

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.4925, 45.7915,  
33.7635)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(53.4925, 45.7915,  
33.7635) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(53.4392, 45.8150,  
33.7310)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F36600
RGB	243, 102, 0
RGB Percent	95%, 40%, 0%
CMY	0.0471, 0.6000, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.58, 1.00, 0.05
HSL	25°, 100%, 48%
HSV	25°, 100%, 95%
XYZ	41.7136, 28.5575, 3.3136
YIQ	132.5310, 116.7780, -1.8300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

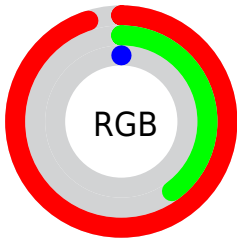
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	243, 176, 0
Decimal	15951360
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	60.39, 50.70, 69.26
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	60, 85.838, 53.795
Yxy	28.5591, 0.5669, 0.3881
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294141440 (0xFFFF36600)
YUV	132.5310, -65.3378, 96.8813
Hunter-Lab	53.4392, 45.8150, 33.7310

# Details

The HunterLab color **53.4392, 45.8150, 33.7310** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6600**. The color can be described as dark saturated orange. A complement of this color would be **50.5176, 2.4111, -68.3469**, and the grayscale version is **48.4644, -2.5859, 2.6332**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.6603, 24.8741, 37.4742**, and **33.9087, 42.6608, 21.6412** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.4399, 45.8125, 33.7314**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.2473, 39.2580, 34.4179**.

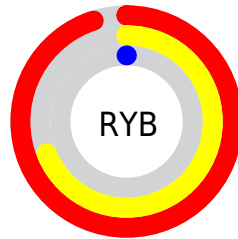
# Distribution



Red (95%)

Green (40%)

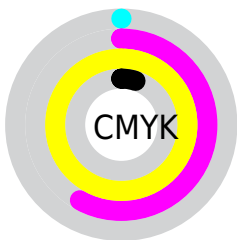
Blue (0%)



Red (95%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (0%)

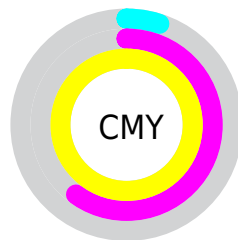


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (5%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.4392, 45.8150, 33.7310 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.4392, 45.8150, 33.7310 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



53.4392, 45.8150,  
33.7310

53.4392, 45.8150,  
33.7310

171.7932, 57.1124,  
71.8461

43.2984, 44.0608,  
28.5874

75.7469, 48.9781,  
43.3214

33.8940, 42.2042,  
23.6798

87.8350, 50.4041,  
47.8125

25.2905, 40.2646,  
17.7033

100.5054, 51.7328,  
52.1336

17.5710, 38.3212,  
12.2997

113.7326, 52.9701,  
56.3062

10.8514, 36.6418,  
7.5960

127.4939, 54.1217,  
60.3489

2.0793, 113.0120,  
1.4555

141.7694, 55.1928,

0.0000, INF, NaN

64.2777

0.0000, NaN, NaN

156.5412, 56.1883,  
68.1062

0.0000, NaN, NaN

53.4392, 45.8150,  
33.7310

53.4392, 45.8150,  
33.7310

53.4399, 45.8125,  
33.7314

56.2473, 39.2580,  
34.4179

59.4085, 32.8006,  
34.3246

62.9080, 26.6244,  
33.3040

66.7191, 20.8258,  
31.3814

70.8137, 15.4542,  
28.6231

■ 75.1649, 10.5257,  
25.1117

■ 79.7477, 6.0341,  
20.9319

■ 84.5397, 1.9593,  
16.1637

■ 89.5206, -1.7259,  
10.8793

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.4407, 78.7330, 23.5947



53.4392, 45.8150, 33.7310



53.4407, 5.0284, 35.9027

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.4407, 45.8104, 33.7317



53.4407, -56.6561, 9.6986



53.4407, 28.8686, -102.9313

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.4392, 45.8150, 33.7310



50.5176, 2.4111, -68.3469

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.4407, -10.3051, -116.9792



53.4392, 45.8150, 33.7310



53.4407, -53.4895, -32.0886

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.4407, 45.8104, 33.7317



53.4407, -48.8787, 29.3822



53.4407, -38.6200, -85.1591



53.4407, 67.2411, -54.2407



# Rectangle

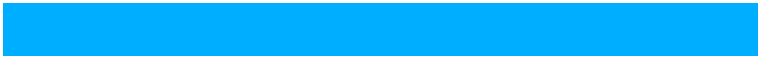
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.4392, 45.8150, 33.7310



53.4407, -18.7326, 35.7022



53.4407, -38.6200, -85.1591



53.4407, 15.1258, -112.8073

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.4407, 45.8104, 33.7317



84.1966, 6.4101, 22.1482



45.8261, 82.7231, -3.2983



37.9938, 3.8686, 11.1465

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.4407, 45.8104, 33.7317



56.3774, 48.5725, 35.5899



84.6737, -14.7730, 51.9168



41.9829, -0.8899, 4.9564



39.9083, 33.1259, 25.1712



12.6422, 7.8446, 7.9274

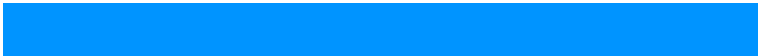


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.5176, 2.4111, -68.3469



53.2791, 2.6912, -72.4039



26.4207, 64.7822, -172.8686



41.8618, -3.4136, -0.5271



37.7871, 1.1515, -49.7163



12.0745, -1.1248, -12.6639



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.4392, 45.8150, 33.7310 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.4392, 45.8150, 33.7310 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 53.4392, 45.8150, 33.7310 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.4392, 45.8150, 33.7310.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.4392, 45.8150,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.4392, 45.8150, 33.7310

### Protanopia

53.4967, -7.0311, 31.9429

### Tritanopia

53.4195, 53.8660, 20.1950

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.4392, 45.8150, 33.7310

## Protanomaly

52.2850, 11.1295, 31.9001

## Tritanomaly

53.2340, 49.6877, 28.2701

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.4392, 45.8150, 33.7310

## Achromatopsia

48.4304, -2.5841, 2.6313

## Achromatomaly

48.4347, 10.4429, 19.5075

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.4392, 45.8150, 33.7310 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 102, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 102, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 102, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 102, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.4392, 45.8150, 33.7310 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 102, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 102, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 102, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 102, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 102, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 102,  
0) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.4392, 45.8150, 33.7310 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 102, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
102, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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