

Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.3834, 21.6811,
-52.3463)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(53.3834, 21.6811,
-52.3463) contains.

HunterLab(53.3834, 21.6811, -52.3463)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(53.3834, 21.6811,
-52.3463)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F85E9
RGB	143, 133, 233
RGB Percent	56%, 52%, 91%
CMY	0.4392, 0.4784, 0.0863
CMYK	0.39, 0.43, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	246°, 69%, 72%
HSV	246°, 43%, 91%
XYZ	34.4232, 28.4979, 80.7771
YIQ	147.3900, -26.1400, 33.2200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

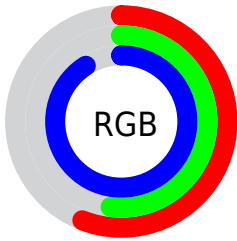
Format	Color
RYB	143, 133, 233
Decimal	9405929
CIELab	60.34, 27.37, -49.44
CIElCh	60, 56.508, 298.968
Yxy	28.4989, 0.2396, 0.1983
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287596009 (0xFF8F85E9)
YUV	147.3900, 42.2057, -3.8500
Hunter-Lab	53.3834, 21.6811, -52.3463

Details

The HunterLab color **53.3834, 21.6811, -52.3463** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **86.9825, -21.2848, 38.0994**, and the grayscale version is **54.0168, -2.8822, 2.9348**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.9034, 14.2071, -30.1126**, and **33.7447, 20.0784, -51.9381** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.9467, 29.4701, -70.6511**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.3608, 14.6572, -36.4228**.

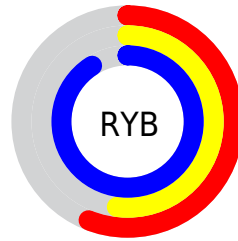
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (52%)

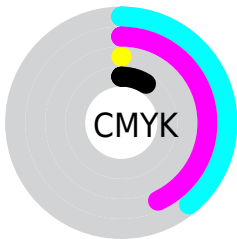
Blue (91%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (91%)

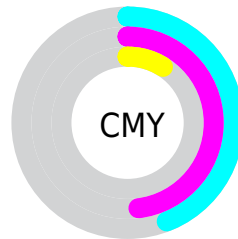


Cyan (39%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.3834, 21.6811, -52.3463 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.3834, 21.6811, -52.3463 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.3834, 21.6811,
-52.3463

■ 53.3834, 21.6811,
-52.3463

171.7100, 25.4798,
-58.4312

■ 43.2459, 20.8392,
-51.7528

■ 75.6835, 23.0568,
-53.7824

■ 33.8455, 19.8780,
-51.3828

■ 87.7685, 23.6108,
-54.5299

■ 25.2466, 18.7827,
-51.4694

■ 100.4359, 24.0863,
-55.2640

■ 17.5321, 17.5397,
-52.5458

113.6601, 24.4896,
-55.9719

■ 10.8183, 16.1547,
-56.0717

127.4186, 24.8263,
-56.6463

■ 1.9310, 61.6561,
-193.9663

141.6914, 25.1009,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-57.2824

0.0000, NaN, -NF

156.4606, 25.3176,
-57.8779

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.3834, 21.6811,
-52.3463

■ 53.3834, 21.6811,
-52.3463

■ 45.9467, 29.4701,
-70.6511

■ 61.3608, 14.6572,
-36.4228

■ 39.2092, 38.1041,
-91.7455

■ 69.7658, 8.2508,
-22.3817

■ 33.4054, 47.3813,
-115.4130

■ 78.5229, 2.3209,
-9.7830

■ 28.8464, 56.3926,
-139.6889

■ 87.5774, -3.2469,
1.7170

■ 25.8532, 63.1966,
-159.7589

■ 96.8892, -8.5413,
12.3782

■ 24.6353, 66.0693,
-169.1992

■ 99.3294, -9.0222,
15.0323

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.3844, -3.6889, -63.2554



53.3834, 21.6811, -52.3463



53.3844, 43.3067, -25.4162

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.3844, 21.6810, -52.3448



53.3844, 23.3969, 28.6651



53.3844, -41.9546, 3.6990

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.3834, 21.6811, -52.3463



86.9825, -21.2848, 38.0994

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.3844, -37.2410, 21.0982



53.3834, 21.6811, -52.3463



53.3844, -2.0085, 30.9623

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.3844, 21.6810, -52.3448



53.3844, 44.4154, 20.2443



53.3844, -23.6240, 28.9806



53.3844, -37.8499, -23.3737

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.3834, 21.6811, -52.3463



53.3844, 51.1043, -6.3052



53.3844, -23.6240, 28.9806



53.3844, -41.3660, 10.7212

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.3844, 21.6810, -52.3448



86.8430, 2.6641, -11.0323



79.7783, -26.0184, -8.5896



39.1685, 1.8894, -6.4841

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.3844, 21.6810, -52.3448



51.4233, 32.0472, -76.8330



58.3066, 35.9979, -41.8332



38.2374, 0.1711, -2.6745



18.6223, 49.8168, -126.9227



5.4470, 14.1404, -33.7845

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.7910, 47.3533, -26.3984



64.5543, 64.6510, -36.0545



82.9796, -36.3524, 34.6394



39.0977, 3.0111, -0.9706



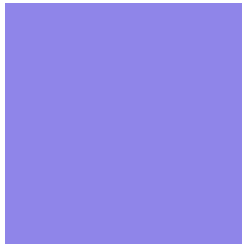
35.3158, 67.9610, -35.1756



9.9342, 19.1768, -10.3576

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.3834, 21.6811, -52.3463 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

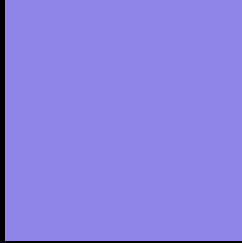
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.3834, 21.6811, -52.3463 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

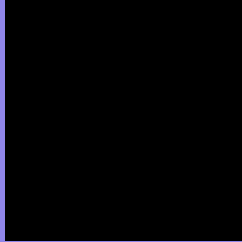
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 53.3834, 21.6811, -52.3463 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.3834, 21.6811, -52.3463.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.3834, 21.6811, -52.3463.

-52.3463.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.3834, 21.6811, -52.3463

Protanopia

53.5725, 10.7905, -58.9006

Deuteranopia

53.4422, 4.8254, -50.0394



Tritanopia

53.3889, -7.2223, -4.6736

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.3834, 21.6811, -52.3463

Protanomaly

53.4418, 14.2714, -56.5603

Deuteranomaly

53.2885, 10.2106, -51.1008

Tritanomaly

53.0456, 2.4270, -19.8192

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.3834, 21.6811, -52.3463

Achromatopsia

54.0158, -2.8821, 2.9348

Achromatomaly

53.5456, 4.8463, -13.5586

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.3834, 21.6811, -52.3463 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 133, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 133, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 133, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 133, 233) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.3834, 21.6811, -52.3463 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 133, 233) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 133, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 133, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 133, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 133, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 133,  
233) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.3834, 21.6811, -52.3463 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 133, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
133, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor