

Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.2930, 5.2602,
-2.1939)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(53.2930, 5.2602, -2.1939)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(53.3156, 5.3942,
-2.0297)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9E8C9C
RGB	158, 140, 156
RGB Percent	62%, 55%, 61%
CMY	0.3804, 0.4510, 0.3882
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.01, 0.38
HSL	307°, 8%, 58%
HSV	307°, 11%, 62%
XYZ	29.4793, 28.4255, 35.3854
YIQ	147.2060, 5.5920, 8.7920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

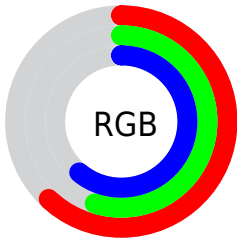
Format	Color
R_{YB}	158, 140, 156
Decimal	10390684
CIE Lab	60.27, 9.69, -6.00
CIE LCh	60, 11.402, 328.240
Yxy	28.4268, 0.3160, 0.3047
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288580764 (0xFF9E8C9C)
YUV	147.2060, 4.3354, 9.4663
Hunter-Lab	53.3156, 5.3942, -2.0297

Details

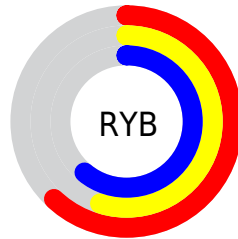
The HunterLab color $53.3156, 5.3942, -2.0297$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $56.5534, -10.8267, 7.8274$, and the grayscale version is $54.0812, -2.8856, 2.9383$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75.7515, 4.9661, -0.9582$, and $33.8497, 5.4631, -2.4553$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49.0682, 13.0318, -6.6063$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57.8278, -2.0927, 2.5434$.

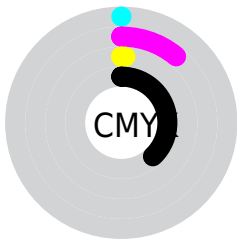
Distribution



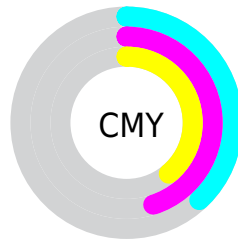
- Red (62%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.3156, 5.3942, -2.0297 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.3156, 5.3942, -2.0297 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.3156, 5.3942,
-2.0297

■ 53.3156, 5.3942,
-2.0297

171.6102, 2.8098,
2.2366

■ 43.1829, 5.4088,
-2.2770

■ 75.6076, 5.1638,
-1.3727

■ 33.7875, 5.3472,
-2.4642

■ 87.6887, 4.9635,
-0.9737

■ 25.1939, 5.1951,
-2.5822

■ 100.3524, 4.7126,
-0.5320

■ 17.4854, 4.9338,
-2.6199

113.5731, 4.4147,
-0.0501

■ 10.7786, 4.5344,
-2.5617

127.3282, 4.0730,
0.4695

■ 1.7364, 24.2357,
-14.2326

141.5978, 3.6901,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.0249

0.0000, NaN, NaN

156.3638, 3.2684,
1.6144

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.3156, 5.3942,
-2.0297

■ 53.3156, 5.3942,
-2.0297

■ 49.0682, 13.0318,
-6.6063

■ 57.8278, -2.0927,
2.5434

■ 45.1250, 20.7680,
-11.1378

■ 62.5657, -9.4052,
7.0831

■ 41.5381, 28.4856,
-15.5345

■ 67.5012, -16.5464,
11.5786

■ 38.3649, 35.9830,
-19.6575

■ 72.6104, -23.5287,
16.0273

■ 35.6659, 42.9529,
-23.3105

■ 77.8736, -30.3692,
20.4311

■ 33.4966, 48.9912,
-26.2517

■ 83.2747, -37.0864,
24.7946

■ 31.8945, 53.6647,
-28.2410

■ 88.8001, -43.6981,
29.1233

■ 30.8615, 56.6474,
-29.1220

■ 90.3843, -45.3645,
29.9379

■ 30.2915, 58.1689,
-29.2148

■ 90.4213, -45.1452,
29.3997

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.3168, 1.6789, -5.6030



53.3156, 5.3942, -2.0297



53.3168, 6.8893, 2.6264

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.3168, 5.3928, -2.0287



53.3168, -2.5583, 11.0978



53.3168, -10.8883, -1.5102

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.3156, 5.3942, -2.0297



56.5534, -10.8267, 7.8274

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.3168, -11.9325, 3.1765



53.3156, 5.3942, -2.0297



53.3168, -7.2282, 10.2024

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.3168, 5.3928, -2.0287



53.3168, 2.1972, 9.9671



53.3168, -10.6163, 7.4029



53.3168, -7.7118, -5.2851

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.3156, 5.3942, -2.0297



53.3168, 6.3886, 5.6290



53.3168, -10.6163, 7.4029



53.3168, -11.4952, 0.0233

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.3168, 5.3928, -2.0287



76.8913, -1.1534, 2.4021



51.9223, 0.8292, -4.9294



36.2800, -0.1759, 0.9123



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.3168, 5.3928, -2.0287



70.1594, 10.2160, -4.5138



53.0466, 3.9508, 1.8103



25.9651, 1.8060, -0.5010



27.1152, 52.0798, -26.2326



3.6705, 7.1203, -4.0969

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.3168, 5.3928, -2.0287



70.1594, 10.2160, -4.5138



56.7959, -9.4679, 4.3557



25.9651, 1.8060, -0.5010



27.1152, 52.0798, -26.2326



3.6705, 7.1203, -4.0969

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.3156, 5.3942, -2.0297 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.3156, 5.3942, -2.0297 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

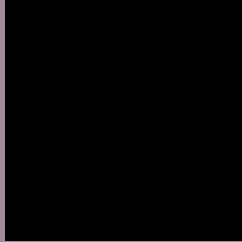
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 53.3156, 5.3942, -2.0297 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.3156, 5.3942, -2.0297.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.3156, 5.3942, -2.0297.

-2.0297.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.3156, 5.3942, -2.0297

Protanopia

53.2720, -0.3005, -3.6857

Deuteranopia

53.3091, 3.9572, -2.0631



Tritanopia

53.3712, 3.9153, -0.0445

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.3156, 5.3942, -2.0297

Protanomaly

53.3883, 1.4852, -2.9999

Deuteranomaly

53.4022, 4.2689, -1.9393

Tritanomaly

53.4020, 4.0802, -0.4823

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.3156, 5.3942, -2.0297

Achromatopsia

54.0158, -2.8821, 2.9348

Achromatomaly

53.5984, 0.2539, 1.1133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.3156, 5.3942, -2.0297 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 140, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 140, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 140, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 140, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.3156, 5.3942, -2.0297 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 140, 156) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 140, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 140, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 140, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 140, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 140,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.3156, 5.3942, -2.0297 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 140, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
140, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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