

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.2593, 45.7044,  
-7.0807)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(53.2593, 45.7044,  
-7.0807) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(53.2593, 45.7044,  
-7.0807)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DB6BA7
RGB	219, 107, 167
RGB Percent	86%, 42%, 65%
CMY	0.1412, 0.5804, 0.3451
CMYK	0.00, 0.51, 0.24, 0.14
HSL	328°, 61%, 64%
HSV	328°, 51%, 86%
XYZ	41.4462, 28.3655, 39.8499
YIQ	147.3280, 47.4920, 42.4040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

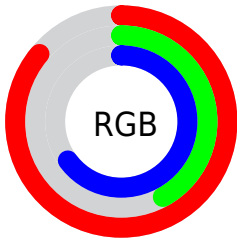
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	219, 107, 167
Decimal	14379943
CIE Lab	60.22, 50.63, -11.65
CIE LCh	60, 51.953, 347.043
Yxy	28.3669, 0.3779, 0.2587
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292570023 (0xFFDB6BA7)
YUV	147.3280, 9.6983, 62.8563
Hunter-Lab	53.2593, 45.7044, -7.0807

# Details

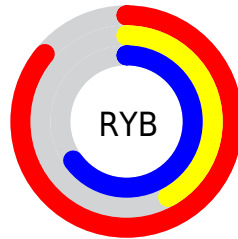
The HunterLab color **53.2593, 45.7044, -7.0807** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **75.0286, -41.7169, 19.5794**, and the grayscale version is **54.0979, -2.8865, 2.9392**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.3703, 39.4576, -11.3317**, and **33.7062, 41.9808, -7.0262** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.9924, 54.6882, -7.3659**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.2384, 36.0202, -5.9193**.

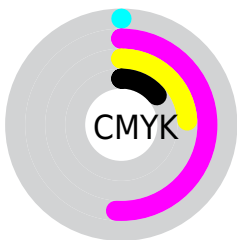
# Distribution



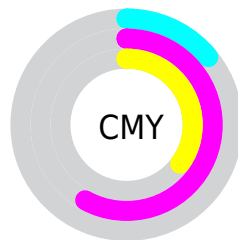
- Red (86%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.2593, 45.7044, -7.0807 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.2593, 45.7044, -7.0807 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



53.2593, 45.7044,  
-7.0807

53.2593, 45.7044,  
-7.0807

171.5273, 56.9957,  
-4.7229

43.1305, 43.9524,  
-7.0745

75.5445, 48.8680,  
-6.9000

33.7392, 42.0963,  
-6.9982

87.6224, 50.2932,  
-6.7261

25.1502, 40.1575,  
-6.8431

100.2831, 51.6211,  
-6.5016

17.4467, 38.2164,  
-6.6026

113.5008, 52.8574,  
-6.2299

10.7456, 36.5455,  
-6.2788

127.2532, 54.0081,  
-5.9138

1.5563, 150.0132,  
-30.9420

141.5200, 55.0783,

0.0000, INF, NaN

-5.5558

0.0000, NaN, NaN

156.2834, 56.0727,  
-5.1582

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.2593, 45.7044,  
-7.0807

■ 53.2593, 45.7044,  
-7.0807

■ 48.9924, 54.6882,  
-7.3659

■ 58.2384, 36.0202,  
-5.9193

■ 45.5347, 62.3886,  
-6.6122

■ 63.8228, 26.0666,  
-4.0673

■ 42.9639, 68.1335,  
-4.7321


■ 69.9209, 16.0994,  
-1.6833


■ 41.2972, 71.4060,  
-1.8006


■ 76.4541, 6.2561,  
1.1055


■ 40.4376, 72.4451,  
1.3665

■ 83.3580, -3.4035,  
4.2038

 90.5806, -12.8638,  
7.5413

 96.3139, -19.4825,  
9.1275

 96.6329, -17.6910,  
4.5729

 96.8505, -16.4720,  
1.4734

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.2606, 32.3004, -33.0496



53.2593, 45.7044, -7.0807



53.2606, 44.6507, 13.5196

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.2606, 45.7015, -7.0793



53.2606, -14.8355, 29.0077



53.2606, -29.0227, -36.4142

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.2593, 45.7044, -7.0807



75.0286, -41.7169, 19.5794

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.2606, -37.9464, -10.4911



53.2593, 45.7044, -7.0807



53.2606, -30.7277, 23.8742

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.2606, 45.7015, -7.0793



53.2606, 7.1124, 29.2954



53.2606, -38.5143, 11.2564



53.2606, -12.1202, -54.1203



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.2593, 45.7044, -7.0807



53.2606, 35.8733, 22.0791



53.2606, -38.5143, 11.2564



53.2606, -32.9247, -27.9821

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.2606, 45.7015, -7.0793



87.6843, 12.0755, -0.0581



47.7912, 35.9904, -53.0643



39.8032, 6.7374, -0.3531

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.2606, 45.7015, -7.0793



58.0334, 65.3616, -8.7413



51.7303, 38.6289, 14.7794



36.2871, 2.1486, 0.7547



31.1741, 55.9154, 0.5413



8.0433, 14.6250, -1.3968



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.2606, 45.7015, -7.0793



58.0334, 65.3616, -8.7413



76.5598, -32.6591, -2.3536



36.2871, 2.1486, 0.7547



31.1741, 55.9154, 0.5413



8.0433, 14.6250, -1.3968



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.2593, 45.7044, -7.0807 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.2593, 45.7044, -7.0807 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

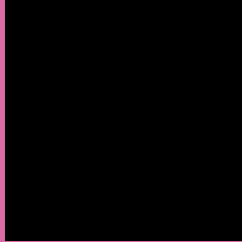
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 53.2593, 45.7044, -7.0807 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.2593, 45.7044, -7.0807.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.2593, 45.7044, -7.0807.

-7.0807.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.2593, 45.7044, -7.0807

### Protanopia

53.5330, 3.0260, -22.1924

### Deuteranopia

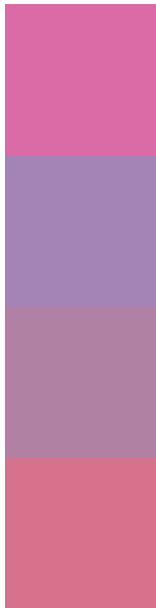
53.4739, 3.4081, -4.3755



## Tritanopia

53.2852, 33.7383, 12.2070

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.2593, 45.7044, -7.0807

## Protanomaly

52.4824, 16.9018, -17.9755

## Deuteranomaly

52.5119, 18.1224, -6.4481

## Tritanomaly

53.2002, 37.6123, 5.7892

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.2593, 45.7044, -7.0807

## Achromatopsia

54.0158, -2.8821, 2.9348

## Achromatomaly

52.6497, 14.0402, -1.7394

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.2593, 45.7044, -7.0807 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 107, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 107, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 107, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 107, 167) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.2593, 45.7044, -7.0807 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 107, 167) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 107, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 107, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 107, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 107, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 107,  
167) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.2593, 45.7044, -7.0807 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 107, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
107, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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