

Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.5360, 41.1002,
-6.5144)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(53.5360, 41.1002,
-6.5144) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(53.5486, 41.2962,
-6.7597)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D670A7
RGB	214, 112, 167
RGB Percent	84%, 44%, 65%
CMY	0.1608, 0.5608, 0.3451
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.22, 0.16
HSL	328°, 55%, 64%
HSV	328°, 48%, 84%
XYZ	40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593
YIQ	148.7680, 43.1370, 38.7290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

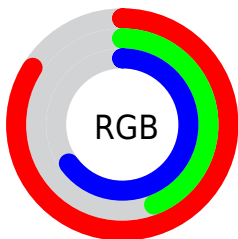
Format	Color
RYB	214, 112, 167
Decimal	14053543
CIELab	60.49, 46.54, -11.30
CIELCh	60, 47.890, 346.346
Yxy	28.6759, 0.3711, 0.2628
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292243623 (0xFFD670A7)
YUV	148.7680, 8.9884, 57.2085
Hunter-Lab	53.5486, 41.2962, -6.7597

Details

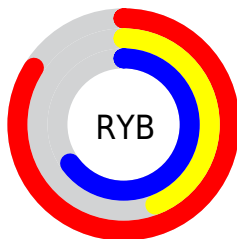
The HunterLab color **53.5486, 41.2962, -6.7597** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **73.5132, -38.8362, 18.1619**, and the grayscale version is **54.6822, -2.9177, 2.9710**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.3528, 37.2553, -10.0065**, and **33.9615, 38.1342, -6.7218** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.1429, 50.3439, -7.3970**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.6101, 31.7318, -5.3337**.

Distribution



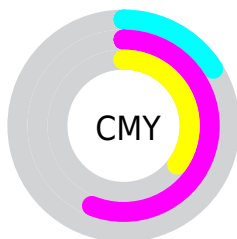
- Red (84%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.5486, 41.2962, -6.7597 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.5486, 41.2962, -6.7597 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

53.5486, 41.2962,
-6.7597

53.5486, 41.2962,
-6.7597

171.9543, 51.3290,
-4.2781

43.4002, 39.6868,
-6.7698

75.8695, 44.1682,
-6.5482

33.9878, 37.9645,
-6.7104

87.9638, 45.4485,
-6.3597

25.3756, 36.1391,
-6.5725

100.6402, 46.6332,
-6.1211

17.6463, 34.2642,
-6.3488

113.8730, 47.7287,
-5.8357

10.9156, 32.5355,
-6.0390

127.6397, 48.7410,
-5.5064

2.3398, 90.3280,
-19.8996

141.9205, 49.6754,

0.0000, INF, NaN

-5.1356

0.0000, NaN, NaN

156.6974, 50.5366,
-4.7255

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.5486, 41.2962,
-6.7597

■ 53.5486, 41.2962,
-6.7597

■ 49.1429, 50.3439,
-7.3970

■ 58.6101, 31.7318,
-5.3337

■ 45.4897, 58.3628,
-7.0750

■ 64.2265, 22.0095,
-3.2956

■ 42.6760, 64.7093,
-5.6692

■ 70.3136, 12.3312,
-0.7889

■ 40.7430, 68.7958,
-3.1858

■ 76.8001, 2.8001,
2.0740

■ 39.6303, 70.4456,
0.1535

■ 83.6279, -6.5435,
5.2098

■ 39.4246, 70.6781,
0.9618

■ 90.7503, -15.6944,
8.5577

■ 95.8510, -21.2974,
9.5887

■ 96.1579, -19.5671,
5.2038

■ 96.4553, -17.8958,
0.9677

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.5499, 28.8977, -30.1412



53.5486, 41.2962, -6.7597



53.5499, 40.6676, 12.4672

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.5499, 41.2935, -6.7583



53.5499, -13.5524, 27.9224



53.5499, -27.5390, -32.1171

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.5486, 41.2962, -6.7597



73.5132, -38.8362, 18.1619

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.5499, -35.7990, -8.8038



53.5486, 41.2962, -6.7597



53.5499, -28.5981, 22.9389

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.5499, 41.2935, -6.7583



53.5499, 6.8087, 28.1155



53.5499, -36.1548, 11.0642



53.5499, -11.8883, -48.1104

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.5486, 41.2962, -6.7597



53.5499, 32.9013, 20.7751



53.5499, -36.1548, 11.0642



53.5499, -31.1611, -24.5515

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.5499, 41.2935, -6.7583



88.4789, 10.9208, 0.2236



48.6868, 32.1711, -46.9101



40.1485, 6.2299, -0.2388

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.5499, 41.2935, -6.7583



59.9735, 61.2962, -9.0183



52.1274, 34.5982, 13.5473



35.4001, 2.0900, 0.7246



30.6854, 55.0746, 0.2548



7.6457, 13.9223, -1.4846

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.5499, 41.2935, -6.7583



59.9735, 61.2962, -9.0183



74.9247, -30.5196, -2.0493



35.4001, 2.0900, 0.7246



30.6854, 55.0746, 0.2548



7.6457, 13.9223, -1.4846

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.5486, 41.2962, -6.7597 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

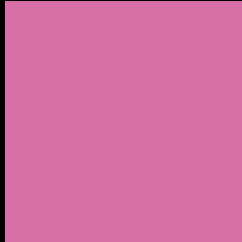
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.5486, 41.2962, -6.7597 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

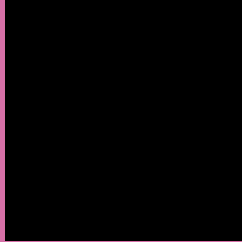
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 53.5486, 41.2962, -6.7597 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.5486, 41.2962, -6.7597.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.5486, 41.2962, -6.7597.

-6.7597.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.5486, 41.2962, -6.7597

Protanopia

53.9220, 2.6373, -19.6643

Deuteranopia

53.5975, 3.8892, -4.7182



Tritanopia

53.5659, 30.1931, 10.9313

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.5486, 41.2962, -6.7597

Protanomaly

52.9186, 15.4596, -16.1007

Deuteranomaly

52.9404, 16.9226, -6.4165

Tritanomaly

53.4083, 33.8983, 5.0939

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.5486, 41.2962, -6.7597

Achromatopsia

54.8219, -2.9252, 2.9786

Achromatomaly

53.7521, 12.3274, -1.3554

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.5486, 41.2962, -6.7597 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 112, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 112, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 112, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 112, 167) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.5486, 41.2962, -6.7597 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 112, 167) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 112, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 112, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 112, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 112, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 112,  
167) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.5486, 41.2962, -6.7597 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 112, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
112, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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