

Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.5540, -4.9733,
14.5252)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(53.5540, -4.9733,
14.5252) contains.

HunterLab(53.4706, -4.8815, 14.5416)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(53.4706, -4.8815,
14.5416)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	999274
RGB	153, 146, 116
RGB Percent	60%, 57%, 45%
CMY	0.4000, 0.4274, 0.5451
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.24, 0.40
HSL	49°, 15%, 53%
HSV	49°, 24%, 60%
XYZ	26.5682, 28.5911, 20.6413
YIQ	144.6730, 13.8020, -7.8460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

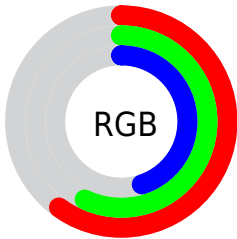
Format	Color
R_{YB}	125, 153, 116
Decimal	10064500
CIE Lab	60.42, -2.47, 16.87
CIE LCh	60, 17.046, 98.338
Yxy	28.5923, 0.3505, 0.3772
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288254580 (0xFF999274)
YUV	144.6730, -14.1358, 7.3028
Hunter-Lab	53.4706, -4.8815, 14.5416

Details

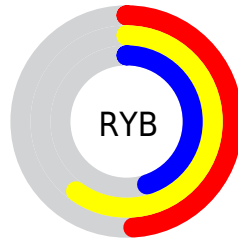
The HunterLab color $53.4706, -4.8815, 14.5416$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $44.9203, 1.0030, -12.0805$, and the grayscale version is $53.1325, -2.8350, 2.8868$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75.8588, -6.3125, 17.6790$, and $34.0703, -3.5339, 11.4151$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52.3300, -5.2426, 18.2911$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54.6641, -4.2788, 10.2026$.

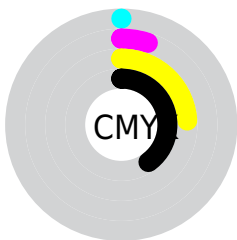
Distribution



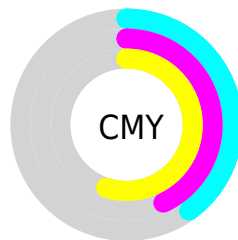
- Red (60%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.4706, -4.8815, 14.5416 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.4706, -4.8815, 14.5416 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.4706, -4.8815,
14.5416

■ 53.4706, -4.8815,
14.5416

171.8390,
-12.1817, 27.7884

■ 43.3274, -4.2019,
12.9861

■ 75.7818, -6.3281,
17.5555

■ 33.9207, -3.5489,
11.3758

■ 87.8717, -7.0905,
19.0324

■ 25.3147, -2.9243,
9.6853

■ 100.5438, -7.8786,
20.4982

■ 17.5924, -2.3275,
7.8710

113.7725, -8.6917,
21.9575

■ 10.8697, -1.7556,
7.1893

127.5354, -9.5292,
23.4138

■ 2.1567, -3.7742,
1.5097

141.8124,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.3904, 24.8697

0.0000, NaN, NaN

156.5857,
-11.2747, 26.3273

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.4706, -4.8815,
14.5416

■ 53.4706, -4.8815,
14.5416

■ 52.3300, -5.2426,
18.2911

■ 54.6641, -4.2788,
10.2026

■ 51.2391, -5.3548,
21.4379

■ 55.9061, -3.4344,
5.2880

■ 50.1991, -5.2197,
23.9776

■ 57.1970, -2.3561,
-0.1824

■ 49.2097, -4.8407,
25.9133

■ 58.5357, -1.0514,
-6.1867

■ 48.2698, -4.2252,
27.2581

■ 59.9210, 0.4715,
-12.7016

■ 47.3775, -3.3858,
28.0393

■ 61.3516, 2.2035,
-19.7026

■ 46.5297, -2.3431,
28.3047

■ 62.8261, 4.1353,
-27.1650

■ 46.0487, -1.6896,
28.3454

■ 64.3433, 6.2575,
-35.0640

■ 65.9016, 8.5606,
-43.3755

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.4718, 2.4428, 13.9251



53.4706, -4.8815, 14.5416



53.4718, -11.3149, 12.3890

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.4718, -4.8831, 14.5423



53.4718, -13.4606, -6.0848



53.4718, 10.8730, -2.2748

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.4706, -4.8815, 14.5416



44.9203, 1.0030, -12.0805

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.4718, 6.1638, -8.7005



53.4706, -4.8815, 14.5416



53.4718, -7.9561, -11.0981

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.4718, -4.8831, 14.5423



53.4718, -16.0898, 0.9310



53.4718, -0.7982, -12.1148



53.4718, 11.8049, 4.8173

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.4706, -4.8815, 14.5416



53.4718, -14.3235, 9.4764



53.4718, -0.7982, -12.1148



53.4718, 9.6676, -4.6103

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.4718, -4.8831, 14.5423



74.3174, -4.9631, 9.0994



45.5012, 10.5340, 3.6325



34.8814, -2.3609, 4.4385



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.4718, -4.8831, 14.5423



70.7258, -6.8351, 22.2648



54.5762, -11.5111, 15.4775



26.5033, -1.8652, 3.7579



41.9176, -1.6271, 25.8009



5.5509, -0.8857, 3.4050

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.9203, 1.0030, -12.0805



56.8316, 2.8353, -21.2377



43.9441, 7.4360, -13.4532



24.9119, -0.7882, -1.1541



16.3184, 27.5918, -79.9594



2.8418, 1.1332, -5.9982

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.4706, -4.8815, 14.5416 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.4706, -4.8815, 14.5416 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

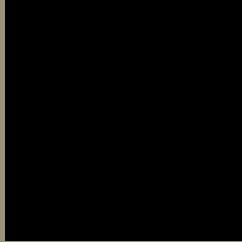
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 53.4706, -4.8815, 14.5416 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.4706, -4.8815, 14.5416.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.4706, -4.8815, 14.5416.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.4706, -4.8815, 14.5416

Protanopia

53.3670, -3.7680, 14.4617

Deuteranopia

53.3625, 3.4586, 14.2432



Tritanopia

53.4657, 4.2319, 0.0777

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.4706, -4.8815, 14.5416

Protanomaly

53.2746, -4.0912, 14.3672

Deuteranomaly

53.3075, 0.4301, 14.1370

Tritanomaly

53.4574, 0.5889, 5.8593

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.4706, -4.8815, 14.5416

Achromatopsia

53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911

Achromatomaly

53.1676, -3.6005, 7.5471

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.4706, -4.8815, 14.5416 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 146, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 146, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 146, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 146, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.4706, -4.8815, 14.5416 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 146, 116) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 146, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 146, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 146, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 146, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 146,  
116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.4706, -4.8815, 14.5416 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 146, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
146, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor