

Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.5058, 2.2919,
-71.8251)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(53.5058, 2.2919,
-71.8251) contains.

HunterLab(53.5863, 2.1505, -71.6205)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(53.5863, 2.1505,
-71.6205)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0095FF
RGB	0, 149, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 58%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.4157, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.42, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	205°, 100%, 50%
HSV	205°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	28.7975, 28.7149, 98.6325
YIQ	116.5330, -122.8300, 1.3780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _{YB}	0, 94, 255
Decimal	38399
CIE Lab	60.53, 5.96, -61.57
CIE LCh	61, 61.855, 275.525
Yxy	28.7157, 0.1844, 0.1839
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278228479 (0xFF0095FF)
YUV	116.5330, 68.2642, -102.1994
Hunter-Lab	53.5863, 2.1505, -71.6205

Details

The HunterLab color $53.5863, 2.1505, -71.6205$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $0099FF$. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be $56.1995, 49.0330, 35.4860$, and the grayscale version is $41.7845, -2.2295, 2.2702$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73.0593, -15.2506, -32.0254$, and $36.0568, 9.4501, -65.4678$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53.5772, 2.1665, -71.6437$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56.9549, -2.6171, -63.4370$.

Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.5863, 2.1505, -71.6205 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.5863, 2.1505, -71.6205 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.5863, 2.1505,
-71.6205

■ 53.5863, 2.1505,
-71.6205

172.0091, -1.8628,
-78.4835

■ 43.4349, 2.3674,
-71.3568

■ 75.9112, 1.5554,
-72.8541

■ 34.0197, 2.5194,
-71.5942

■ 88.0076, 1.1849,
-73.6348

■ 25.4045, 2.5979,
-72.7679

■ 100.6860, 0.7710,
-74.4565

■ 17.6720, 2.5885,
-75.8566

■ 113.9207, 0.3165,
-75.2915

■ 10.9375, 2.4687,
-83.5121

■ 127.6894, -0.1761,
-76.1218

■ 2.4220, 10.5853,
-241.7353

141.9719, -0.7046,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-76.9353

0.0000, NaN, -NF

156.7505, -1.2674,
-77.7244

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 53.5863, 2.1505,
-71.6205

■ 53.5863, 2.1505,
-71.6205

■ 53.5772, 2.1665,
-71.6437

■ 56.9549, -2.6171,
-63.4370

■ 60.6242, -6.4766,
-55.2826

■ 64.6149, -9.3108,
-47.1587

■ 68.9140, -11.1403,
-39.1261

■ 73.5018, -12.0283,
-31.2341

■ 78.3563, -12.0582,
-23.5153

■ 83.4552, -11.3193,
-15.9867

■ 88.7776, -9.8988,
-8.6526

■ 94.3042, -7.8773,
-1.5090

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.5870, -22.4472, -62.9423



53.5863, 2.1505, -71.6205



53.5870, 30.2109, -53.7065

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.5870, 2.1516, -71.6186



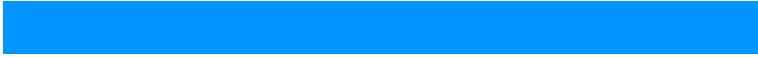
53.5870, 45.4369, 24.1851



53.5870, -41.9179, 19.4117

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.5863, 2.1505, -71.6205



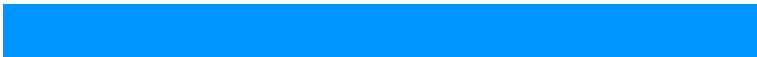
56.1995, 49.0330, 35.4860

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.5870, -29.4593, 29.3269



53.5863, 2.1505, -71.6205



53.5870, 20.0150, 30.9911

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.5870, 2.1516, -71.6186



53.5870, 58.1361, 7.3929



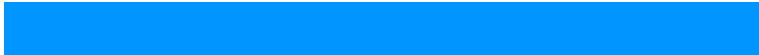
53.5870, -7.6980, 32.2611



53.5870, -44.8580, -1.9820

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.5863, 2.1505, -71.6205



53.5870, 46.1525, -32.5758



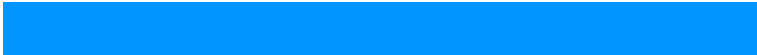
53.5870, -7.6980, 32.2611



53.5870, -38.8420, 23.7946

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.5870, 2.1516, -71.6186



83.4395, -11.3226, -16.0090



85.1356, -68.9758, 42.4901



37.5953, -5.4228, -8.8642

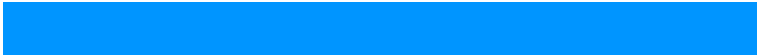
0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.5870, 2.1516, -71.6186



53.5772, 2.1665, -71.6437



28.1786, 67.3129, -180.5202



43.7506, -3.5947, -0.5464



39.1162, 0.8892, -50.8113



13.0598, -1.1577, -13.8245

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.4062, 87.3710, -3.4701



48.4035, 87.3732, -3.4575



88.0796, -13.4941, 54.0365



42.6205, 2.7037, 0.6065



35.0322, 63.3157, -3.1139



11.0305, 20.1148, -2.3663

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.5863, 2.1505, -71.6205 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

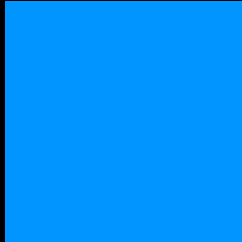
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.5863, 2.1505, -71.6205 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

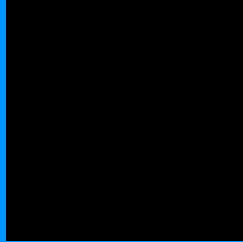
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

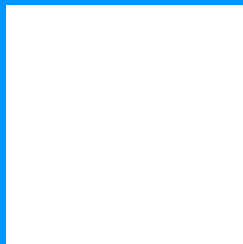
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 53.5863, 2.1505, -71.6205 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.5863, 2.1505, -71.6205.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.5863, 2.1505, -71.6205.

-71.6205.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.5863, 2.1505, -71.6205

Protanopia

53.6432, 11.8132, -64.8937

Deuteranopia

53.6335, 5.3170, -71.4438



Tritanopia

53.3557, -25.8231, -10.9452

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.5863, 2.1505, -71.6205

Protanomaly

53.1720, 6.2765, -68.8938

Deuteranomaly

53.5788, 3.6366, -71.6137

Tritanomaly

53.2712, -17.1028, -29.6643

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.5863, 2.1505, -71.6205

Achromatopsia

42.1768, -2.2504, 2.2915

Achromatomaly

44.6614, -7.6175, -21.1473

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.5863, 2.1505, -71.6205 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 149, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 149, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 149, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 149, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.5863, 2.1505, -71.6205 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 149, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 149, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 149, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 149, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 149, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 149,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.5863, 2.1505, -71.6205 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 149, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 149,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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