

Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.0929, -32.5959,
4.0036)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(53.0929, -32.5959,
4.0036) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(53.0259,
-32.5224, 3.9288)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A38D
RGB	0, 163, 141
RGB Percent	0%, 64%, 55%
CMY	0.9999, 0.3608, 0.4471
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.13, 0.36
HSL	172°, 100%, 32%
HSV	172°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	17.9049, 28.1175, 29.6828
YIQ	111.7550, -90.0860, -41.3980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

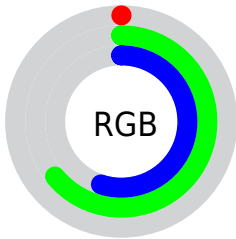
Format	Color
RYB	0, 87, 163
Decimal	41869
CIELab	60.00, -40.94, 1.34
CIELCh	60, 40.960, 178.119
Yxy	28.1185, 0.2365, 0.3714
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278231949 (0xFF00A38D)
YUV	111.7550, 14.4178, -98.0091
Hunter-Lab	53.0259, -32.5224, 3.9288

Details

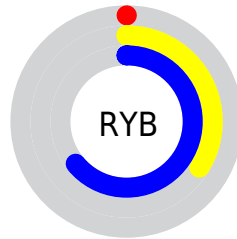
The HunterLab color **53.0259, -32.5224, 3.9288** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **28.0094, 48.1699, 16.4934**, and the grayscale version is **40.1333, -2.1414, 2.1805**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.3839, -38.3995, 5.1718**, and **34.5068, -21.7751, 3.8757** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.0267, -32.5236, 3.9304**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.1955, -31.7188, 3.1703**.

Distribution



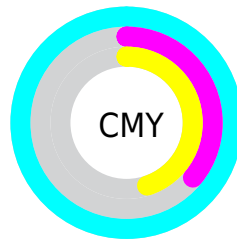
- Red (0%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.0259, -32.5224, 3.9288 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.0259, -32.5224, 3.9288 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

53.0259, -32.5224,
3.9288

53.0259, -32.5224,
3.9288

171.1820,
-56.1961, 10.8680

42.9127, -29.4182,
3.3063

75.2819, -38.3036,
5.2725

33.5386, -26.1117,
2.7176

87.3464, -41.0379,
5.9899

24.9683, -22.5292,
2.1651

99.9944, -43.6940,
6.7361

17.2858, -18.5509,
1.6505

113.2000,
-46.2858, 7.5102

10.6088, -17.6835,
1.1755

126.9406,
-48.8241, 8.3113

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

141.1962,

-51.3175, 9.1385

0.0000, NaN, NaN

155.9487,
-53.7729, 9.9909

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.0259, -32.5224,
3.9288

■ 53.0259, -32.5224,
3.9288

■ 53.0267, -32.5236,
3.9304

■ 53.1955, -31.7188,
3.1703

■ 53.4501, -30.5713,
2.5050

■ 53.8255, -28.9491,
1.9803

■ 54.3345, -26.8138,
1.6162

■ 54.9862, -24.1469,
1.4272

■ 55.7871, -20.9467,
1.4229

■ 56.7406, -17.2256,
1.6082

■ 57.8482, -13.0081,
1.9837

■ 59.1093, -8.3272,
2.5462

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.0269, -28.5545, 17.1969



53.0259, -32.5224, 3.9288



53.0269, -29.4354, -14.5831

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.0269, -32.5226, 3.9294



53.0269, 14.0294, -33.9525



53.0269, 16.1953, 23.5513

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.0259, -32.5224, 3.9288



28.0094, 48.1699, 16.4934

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.0269, 30.3362, 15.8974



53.0259, -32.5224, 3.9288



53.0269, 28.9757, -17.0231

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.0269, -32.5226, 3.9294



53.0269, -3.9354, -40.2695



53.0269, 35.2891, 1.8218



53.0269, -1.7199, 25.9920

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.0259, -32.5224, 3.9288



53.0269, -23.5338, -27.0109



53.0269, 35.2891, 1.8218



53.0269, 21.6308, 21.6572

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.0269, -32.5226, 3.9294



75.8539, -23.3535, 2.1312



51.3764, -43.0545, 30.9034



35.6961, -12.0464, 0.9511



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



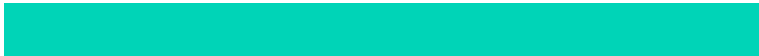
38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.0269, -32.5226, 3.9294



70.9467, -43.6166, 5.4784



35.9780, -4.6102, -35.0152



28.2750, -3.8079, 1.2387



46.7518, -28.6404, 3.3907



6.8083, -3.9630, 0.0453

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.0094, 48.1699, 16.4934



37.4589, 64.3807, 22.4130



32.7406, 33.0492, 20.7521



26.6474, 1.0003, 1.8090



24.6997, 42.4981, 14.4173



3.6392, 6.3773, 1.2268

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.0259, -32.5224, 3.9288 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.0259, -32.5224, 3.9288 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

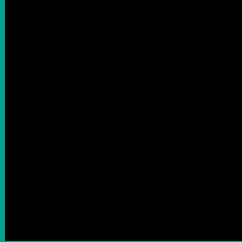
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 53.0259, -32.5224, 3.9288 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.0259, -32.5224, 3.9288.



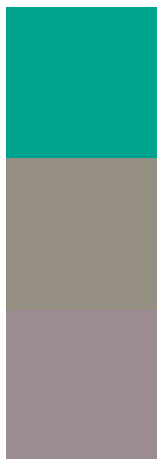
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.0259, -32.5224, 3.9288.

-32.5224, 3.9288.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.0259, -32.5224, 3.9288

Protanopia

52.5796, -2.9126, 8.5340

Deuteranopia

52.5438, 3.6149, 1.7549



Tritanopia

53.2074, -23.0540, -11.1090

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.0259, -32.5224, 3.9288



Protanomaly

50.9576, -19.3673, 4.8186



Deuteranomaly

50.8390, -16.0448, 0.2743



Tritanomaly

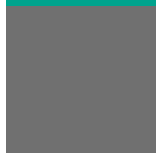
52.8788, -26.7712, -5.6913

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.0259, -32.5224, 3.9288



Achromatopsia

40.2529, -2.1478, 2.1870



Achromatomaly

43.5916, -17.7702, 1.0626

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.0259, -32.5224, 3.9288 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 163, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 163, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 163, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 163, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.0259, -32.5224, 3.9288 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 163, 141) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 163, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 163, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 163, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 163, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 163,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.0259, -32.5224, 3.9288 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 163, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 163,  
141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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