

Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.4949, -12.8200,
-26.5626)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(53.4949, -12.8200,
-26.5626) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(53.5847,
-13.0618, -26.3245)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 439BC6 |
| RGB | 67, 155, 198 |
| RGB Percent | 26%, 61%, 78% |
| CMY | 0.7372, 0.3921, 0.2235 |
| CMYK | 0.66, 0.22, 0.00, 0.22 |
| HSL | 200°, 53%, 52% |
| HSV | 200°, 66%, 78% |
| XYZ | 24.2291, 28.7132, 57.6913 |
| YIQ | 133.5900, -66.2510, -5.2830 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

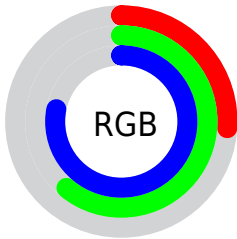
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 67, 120, 198 |
| Decimal | 4430790 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 60.53, -12.83, -29.89 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 61, 32.529, 246.774 |
| Yxy | 28.7142, 0.2190, 0.2595 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4282620870 (0xFF439BC6) |
| YUV | 133.5900, 31.7541, -58.3994 |
| Hunter-Lab | 53.5847, -13.0618, -26.3245 |

Details

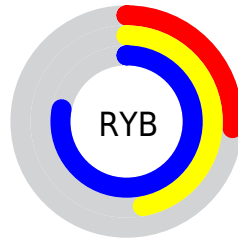
The HunterLab color **53.5847, -13.0618, -26.3245** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **48.5432, 24.9181, 23.8611**, and the grayscale version is **48.5623, -2.5912, 2.6385**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.7695, -15.3880, -27.6116**, and **34.5170, -8.7721, -24.2069** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.0141, -12.1423, -30.8718**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.3557, -13.2983, -21.7151**.

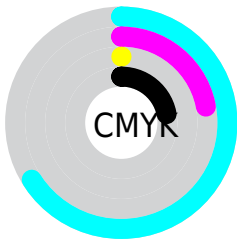
Distribution



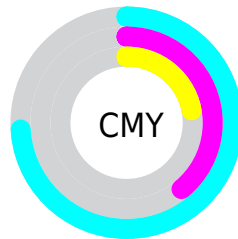
- Red (26%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.5847, -13.0618, -26.3245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.5847, -13.0618, -26.3245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.5847, -13.0618,
-26.3245

■ 53.5847, -13.0618,
-26.3245

172.0070,
-24.5555, -29.0561

■ 43.4336, -11.7735,
-25.7665

■ 75.9096, -15.6032,
-27.3003

■ 34.0185, -10.4614,
-25.1865

■ 88.0060, -16.8683,
-27.7088

■ 25.4035, -9.1095,
-24.6297

■ 100.6843,
-18.1346, -28.0626

■ 17.6710, -7.6910,
-24.2114

■ 113.9190,
-19.4046, -28.3625

■ 10.9366, -6.1688,
-24.2654

■ 127.6875,
-20.6804, -28.6100

■ 2.4190, -4.2333,
-64.7158

141.9700,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-21.9634, -28.8068

0.0000, NaN, NaN

156.7485,
-23.2548, -28.9549

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.5847, -13.0618,
-26.3245

■ 53.5847, -13.0618,
-26.3245

■ 51.0141, -12.1423,
-30.8718

■ 56.3557, -13.2983,
-21.7151

■ 48.6445, -10.5292,
-35.3285

■ 59.3164, -12.8865,
-17.0779

■ 46.4707, -8.2546,
-39.6742

■ 62.4578, -11.8729,
-12.4386

■ 45.6664, -7.2847,
-41.3534

■ 65.7685, -10.3102,
-7.8181

■ 69.2372, -8.2521,
-3.2317

■ 72.8528, -5.7502,
1.3105

■ 76.6046, -2.8524,
5.8026

■ 80.4828, 0.3977,
10.2418

■ 84.4784, 3.9613,
14.6278

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.5857, -22.7487, -14.7715



53.5847, -13.0618, -26.3245



53.5857, 0.3472, -29.2170

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.5857, -13.0616, -26.3235



53.5857, 26.5465, 5.8476



53.5857, -18.0314, 19.6300

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.5847, -13.0618, -26.3245



48.5432, 24.9181, 23.8611

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.5857, -5.9975, 22.6110



53.5847, -13.0618, -26.3245



53.5857, 20.4280, 16.0841

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.5857, -13.0616, -26.3235



53.5857, 24.1612, -8.1858



53.5857, 8.1625, 21.5040



53.5857, -25.4058, 12.0575

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.5847, -13.0618, -26.3245



53.5857, 9.7996, -25.3219



53.5857, 8.1625, 21.5040



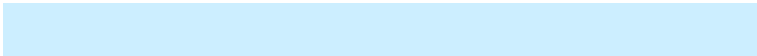
53.5857, -14.4474, 21.1002

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.5857, -13.0616, -26.3235



90.1984, -12.1911, -6.8220



65.3263, -45.3478, 26.4594



41.1221, -5.9973, -3.9622

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.5857, -13.0616, -26.3235



66.5829, -15.4037, -43.4869



35.7168, 18.7146, -66.3522



33.8497, -3.1186, -0.0708



37.0453, -6.2141, -32.8889



8.8207, -2.4824, -5.6663

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.8809, 54.8890, -15.4944



52.4645, 84.1196, -20.5253



65.3282, -6.5723, 35.3194



32.7950, 2.0960, 0.1569



29.8754, 54.9037, -9.6964



6.5997, 12.3003, -3.4722

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.5847, -13.0618, -26.3245 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.5847, -13.0618, -26.3245 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

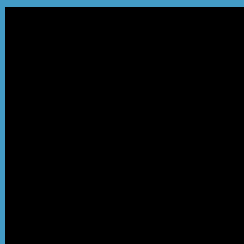
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

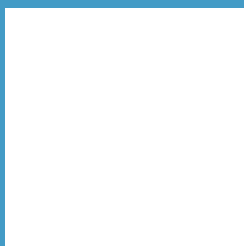
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 53.5847, -13.0618, -26.3245 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.5847, -13.0618, -26.3245.



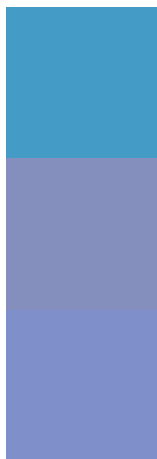
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.5847, -13.0618, -26.3245.

-13.0618, -26.3245.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.5847, -13.0618, -26.3245

Protanopia

53.2030, 3.1204, -20.8143

Deuteranopia

53.2672, 4.3558, -28.6069



Tritanopia

53.7733, -22.4624, -10.8496

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.5847, -13.0618, -26.3245

Protanomaly

52.8436, -3.7902, -23.4572

Deuteranomaly

52.9536, -2.7178, -28.6000

Tritanomaly

53.6010, -19.1552, -16.2598

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.5847, -13.0618, -26.3245

Achromatopsia

48.8260, -2.6052, 2.6528

Achromatomaly

50.0952, -8.6018, -7.0352

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.5847, -13.0618, -26.3245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 155, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 155, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 155, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 155, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.5847, -13.0618, -26.3245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 155, 198) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 155, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 155, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 155, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 155, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 155,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.5847, -13.0618, -26.3245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 155, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 155,  
198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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