

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.6510, -0.3671,  
6.9469)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(53.6510, -0.3671, 6.9469)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(53.6848, -0.1880,  
6.9391)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9C9089
RGB	156, 144, 137
RGB Percent	61%, 56%, 54%
CMY	0.3882, 0.4353, 0.4627
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.12, 0.39
HSL	22°, 9%, 57%
HSV	22°, 12%, 61%
XYZ	28.1989, 28.8206, 27.7436
YIQ	146.7900, 9.3990, 0.3670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

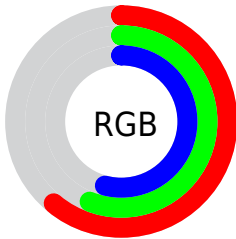
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	156, 148, 137
Decimal	10260617
CIE Lab	60.62, 3.21, 5.32
CIE LCh	61, 6.208, 58.909
Yxy	28.8219, 0.3327, 0.3400
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288450697 (0xFF9C9089)
YUV	146.7900, -4.8265, 8.0772
Hunter-Lab	53.6848, -0.1880, 6.9391

# Details

The HunterLab color  $53.6848, -0.1880, 6.9391$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $54.0491, -5.2034, -1.2890$ , and the grayscale version is  $53.9484, -2.8786, 2.9311$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $76.1280, -1.0928, 8.9502$ , and  $34.2006, 0.4241, 5.4501$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $50.5480, 2.4105, 9.8205$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $56.9366, -2.5812, 3.8358$ .

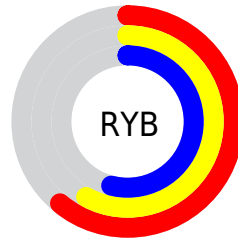
# Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (56%)

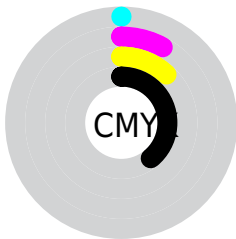
Blue (54%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (54%)

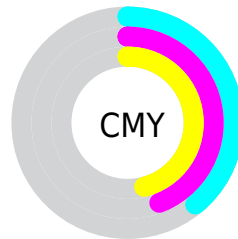


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.6848, -0.1880, 6.9391 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.6848, -0.1880, 6.9391 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 53.6848, -0.1880,  
6.9391

■ 53.6848, -0.1880,  
6.9391

172.1550, -5.2666,  
15.4269

■ 43.5271, 0.1759,  
6.0927

■ 76.0223, -1.0593,  
8.6879

■ 34.1047, 0.4884,  
5.2607

■ 88.1244, -1.5565,  
9.5908

■ 25.4817, 0.7409,  
4.4395

■ 100.8081, -2.0915,  
10.5135

■ 17.7404, 0.9235,  
3.6214

114.0479, -2.6621,  
11.4563

■ 10.9958, 1.0201,  
2.7958

127.8215, -3.2664,  
12.4191

■ 2.6285, 5.1738,  
1.8399

142.1088, -3.9029,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

13.4019

0.0000, NaN, NaN

156.8920, -4.5700,  
14.4046

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.6848, -0.1880,  
6.9391

■ 53.6848, -0.1880,  
6.9391

■ 50.5480, 2.4105,  
9.8205

■ 56.9366, -2.5812,  
3.8358

■ 47.5352, 5.2365,  
12.4427

■ 60.2892, -4.7830,  
0.5377

■ 44.6617, 8.3029,  
14.7651

■ 63.7343, -6.8132,  
-2.9301

■ 41.9440, 11.6181,  
16.7406

■ 67.2640, -8.6890,  
-6.5473

■ 39.4001, 15.1795,  
18.3173

■ 70.8712, -10.4262,  
-10.2971

■ 37.0499, 18.9671,  
19.4427

■ 74.5498, -12.0392,  
-14.1654

■ 34.9143, 22.9358,  
20.0711

■ 78.2946, -13.5409,  
-18.1405

■ 33.0134, 27.0065,  
20.1792

■ 81.8289, -16.4705,  
-18.4147

■ 31.6919, 30.1417,  
20.0561

■ 85.0714, -21.2976,  
-13.8886

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.6860, 1.7028, 5.2308



53.6848, -0.1880, 6.9391



53.6860, -2.7696, 7.5810

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.6860, -0.1895, 6.9399



53.6860, -7.9064, 3.0152



53.6860, -0.3620, -1.5328

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.6848, -0.1880, 6.9391



54.0491, -5.2034, -1.2890

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.6860, -2.9651, -2.1955



53.6848, -0.1880, 6.9391



53.6860, -7.2897, 0.5064

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.6860, -0.1895, 6.9399



53.6860, -7.1951, 5.3844



53.6860, -5.4939, -1.4321



53.6860, 1.6018, 0.3377



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.6848, -0.1880, 6.9391



53.6860, -4.5217, 7.3417



53.6860, -5.4939, -1.4321



53.6860, -1.1929, -1.9081

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.6860, -0.1895, 6.9399



75.8896, -2.8867, 5.9856



52.0871, 5.0895, -0.1972



35.4514, -1.2490, 2.9500



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.6860, -0.1895, 6.9399



71.0166, 0.8057, 10.5976



56.4003, -4.7235, 9.7910



26.5077, -0.4412, 2.9380



28.8698, 27.0708, 18.2633



4.7593, 1.5400, 2.9596



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.0491, -5.2034, -1.2890



71.6285, -7.6524, -3.2830



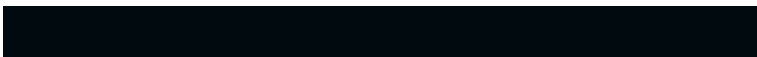
51.3217, -0.6782, -4.7240



26.6421, -2.2961, -0.1065



30.5249, -3.0521, -31.5649



4.9505, -1.6957, -2.5272



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.6848, -0.1880, 6.9391 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.6848, -0.1880, 6.9391 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

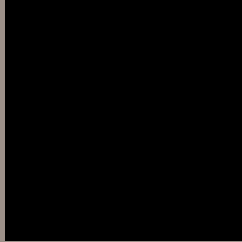
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 53.6848, -0.1880, 6.9391 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.6848, -0.1880, 6.9391.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.6848, -0.1880,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.6848, -0.1880, 6.9391

### Protanopia

53.8257, -2.5706, 6.6364

### Deuteranopia

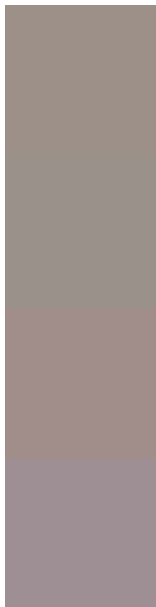
53.6444, 4.0235, 6.5506



## Tritanopia

53.7727, 3.9013, -0.0264

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.6848, -0.1880, 6.9391

## Protanomaly

53.7197, -1.4704, 6.5381

## Deuteranomaly

53.6265, 2.5438, 6.5048

## Tritanomaly

53.7770, 2.1276, 2.7407

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.6848, -0.1880, 6.9391

## Achromatopsia

54.0158, -2.8821, 2.9348

## Achromatomaly

53.8748, -2.1250, 4.5616

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.6848, -0.1880, 6.9391 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 144, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 144, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 144, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 144, 137) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.6848, -0.1880, 6.9391 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 144, 137) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 144, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 144, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 144, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 144, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 144,  
137) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.6848, -0.1880, 6.9391 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 144, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
144, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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