

Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.0327, -2.8336,
2.8920)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(53.0327, -2.8336, 2.8920)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(53.2117, -2.8392,
2.8911)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	919191
RGB	145, 145, 145
RGB Percent	57%, 57%, 57%
CMY	0.4314, 0.4314, 0.4314
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	119°, 0%, 57%
HSV	119°, 0%, 57%
XYZ	26.9133, 28.3149, 30.8349
YIQ	145.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	145, 145, 145
Decimal	9539985
CIELab	60.17, 0.00, -0.01
CIELCh	60, 0.006, 289.548
Yxy	28.3161, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287730065 (0xFF919191)
YUV	145.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911

Details

The HunterLab color $53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $53.2124, -2.8381, 2.8903$, and the grayscale version is $53.2127, -2.8393, 2.8911$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75.5728, -4.0324, 4.1060$, and $33.8283, -1.8050, 1.8380$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51.6611, -9.1319, 7.2329$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54.9192, 3.8687, -1.7494$.

Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (57%)

Blue (57%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (57%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.2117, -2.8392,
2.8911

■ 53.2117, -2.8392,
2.8911

171.4567, -9.1552,
9.3261

■ 43.0860, -2.2997,
2.3410

■ 75.4908, -4.0301,
4.1040

■ 33.6982, -1.7984,
1.8304

■ 87.5660, -4.6750,
4.7611

■ 25.1130, -1.3400,
1.3634

100.2241, -5.3510,
5.4498

■ 17.4138, -0.9289,
0.9447

113.4394, -6.0567,
6.1689

■ 10.7176, -0.5714,
0.5807

127.1893, -6.7910,
6.9171

■ 1.3848, -0.0675,
0.0580

141.4538, -7.5528,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.6934

0.0000, NaN, NaN

156.2150, -8.3412,
8.4967

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.2117, -2.8392,
2.8911

■ 53.2117, -2.8392,
2.8911

■ 51.6611, -9.1319,
7.2329

■ 54.9192, 3.8687,
-1.7494

■ 50.2702, -14.9387,
11.2270

■ 56.7730, 10.9309,
-6.6461

■ 49.0453, -20.1949,
14.8285

■ 58.7663, 18.2865,
-11.7561

■ 47.9895, -24.8397,
17.9960

■ 60.8912, 25.8821,
-17.0417

■ 47.1037, -28.8226,
20.6956

■ 63.1396, 33.6710,
-22.4699

■ 46.3863, -32.1087,
22.9046

■ 65.5037, 41.6134,
-28.0125

■ 45.8323, -34.6838,
24.6155

■ 67.9759, 49.6763,
-33.6457

■ 45.4330, -36.5590,
25.8388

■ 69.8082, 55.3326,
-36.3687

■ 45.1755, -37.7750,
26.6068

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.2128, -2.8431, 2.8918



53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911



53.2128, -2.8383, 2.8934

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.2128, -2.8404, 2.8920



53.2128, -2.8388, 2.9002



53.2128, -2.8472, 2.8974

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911



53.2124, -2.8381, 2.8903

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.2128, -2.8460, 2.8997



53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911



53.2128, -2.8412, 2.9013

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.2128, -2.8404, 2.8920



53.2128, -2.8374, 2.8981



53.2128, -2.8439, 2.9011



53.2128, -2.8470, 2.8949

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911



53.2128, -2.8374, 2.8948



53.2128, -2.8439, 2.9011



53.2128, -2.8469, 2.8982

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.2128, -2.8404, 2.8920



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



53.2130, -2.8397, 2.8922



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.2128, -2.8404, 2.8920



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



53.2129, -2.8403, 2.8915



25.2436, -1.3469, 1.3715



41.7008, -35.6369, 25.0719



4.0888, -3.4360, 2.4594

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.2124, -2.8381, 2.8903



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



53.2124, -2.8383, 2.8908



25.2436, -1.3469, 1.3715



25.8200, 51.0085, -35.9588



2.5498, 5.0241, -3.4490

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911.

2.8911.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911

Protanopia

53.1853, -1.4609, 2.8841

Deuteranopia

53.0100, 3.7624, 2.3146



Tritanopia

53.1173, 0.3703, -1.8769

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911

Protanomaly

53.0979, -1.7627, 2.7758

Deuteranomaly

53.0977, 1.2014, 2.3740

Tritanomaly

53.1901, -1.0870, 0.1207

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911

Achromatopsia

53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911

Achromatomaly

53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 145, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 145, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 145, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 145, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 145, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 145, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 145, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 145, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 145, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 145,  
145) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 145, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
145, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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