

Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.0748, -44.4153,
29.5411)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(53.0748, -44.4153,
29.5411) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(53.0710,
-44.4315, 29.5806)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A829
RGB	0, 168, 41
RGB Percent	0%, 66%, 16%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3412, 0.8392
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.76, 0.34
HSL	135°, 100%, 33%
HSV	135°, 100%, 66%
XYZ	14.4028, 28.1653, 6.7752
YIQ	103.2900, -59.3610, -75.1130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

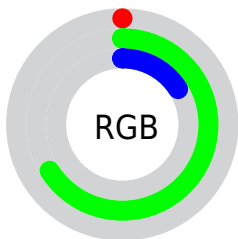
Format	Color
RYB	0, 135, 168
Decimal	43049
CIELab	60.04, -61.18, 51.85
CIELCh	60, 80.195, 139.722
Yxy	28.1665, 0.2919, 0.5708
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278233129 (0xFF00A829)
YUV	103.2900, -30.7090, -90.5853
Hunter-Lab	53.0710, -44.4315, 29.5806

Details

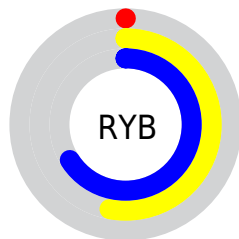
The HunterLab color $53.0710, -44.4315, 29.5806$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 009900 . A complement of this color would be $31.3965, 58.6477, -17.5427$, and the grayscale version is $37.0673, -1.9778, 2.0139$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75.5009, -52.9137, 37.0950$, and $34.6910, -29.7475, 20.8556$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53.0721, -44.4322, 29.5808$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53.2797, -43.3553, 28.2283$.

Distribution



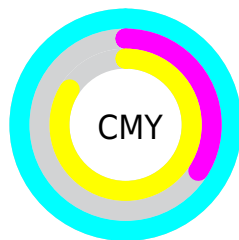
- Red (0%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.0710, -44.4315, 29.5806 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.0710, -44.4315, 29.5806 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.0710, -44.4315,
29.5806

■ 53.0710, -44.4315,
29.5806

171.2488,
-77.4709, 59.1652

■ 42.9548, -39.9096,
25.5880

■ 75.3327, -52.7301,
36.9717

■ 33.5774, -35.0428,
21.3472

■ 87.3998, -56.5996,
40.4329

■ 25.0034, -29.7179,
17.5024

■ 100.0502,
-60.3261, 43.7710

■ 17.3169, -23.9654,
12.1218

■ 113.2582,
-63.9324, 47.0046

■ 10.6352, -18.6116,
7.4446

■ 127.0011,
-67.4368, 50.1493

■ 0.6557, -1.1475,
0.4590

■ 141.2588,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-70.8538, 53.2176

0.0000, NaN, NaN

156.0135,
-74.1953, 56.2200

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.0710, -44.4315,
29.5806

■ 53.0710, -44.4315,
29.5806

■ 53.0721, -44.4322,
29.5808

■ 53.2797, -43.3553,
28.2283

■ 53.6077, -41.7191,
26.5324

■ 54.0932, -39.3788,
24.5129

■ 54.7504, -36.2975,
22.1853

■ 55.5886, -32.4681,
19.5727

■ 56.6134, -27.9088,
16.7052

■ 57.8266, -22.6581,
13.6171

■ 59.2275, -16.7696,
10.3455

■ 60.8127, -10.3070,
6.9279

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.0721, -23.3479, 34.5356



53.0710, -44.4315, 29.5806



53.0721, -53.4678, 12.9271

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.0721, -44.4322, 29.5808



53.0721, -14.1200, -103.6826



53.0721, 74.8134, 20.0278

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.0710, -44.4315, 29.5806



31.3965, 58.6477, -17.5427

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.0721, 79.1131, -9.5981



53.0710, -44.4315, 29.5806



53.0721, 21.3619, -96.9186

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.0721, -44.4322, 29.5808



53.0721, -39.1616, -70.9466



53.0721, 57.5887, -55.9524



53.0721, 47.0107, 31.9532

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.0710, -44.4315, 29.5806



53.0721, -53.5320, -8.8633



53.0721, 57.5887, -55.9524



53.0721, 79.2845, 12.4474

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.0721, -44.4322, 29.5808



77.7995, -30.9344, 18.5790



57.1472, -28.0842, 34.7222



36.0021, -15.8144, 9.4692



92.0917, -4.9138, 5.0035



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.0721, -44.4322, 29.5808



71.4714, -59.9785, 40.1434



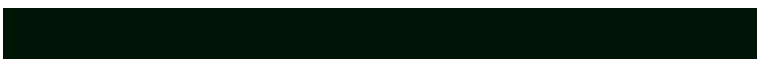
54.2600, -37.0856, 12.2369



29.0459, -4.6840, 3.1841



46.1264, -38.5629, 25.5922



7.2488, -5.6785, 3.1978

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.3965, 58.6477, -17.5427



42.2511, 78.8528, -23.0579



29.1772, 50.6109, 13.8608



27.6312, 1.7915, -0.1124



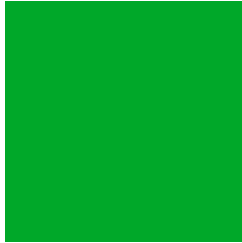
27.2984, 51.0184, -15.4540



4.3434, 8.2602, -3.5650

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.0710, -44.4315, 29.5806 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.0710, -44.4315, 29.5806 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 53.0710, -44.4315, 29.5806 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.0710, -44.4315, 29.5806.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.0710, -44.4315, 29.5806.

-44.4315, 29.5806.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.0710, -44.4315, 29.5806

Protanopia

52.6776, -6.8727, 30.5496

Deuteranopia

52.6701, 3.4043, 28.5860



Tritanopia

53.1448, -20.2105, -9.4827

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.0710, -44.4315, 29.5806



Protanomaly

50.7933, -28.0262, 28.7649



Deuteranomaly

49.9790, -22.8772, 26.9492



Tritanomaly

52.3740, -32.7052, 10.8563

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.0710, -44.4315, 29.5806



Achromatopsia

36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010



Achromatomaly

41.1293, -23.0035, 14.0004

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.0710, -44.4315, 29.5806 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 168, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 168, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 168, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 168, 41) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.0710, -44.4315, 29.5806 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 168, 41) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 168, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 168, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 168, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 168, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 168, 41)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.0710, -44.4315, 29.5806 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 168, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 168,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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