

Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.5483, 6.5794,
-22.5147)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(53.5483, 6.5794,
-22.5147) contains.

HunterLab(53.6393, 6.3438, -22.6037)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(53.6393, 6.3438,
-22.6037)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C8EC1
RGB	140, 142, 193
RGB Percent	55%, 56%, 76%
CMY	0.4510, 0.4431, 0.2431
CMYK	0.27, 0.26, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	238°, 30%, 65%
HSV	238°, 27%, 76%
XYZ	30.1139, 28.7717, 54.4184
YIQ	147.2160, -17.5630, 15.4370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

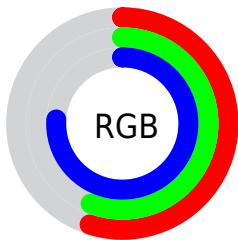
Format	Color
RYB	140, 142, 193
Decimal	9211585
CIELab	60.58, 10.78, -26.68
CIELCh	61, 28.777, 291.994
Yxy	28.7729, 0.2658, 0.2539
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287401665 (0xFF8C8EC1)
YUV	147.2160, 22.5715, -6.3284
Hunter-Lab	53.6393, 6.3438, -22.6037

Details

The HunterLab color $53.6393, 6.3438, -22.6037$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $71.0584, -10.4138, 22.9008$, and the grayscale version is $54.0209, -2.8824, 2.9351$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76.1473, 6.2208, -23.3901$, and $34.0486, 6.0084, -21.4482$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47.0818, 10.8944, -34.3325$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60.4926, 2.2974, -12.1341$.

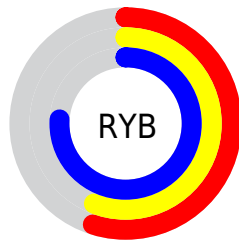
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (56%)

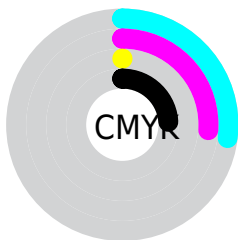
Blue (76%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (76%)

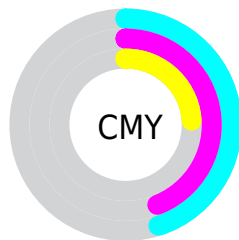


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.6393, 6.3438, -22.6037 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.6393, 6.3438, -22.6037 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.6393, 6.3438,
-22.6037

■ 53.6393, 6.3438,
-22.6037

■ 172.0877, 4.1538,
-24.5617

■ 43.4846, 6.3051,
-22.1109

■ 75.9711, 6.2142,
-23.4208

■ 34.0655, 6.1861,
-21.5770

■ 88.0705, 6.0606,
-23.7434

■ 25.4461, 5.9728,
-21.0305

■ 100.7518, 5.8545,
-24.0093

■ 17.7088, 5.6456,
-20.5500

■ 113.9893, 5.5998,
-24.2206

■ 10.9689, 5.1752,
-20.3703

■ 127.7606, 5.2997,
-24.3793

■ 2.5354, 18.3871,
-51.9622

142.0457, 4.9572,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-24.4876

0.0000, NaN, NaN

156.8268, 4.5745,
-24.5477

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.6393, 6.3438,
-22.6037

■ 53.6393, 6.3438,
-22.6037

■ 47.0818, 10.8944,
-34.3325

■ 60.4926, 2.2974,
-12.1341

■ 40.8839, 16.1015,
-47.6923

■ 67.5911, -1.3625,
-2.6308

■ 35.1431, 22.1298,
-63.0761

■ 74.9014, -4.7273,
6.1342

■ 30.0010, 29.0882,
-80.7122

■ 82.3975, -7.8651,
14.3315

■ 25.6585, 36.8228,
-100.1275

■ 90.0592, -10.8270,
22.0893

■ 22.3714, 44.5185,
-119.1479

■ 97.7929, -13.9296,
29.4272

■ 20.3591, 50.4571,
-133.5005

■ 98.3007, -14.7263,
29.8842

■ 20.0211, 51.4874,
-136.1711

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.6404, -6.1399, -24.6884



53.6393, 6.3438, -22.6037



53.6404, 17.2071, -12.9763

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.6404, 6.3431, -22.6025



53.6404, 12.5914, 17.8719



53.6404, -24.4583, 5.9785

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.6393, 6.3438, -22.6037



71.0584, -10.4138, 22.9008

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.6404, -20.3605, 15.0740



53.6393, 6.3438, -22.6037



53.6404, 0.4904, 20.8499

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.6404, 6.3431, -22.6025



53.6404, 21.0363, 10.7261



53.6404, -11.4910, 19.9569



53.6404, -23.1984, -6.2708

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.6393, 6.3438, -22.6037



53.6404, 21.6994, -4.5612



53.6404, -11.4910, 19.9569



53.6404, -23.6759, 9.4577

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.6404, 6.3431, -22.6025



89.8147, -1.5109, -4.3333



68.8833, -18.9173, 0.0104



40.9243, -0.3664, -2.8740



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.6404, 6.3431, -22.6025



66.4176, 12.0853, -39.5254



55.2123, 14.2161, -19.9083



31.3170, -0.3256, -2.0730



16.4089, 41.6453, -110.4098



3.7123, 7.4575, -20.7386

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.6106, 15.2438, 8.3464



71.4317, 26.4127, 12.6872



69.6316, -18.8063, 21.4505



31.7552, 1.1359, 2.5208



27.4846, 47.1166, 17.3851



5.7320, 9.8640, 3.3331

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.6393, 6.3438, -22.6037 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

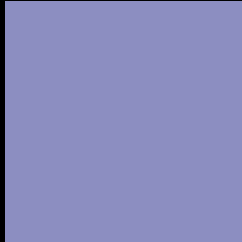
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.6393, 6.3438, -22.6037 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

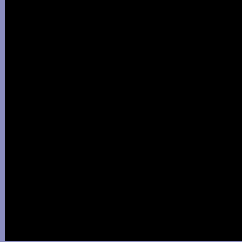
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 53.6393, 6.3438, -22.6037 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.6393, 6.3438, -22.6037.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.6393, 6.3438, -22.6037.

-22.6037.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.6393, 6.3438, -22.6037

Protanopia

53.6583, 3.6981, -23.9197

Deuteranopia

53.8030, 4.0160, -22.3738



Tritanopia

53.5765, -5.1097, -3.8802

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.6393, 6.3438, -22.6037

Protanomaly

53.5638, 4.7436, -23.4063

Deuteranomaly

53.6782, 5.0414, -22.5620

Tritanomaly

53.6382, -1.0909, -10.1097

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.6393, 6.3438, -22.6037

Achromatopsia

54.0158, -2.8821, 2.9348

Achromatomaly

53.7219, 0.1107, -5.6571

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.6393, 6.3438, -22.6037 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 142, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 142, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 142, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 142, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.6393, 6.3438, -22.6037 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 142, 193) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 142, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 142, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 142, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 142, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 142,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.6393, 6.3438, -22.6037 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 142, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
142, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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