

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.1387, -10.6137,  
-5.0734)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(53.1387, -10.6137,  
-5.0734) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(53.2459,  
-10.8131, -4.9251)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7397A1
RGB	115, 151, 161
RGB Percent	45%, 59%, 63%
CMY	0.5490, 0.4078, 0.3686
CMYK	0.29, 0.06, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	193°, 20%, 54%
HSV	193°, 29%, 63%
XYZ	24.5698, 28.3513, 37.8956
YIQ	141.3760, -24.6660, -4.5220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

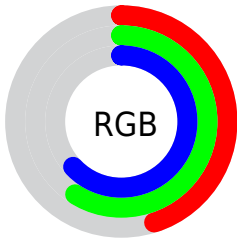
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	115, 135, 161
Decimal	7575457
CIELab	60.21, -9.96, -9.29
CIELCh	60, 13.621, 223.023
Yxy	28.3524, 0.2705, 0.3122
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285765537 (0xFF7397A1)
YUV	141.3760, 9.6746, -23.1318
Hunter-Lab	53.2459, -10.8131, -4.9251

# Details

The HunterLab color  $53.2459, -10.8131, -4.9251$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $669999$ . A complement of this color would be  $48.4585, 7.7523, 10.1498$ , and the grayscale version is  $51.7305, -2.7602, 2.8106$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $75.4621, -12.9018, -4.7695$ , and  $33.6783, -8.5991, -4.8687$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $51.2297, -12.7177, -7.6791$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $55.3932, -8.4902, -2.1063$ .

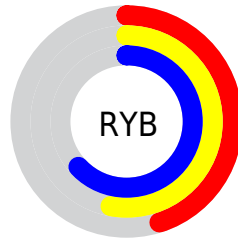
# Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (59%)

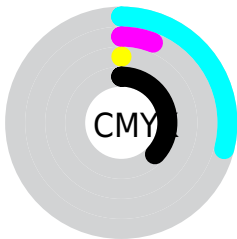
Blue (63%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (63%)

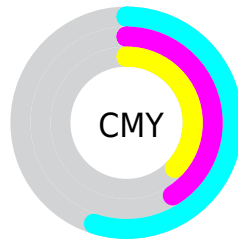


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (37%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.2459, -10.8131, -4.9251 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.2459, -10.8131, -4.9251 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 53.2459, -10.8131,  
-4.9251

■ 53.2459, -10.8131,  
-4.9251

171.5071,  
-21.1266, -1.7902

■ 43.1178, -9.6972,  
-5.0206

■ 75.5292, -13.0460,  
-4.5525

■ 33.7275, -8.5716,  
-5.0487

■ 87.6063, -14.1694,  
-4.2872

■ 25.1395, -7.4260,  
-5.0000

■ 100.2662,  
-15.3011, -3.9742

■ 17.4373, -6.2410,  
-4.8645

113.4833,  
-16.4426, -3.6167

■ 10.7376, -4.9801,  
-4.6333

127.2349,  
-17.5951, -3.2174

■ 1.5093, -2.6413,  
-25.4419

141.5011,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-18.7595, -2.7785

0.0000, NaN, NaN

156.2639,  
-19.9365, -2.3022

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.2459, -10.8131,  
-4.9251

■ 53.2459, -10.8131,  
-4.9251

■ 51.2297, -12.7177,  
-7.6791

■ 55.3932, -8.4902,  
-2.1063

■ 49.3468, -14.1678,  
-10.3537

■ 57.6622, -5.7832,  
0.7594

■ 47.6026, -15.1352,  
-12.9298

■ 60.0475, -2.7289,  
3.6599

■ 45.9996, -15.5991,  
-15.3893

■ 62.5424, 0.6377,  
6.5842

■ 44.5374, -15.5525,  
-17.7162

■ 65.1404, 4.2839,  
9.5238

■ 43.2120, -15.0071,  
-19.9002

■ 67.8352, 8.1799,  
12.4718

■ 41.9998, -14.0513,  
-21.9657

■ 70.6209, 12.2987,  
15.4230

■ 41.8291, -13.9065,  
-22.2626

■ 73.4919, 16.6160,  
18.3735

■ 75.8244, 19.1558,  
20.6920

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.2470, -13.3572, 0.4325



53.2459, -10.8131, -4.9251



53.2470, -6.0859, -8.3742

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.2470, -10.8138, -4.9242



53.2470, 8.3370, -0.3187



53.2470, -5.3530, 12.2978

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.2459, -10.8131, -4.9251



48.4585, 7.7523, 10.1498

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.2470, 0.4774, 12.1432



53.2459, -10.8131, -4.9251



53.2470, 8.5540, 5.2517

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.2470, -10.8138, -4.9242



53.2470, 5.0431, -5.5250



53.2470, 5.6240, 9.6890



53.2470, -10.2972, 10.1370



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.2459, -10.8131, -4.9251



53.2470, -2.2499, -8.9213



53.2470, 5.6240, 9.6890



53.2470, -3.4354, 12.5074

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.2470, -10.8138, -4.9242



76.9799, -7.9696, 0.7853



55.3308, -20.9676, 12.9484



35.8512, -3.9771, 0.1196



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.2470, -10.8138, -4.9242



69.5982, -16.0875, -8.8383



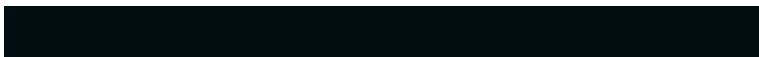
46.5464, -0.0519, -14.2695



27.8366, -2.8981, 0.2691



37.4636, -12.5410, -19.7539



5.9704, -2.5375, -1.9848



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.9825, 18.1398, -7.6815



59.6890, 30.4462, -13.1787



54.7584, -3.3223, 16.1211



26.7875, 1.7533, -0.1867



26.9462, 50.6342, -17.3786



3.9848, 7.6177, -3.5773



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.2459, -10.8131, -4.9251 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

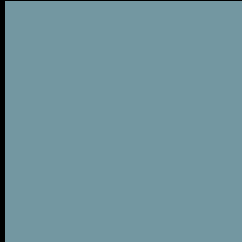
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.2459, -10.8131, -4.9251 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

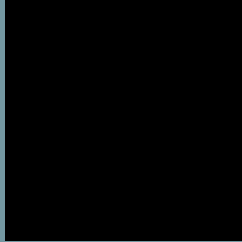
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 53.2459, -10.8131, -4.9251 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.2459, -10.8131, -4.9251.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.2459, -10.8131, -4.9251.

-10.8131, -4.9251.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.2459, -10.8131, -4.9251

### Protanopia

53.1753, -0.8260, -2.3174

### Deuteranopia

53.0831, 3.6579, -5.9284



## Tritanopia

53.3127, -10.4376, -5.8670

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.2459, -10.8131, -4.9251

## Protanomaly

53.2190, -4.9946, -3.3320

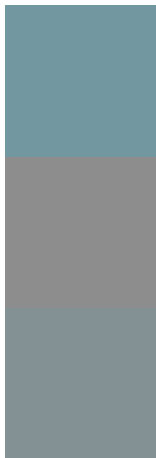
## Deuteranomaly

53.0828, -2.2253, -5.5092

## Tritanomaly

53.2792, -10.6259, -5.3945

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.2459, -10.8131, -4.9251

## Achromatopsia

51.6097, -2.7538, 2.8041

## Achromatomaly

52.2441, -6.0572, 0.2910

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.2459, -10.8131, -4.9251 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 151, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 151, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 151, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 151, 161) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.2459, -10.8131, -4.9251 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 151, 161) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 151, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 151, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 151, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 151, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 151,  
161) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.2459, -10.8131, -4.9251 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 151, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
151, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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