

Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.2035, -3.0485,
1.3589)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(53.2035, -3.0485, 1.3589)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(53.1306, -2.9453,
1.4222)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F9194
RGB	143, 145, 148
RGB Percent	56%, 57%, 58%
CMY	0.4392, 0.4314, 0.4196
CMYK	0.03, 0.02, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	216°, 2%, 57%
HSV	216°, 3%, 58%
XYZ	26.7984, 28.2286, 32.0533
YIQ	144.7440, -2.1550, 0.5090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

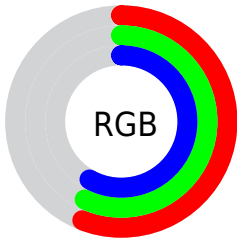
Format	Color
R_{YB}	143, 144, 148
Decimal	9408916
CIE Lab	60.10, -0.13, -1.85
CIE LCh	60, 1.852, 265.917
Yxy	28.2298, 0.3077, 0.3242
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287598996 (0xFF8F9194)
YUV	144.7440, 1.6052, -1.5295
Hunter-Lab	53.1306, -2.9453, 1.4222

Details

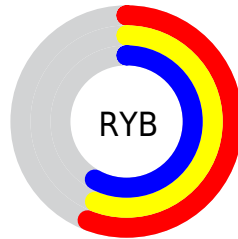
The HunterLab color $53.1306, -2.9453, 1.4222$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $53.6997, -2.7307, 4.3493$, and the grayscale version is $53.1044, -2.8335, 2.8853$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75.4860, -4.1479, 2.5532$, and $33.7263, -2.0510, 0.8647$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49.3844, -2.9263, -3.2581$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56.9715, -2.7542, 5.8997$.

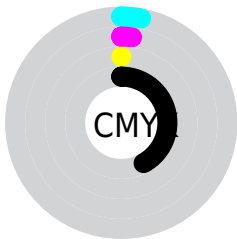
Distribution



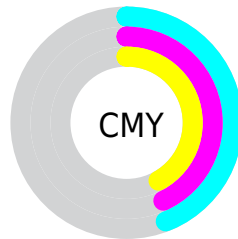
- Red (56%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.1306, -2.9453, 1.4222 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.1306, -2.9453, 1.4222 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.1306, -2.9453,
1.4222

■ 53.1306, -2.9453,
1.4222

■ 171.3369, -9.3119,
7.1724

■ 43.0104, -2.3985,
0.9692

■ 75.3997, -4.1493,
2.4582

■ 33.6286, -1.8894,
0.5629

■ 87.4702, -4.8002,
3.0335

■ 25.0498, -1.4225,
0.2097

■ 100.1239, -5.4820,
3.6442

■ 17.3579, -1.0019,
-0.0827

■ 113.3350, -6.1932,
4.2886

■ 10.6701, -0.6335,
-0.3028

■ 127.0808, -6.9329,
4.9649

■ 1.0298, -0.6129,
-7.3782

141.3415, -7.6998,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

5.6717

0.0000, NaN, NaN

156.0989, -8.4931,
6.4079

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.1306, -2.9453,
1.4222

■ 53.1306, -2.9453,
1.4222

■ 49.3844, -2.9263,
-3.2581

■ 56.9715, -2.7542,
5.8997

■ 45.7395, -2.6572,
-8.1799

■ 60.8954, -2.3792,
10.2029

■ 42.2092, -2.0952,
-13.3830

■ 64.8961, -1.8465,
14.3592

■ 38.8081, -1.1876,
-18.9118

■ 68.9678, -1.1762,
18.3911

■ 35.5540, 0.1275,
-24.8116

■ 73.1053, -0.3854,
22.3176

■ 32.4683, 1.9201,
-31.1220

■ 77.3040, 0.5117,
26.1547

■ 29.5764, 4.2631,
-37.8656

■ 81.5602, 1.5033,
29.9161

■ 26.9075, 7.2210,
-45.0292

■ 85.1486, 0.1184,
32.9614

■ 24.4929, 10.8260,
-52.5401

■ 87.8479, -4.4433,
35.1442

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.1317, -3.6906, 1.6752



53.1306, -2.9453, 1.4222



53.1317, -2.1689, 1.5693

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.1317, -2.9465, 1.4231



53.1317, -1.4577, 3.5229



53.1317, -4.0963, 3.6995

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.1306, -2.9453, 1.4222



53.6997, -2.7307, 4.3493

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.1317, -3.5034, 4.1818



53.1306, -2.9453, 1.4222



53.1317, -1.9796, 4.0809

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.1317, -2.9465, 1.4231



53.1317, -1.3065, 2.7886



53.1317, -2.7291, 4.3204



53.1317, -4.3520, 2.9954

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.1306, -2.9453, 1.4222



53.1317, -1.7368, 1.8718



53.1317, -2.7291, 4.3204



53.1317, -3.9300, 3.8925

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.1317, -2.9465, 1.4231



71.7679, -3.8774, 3.3156



53.9377, -4.7071, 3.2979



34.3050, -1.8520, 1.6024



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.1317, -2.9465, 1.4231



70.2223, -3.9217, 1.4635



52.5932, -1.8662, 0.7900



25.3092, -1.4205, 0.4144



21.3838, 12.1531, -52.9631



3.3321, -0.4624, -3.1666

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.9015, -0.9794, 2.5559



69.8551, -0.7679, 3.2877



54.2408, -3.8106, 4.9500



25.1600, -0.1343, 1.1608



23.7802, 41.8901, 6.3287



2.7345, 5.0102, -0.7708

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.1306, -2.9453, 1.4222 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.1306, -2.9453, 1.4222 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

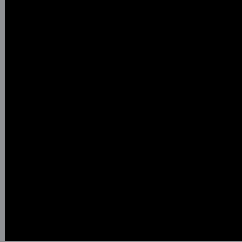
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 53.1306, -2.9453, 1.4222 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.1306, -2.9453, 1.4222.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.1306, -2.9453,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.1306, -2.9453, 1.4222

Protanopia

53.0699, -1.7425, 1.8318

Deuteranopia

53.0040, 3.9206, 0.9235



Tritanopia

53.1435, -0.9987, -1.8676

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.1306, -2.9453, 1.4222

Protanomaly

52.9838, -2.0403, 1.7235

Deuteranomaly

53.0955, 1.3722, 0.9902

Tritanomaly

53.0498, -1.5095, -0.5374

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.1306, -2.9453, 1.4222

Achromatopsia

53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911

Achromatomaly

53.1558, -2.9755, 2.3699

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.1306, -2.9453, 1.4222 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 145, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 145, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 145, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 145, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.1306, -2.9453, 1.4222 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 145, 148) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 145, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 145, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 145, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 145, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 145,  
148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.1306, -2.9453, 1.4222 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 145, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
145, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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