

Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.2834, -20.4140,
-22.5317)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(53.2834, -20.4140,
-22.5317) contains.

HunterLab(53.1181, -20.2676, -22.6411)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(53.1181,
-20.2676, -22.6411)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009EBF
RGB	0, 158, 191
RGB Percent	0%, 62%, 75%
CMY	0.9998, 0.3804, 0.2510
CMYK	1.00, 0.17, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	190°, 100%, 37%
HSV	190°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	21.6308, 28.2153, 53.5963
YIQ	114.5200, -104.7610, -23.2330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

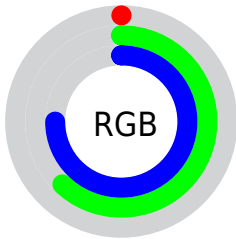
Format	Color
RYB	0, 86, 191
Decimal	40639
CIELab	60.08, -22.67, -26.74
CIELCh	60, 35.056, 229.700
Yxy	28.2163, 0.2091, 0.2728
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278230719 (0xFF009EBF)
YUV	114.5200, 37.7046, -100.4340
Hunter-Lab	53.1181, -20.2676, -22.6411

Details

The HunterLab color **53.1181, -20.2676, -22.6411** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **34.8804, 51.7039, 22.3964**, and the grayscale version is **41.1142, -2.1937, 2.2338**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.4325, -24.0543, -23.1047**, and **34.8055, -11.3201, -19.0670** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.1166, -20.2653, -22.6442**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.3113, -21.1841, -20.7138**.

Distribution



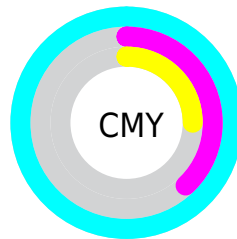
- Red (0%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.1181, -20.2676, -22.6411 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.1181, -20.2676, -22.6411 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

53.1181, -20.2676,
-22.6411

53.1181, -20.2676,
-22.6411

171.3182,
-35.9028, -24.6363

42.9986, -18.3677,
-22.1449

75.3854, -23.9038,
-23.4670

33.6177, -16.3863,
-21.6085

87.4552, -25.6672,
-23.7939

25.0400, -14.2879,
-21.0625

100.1082,
-27.4059, -24.0641

17.3492, -12.0143,
-20.5899

113.3186,
-29.1259, -24.2796

10.6627, -10.1635,
-20.4417

127.0638,
-30.8322, -24.4423

0.9624, -1.6842,
-134.8110

141.3239,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-32.5285, -24.5546

0.0000, NaN, NaN

156.0807,
-34.2179, -24.6186

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.1181, -20.2676,
-22.6411

■ 53.1181, -20.2676,
-22.6411

■ 53.1166, -20.2653,
-22.6442

■ 54.3113, -21.1841,
-20.7138

■ 55.6288, -21.6364,
-18.6355

■ 57.1063, -21.4929,
-16.3633

■ 58.7531, -20.7239,
-13.9006

■ 60.5732, -19.3261,
-11.2600

■ 62.5664, -17.3153,
-8.4596

■ 64.7299, -14.7210,
-5.5199

■ 67.0586, -11.5816,
-2.4621

■ 69.5464, -7.9403,
0.6935

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.1190, -27.4000, -7.2361



53.1181, -20.2676, -22.6411



53.1190, -7.9066, -31.8937

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.1190, -20.2673, -22.6402



53.1190, 28.6934, -2.2630



53.1190, -12.2326, 22.8088

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.1181, -20.2676, -22.6411



34.8804, 51.7039, 22.3964

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.1190, 2.4298, 23.4521



53.1181, -20.2676, -22.6411



53.1190, 27.2024, 11.3492

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.1190, -20.2673, -22.6402



53.1190, 21.0504, -18.1412



53.1190, 17.1778, 19.8759



53.1190, -23.1307, 17.7769

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.1181, -20.2676, -22.6411



53.1190, 2.1205, -31.9735



53.1190, 17.1778, 19.8759



53.1190, -7.6194, 23.4792

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.1190, -20.2673, -22.6402



86.4777, -19.8905, -7.5861



61.1276, -51.8111, 35.4433



39.9341, -10.0512, -4.3500



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



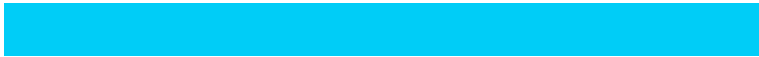
45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.1190, -20.2673, -22.6402



70.8603, -26.8210, -30.6704



27.1922, 26.0706, -90.2617



32.4366, -3.5799, 0.4172



43.1805, -16.5891, -18.1607



8.9751, -3.8444, -2.9191

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.8050, 69.7310, -28.2115



49.2206, 93.2081, -37.3129



51.3275, 11.4486, 31.8269



31.0921, 2.1793, -0.4269



29.8529, 56.5931, -23.1050



5.9722, 11.4255, -5.4266

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.1181, -20.2676, -22.6411 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.1181, -20.2676, -22.6411 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

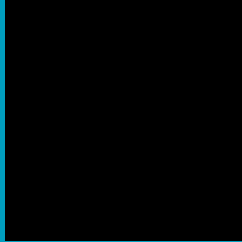
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 53.1181, -20.2676, -22.6411 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.1181, -20.2676, -22.6411.



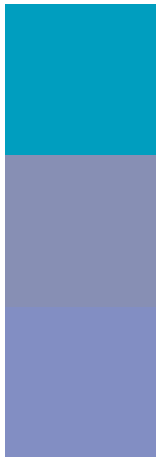
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.1181, -20.2676, -22.6411.

-20.2676, -22.6411.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.1181, -20.2676, -22.6411

Protanopia

53.0010, 1.7245, -15.6145

Deuteranopia

52.9452, 4.2039, -25.1187



Tritanopia

53.0648, -25.2050, -11.9161

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.1181, -20.2676, -22.6411

Protanomaly

51.5935, -10.4401, -20.5032

Deuteranomaly

51.8786, -8.5720, -26.5132

Tritanomaly

53.0015, -23.2528, -16.0511

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.1181, -20.2676, -22.6411

Achromatopsia

41.4054, -2.2093, 2.2496

Achromatomaly

44.3083, -13.7996, -7.7123

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.1181, -20.2676, -22.6411 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 158, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 158, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 158, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 158, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.1181, -20.2676, -22.6411 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 158, 191) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 158, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 158, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 158, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 158, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 158,  
191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.1181, -20.2676, -22.6411 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 158, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 158,  
191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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