

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.1616, 21.6982,  
-13.0863)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(53.1616, 21.6982,  
-13.0863) contains.

<b>HunterLab(53.3466, 21.6688, -12.9779)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(53.3466, 21.6688,  
-12.9779)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B381B1
RGB	179, 129, 177
RGB Percent	70%, 51%, 69%
CMY	0.2980, 0.4941, 0.3059
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.01, 0.30
HSL	302°, 25%, 60%
HSV	302°, 28%, 70%
XYZ	34.3765, 28.4586, 45.2762
YIQ	149.4220, 14.3920, 25.5280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

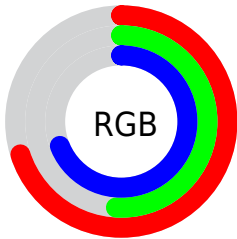
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	179, 129, 177
Decimal	11764145
CIELab	60.30, 27.36, -17.73
CIELCh	60, 32.597, 327.060
Yxy	28.4598, 0.3180, 0.2632
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289954225 (0xFFB381B1)
YUV	149.4220, 13.5960, 25.9399
Hunter-Lab	53.3466, 21.6688, -12.9779

# Details

The HunterLab color  $53.3466, 21.6688, -12.9779$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be  $62.0862, -24.4949, 17.3212$ , and the grayscale version is  $54.9361, -2.9313, 2.9848$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $75.4992, 23.2012, -13.6115$ , and  $33.7745, 19.5970, -12.3198$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $49.1135, 30.9030, -18.9590$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $57.9867, 12.4726, -6.9646$ .

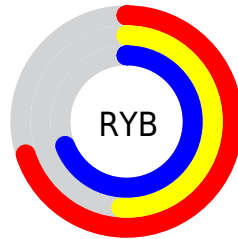
# Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (51%)

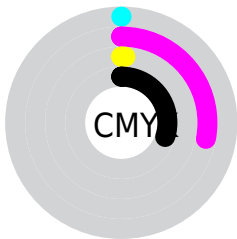
Blue (69%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (69%)

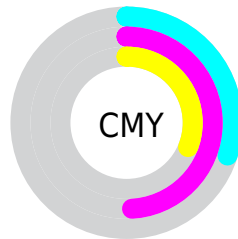


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.3466, 21.6688, -12.9779 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.3466, 21.6688, -12.9779 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 53.3466, 21.6688,  
-12.9779

■ 53.3466, 21.6688,  
-12.9779

171.6560, 25.4643,  
-12.5043

■ 43.2118, 20.8255,  
-12.7404

■ 75.6424, 23.0426,  
-13.2505

■ 33.8141, 19.8644,  
-12.4337

■ 87.7253, 23.5965,  
-13.2961

■ 25.2181, 18.7691,  
-12.0573

■ 100.3907, 24.0718,  
-13.2859

■ 17.5068, 17.5261,  
-11.6249

113.6130, 24.4749,  
-13.2232

■ 10.7968, 16.1411,  
-11.1962

127.3697, 24.8114,  
-13.1111

■ 1.8283, 65.1052,  
-41.2131

141.6407, 25.0858,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-12.9524

0.0000, NaN, NaN

156.4082, 25.3023,  
-12.7494

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.3466, 21.6688,  
-12.9779

■ 53.3466, 21.6688,  
-12.9779

■ 49.1135, 30.9030,  
-18.9590

■ 57.9867, 12.4726,  
-6.9646

■ 45.3497, 39.9674,  
-24.7642

■ 62.9726, 3.4360,  
-1.0079

■ 42.1268, 48.5249,  
-30.1664

■ 68.2567, -5.3902,  
4.8510

■ 39.5114, 56.1175,  
-34.8651

■ 73.7990, -13.9927,  
10.5965

■ 37.5521, 62.2281,  
-38.5291

■ 79.5663, -22.3798,  
16.2283

■ 36.2606, 66.4258,  
-40.8923

■ 85.5317, -30.5701,  
21.7541

■ 35.5561, 68.6852,  
-41.9600

■ 91.6730, -38.5866,  
27.1851

■ 35.4348, 69.0713,  
-42.1259

■ 91.9302, -38.8038,  
27.1690

■ 91.9464, -38.7089,  
26.9335

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.3478, 9.9539, -25.2951



53.3466, 21.6688, -12.9779



53.3478, 26.7755, 1.5741

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.3478, 21.6672, -12.9766



53.3478, -1.4620, 22.6660



53.3478, -24.7623, -10.1047

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.3466, 21.6688, -12.9779



62.0862, -24.4949, 17.3212

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.3478, -27.1535, 4.2003



53.3466, 21.6688, -12.9779



53.3478, -14.5486, 21.0415

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.3478, 21.6672, -12.9766



53.3478, 12.5872, 20.2309



53.3478, -23.6085, 15.0332



53.3478, -16.7086, -23.3589



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.3466, 21.6688, -12.9779



53.3478, 25.3934, 9.8817



53.3478, -23.6085, 15.0332



53.3478, -26.2165, -5.1659

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.3478, 21.6672, -12.9766



84.1335, 4.8423, -1.5103



48.7395, 7.3509, -21.7187



39.1187, 3.1237, -1.2692



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.3478, 21.6672, -12.9766



67.5633, 37.2156, -22.6993



52.5010, 17.3857, -1.0551



29.3951, 2.2088, -0.8637



29.7911, 58.0763, -35.4635



5.3014, 10.3607, -6.5117



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.3478, 21.6672, -12.9766



67.5633, 37.2156, -22.6993



62.6875, -21.0134, 8.6507



29.3951, 2.2088, -0.8637



29.7911, 58.0763, -35.4635



5.3014, 10.3607, -6.5117



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.3466, 21.6688, -12.9779 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

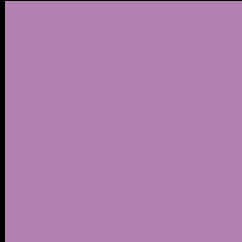
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.3466, 21.6688, -12.9779 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

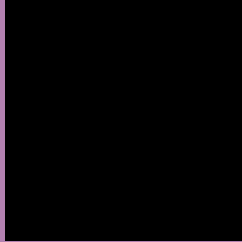
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 53.3466, 21.6688, -12.9779 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.3466, 21.6688, -12.9779.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.3466, 21.6688, -12.9779.

-12.9779.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.3466, 21.6688, -12.9779

### Protanopia

53.5217, 2.6610, -19.6782

### Deuteranopia

53.3976, 4.0553, -11.4890



## Tritanopia

53.3725, 11.7935, 3.3363

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.3466, 21.6688, -12.9779

## Protanomaly

53.3010, 8.7377, -17.4459

## Deuteranomaly

53.1560, 10.3513, -12.3020

## Tritanomaly

53.3287, 15.0488, -2.3397

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.3466, 21.6688, -12.9779

## Achromatopsia

54.8219, -2.9252, 2.9786

## Achromatomaly

54.1505, 5.5392, -2.4498

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.3466, 21.6688, -12.9779 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 129, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 129, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 129, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 129, 177) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.3466, 21.6688, -12.9779 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 129, 177) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 129, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 129, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 129, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 129, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 129,  
177) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.3466, 21.6688, -12.9779 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 129, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
129, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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