, 13.7460,
-48.0091

■ 80.4239, -8.5727,
24.8882

■ 25.8263, 18.4903,
-60.1138

■ 86.2001, -9.7241,
30.0704

■ 22.4830, 24.0085,
-73.4310

■ 92.0596, -10.7993,
35.1181

■ 19.7463, 30.0683,
-87.1662

■ 96.5820, -16.8649,
38.8015

■ 18.0150, 34.8493,
-97.7467

■ 97.6310, -18.4730,
39.6391

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.0551, -4.8575, -4.4326



53.0540, -0.9840, -4.4924



53.0551, 2.4873, -2.4766

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.0551, -0.9850, -4.4915



53.0551, 2.6418, 7.6170



53.0551, -9.8475, 4.7913

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.0540, -0.9840, -4.4924



57.8882, -4.5986, 9.7798

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.0551, -7.9530, 7.7449



53.0540, -0.9840, -4.4924



53.0551, -0.7791, 9.2942

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.0551, -0.9850, -4.4915



53.0551, 4.6218, 4.6051



53.0551, -4.6574, 9.3393



53.0551, -9.8990, 1.1114

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.0540, -0.9840, -4.4924



53.0551, 4.0767, -0.3069



53.0551, -4.6574, 9.3393



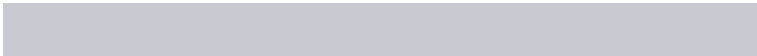
53.0551, -9.4076, 5.8957

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.0551, -0.9850, -4.4915



76.9788, -3.3019, 0.8658



57.6484, -9.1480, 2.6322



35.8112, -1.4648, 0.1144



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.0551, -0.9850, -4.4915



69.8281, -0.6806, -8.2575



52.7468, 2.3225, -4.8407



25.6830, -0.7063, -1.2852



16.0395, 30.2518, -85.3529



2.9636, 1.7172, -7.4112

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.4205, 3.6046, 3.6945



70.4428, 6.7383, 5.1476



58.2259, -7.9575, 10.0788



25.8116, 0.9815, 1.6841



24.2527, 41.7813, 13.7499



3.3075, 5.8243, 0.8956

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.0540, -0.9840, -4.4924 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

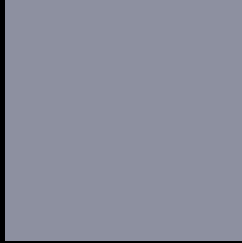
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.0540, -0.9840, -4.4924 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

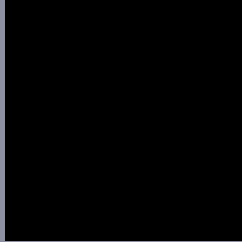
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 53.0540, -0.9840, -4.4924 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.0540, -0.9840, -4.4924.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.0540, -0.9840,

-4.4924.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.0540, -0.9840, -4.4924

Protanopia

53.2205, -0.4116, -4.2635

Deuteranopia

53.1058, 3.6002, -4.8581



Tritanopia

53.1287, -2.4584, -2.4054

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.0540, -0.9840, -4.4924

Protanomaly

53.1370, -0.6987, -4.3783

Deuteranomaly

53.0304, 1.9112, -4.9877

Tritanomaly

53.1607, -2.2833, -2.8587

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.0540, -0.9840, -4.4924

Achromatopsia

53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911

Achromatomaly

53.2749, -2.3238, 0.6750

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.0540, -0.9840, -4.4924 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 144, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 144, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 144, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 144, 160) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.0540, -0.9840, -4.4924 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 144, 160) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 144, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 144, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 144, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 144, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 144,  
160) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.0540, -0.9840, -4.4924 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 144, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
144, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor