

Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.6759, -1.8184,
-0.2463)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(53.6759, -1.8184,
-0.2463) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(53.7377, -2.0112,
-0.1731)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	919299
RGB	145, 146, 153
RGB Percent	57%, 57%, 60%
CMY	0.4314, 0.4274, 0.4000
CMYK	0.05, 0.05, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	232°, 4%, 58%
HSV	232°, 5%, 60%
XYZ	27.7057, 28.8774, 34.2506
YIQ	146.4990, -2.8430, 1.9650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

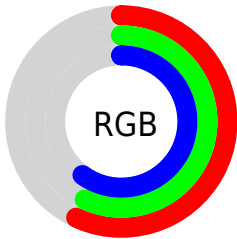
Format	Color
R _Y B	145, 146, 153
Decimal	9540249
CIE Lab	60.67, 1.03, -3.82
CIE LCh	61, 3.960, 285.127
Yxy	28.8786, 0.3050, 0.3179
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287730329 (0xFF919299)
YUV	146.4990, 3.2050, -1.3146
Hunter-Lab	53.7377, -2.0112, -0.1731

Details

The HunterLab color $53.7377, -2.0112, -0.1731$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $55.9221, -3.7781, 5.9909$, and the grayscale version is $53.8035, -2.8708, 2.9232$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76.1286, -3.1638, 0.8802$, and $34.2899, -1.1814, -0.6266$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48.6759, 0.0615, -6.7142$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58.9357, -3.8796, 5.9293$.

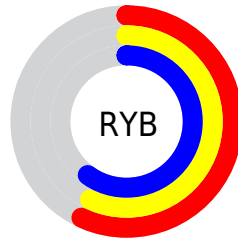
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (57%)

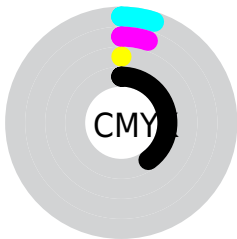
Blue (60%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (60%)

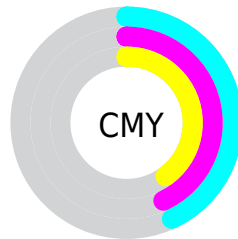


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.7377, -2.0112, -0.1731 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.7377, -2.0112, -0.1731 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.7377, -2.0112,
-0.1731

■ 53.7377, -2.0112,
-0.1731

172.2329, -7.9365,
4.8787

■ 43.5764, -1.5271,
-0.5288

■ 76.0817, -3.1009,
0.6840

■ 34.1502, -1.0856,
-0.8310

■ 88.1867, -3.6992,
1.1762

■ 25.5229, -0.6925,
-1.0721

100.8733, -4.3306,
1.7074

■ 17.7769, -0.3542,
-1.2421

114.1159, -4.9938,
2.2753

■ 11.0269, -0.0800,
-1.3265

127.8921, -5.6871,
2.8780

■ 2.7323, 1.5020,
-5.6505

142.1819, -6.4093,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

3.5137

0.0000, NaN, NaN

156.9676, -7.1595,
4.1810

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.7377, -2.0112,
-0.1731

■ 53.7377, -2.0112,
-0.1731

■ 48.6759, 0.0615,
-6.7142

■ 58.9357, -3.8796,
5.9293

■ 43.7658, 2.3973,
-13.8173

■ 64.2516, -5.5822,
11.6836

■ 39.0336, 5.0668,
-21.6362

■ 69.6749, -7.1526,
17.1626

■ 34.5132, 8.1621,
-30.3630

■ 75.1963, -8.6157,
22.4223

■ 30.2515, 11.7953,
-40.2191

■ 80.8078, -9.9911,
27.5062

■ 26.3139, 16.0847,
-51.4091

■ 86.5032, -11.2940,
32.4487

■ 22.7922, 21.1055,
-63.9835

■ 92.2768, -12.5367,
37.2770

■ 19.8100, 26.7632,
-77.5240

■ 96.8785, -18.1985,
40.9332

■ 17.5107, 32.5661,
-90.6831

■ 97.5089, -19.1587,
41.4242

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.7388, -3.7089, -0.1760



53.7377, -2.0112, -0.1731



53.7388, -0.5280, 0.6788

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.7388, -2.0124, -0.1722



53.7388, -0.5384, 5.0879



53.7388, -6.0011, 3.7192

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.7377, -2.0112, -0.1731



55.9221, -3.7781, 5.9909

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.7388, -5.1730, 5.0785



53.7377, -2.0112, -0.1731



53.7388, -2.0265, 5.8518

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.7388, -2.0124, -0.1722



53.7388, 0.3301, 3.7323



53.7388, -3.7228, 5.8485



53.7388, -5.9974, 2.1053

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.7377, -2.0112, -0.1731



53.7388, 0.1354, 1.5973



53.7388, -3.7228, 5.8485



53.7388, -5.8112, 4.2200

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.7388, -2.0124, -0.1722



74.1144, -3.5169, 2.4309



55.7382, -5.5324, 2.6801



34.8676, -1.6677, 1.1912



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



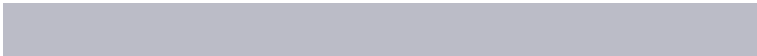
35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.7388, -2.0124, -0.1722



71.3044, -2.4582, -0.9836



53.7037, -0.6616, -0.1919



25.4653, -0.8485, -0.4557



15.2305, 31.4952, -87.0258



2.5118, 1.8850, -7.2087

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.9435, -0.2555, 3.3443



71.6278, 0.2922, 4.5439



55.9622, -5.1388, 6.0121



25.5881, 0.1915, 1.6376



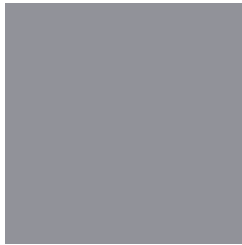
23.7476, 40.8465, 13.9650



2.9526, 5.1750, 0.9889

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.7377, -2.0112, -0.1731 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.7377, -2.0112, -0.1731 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

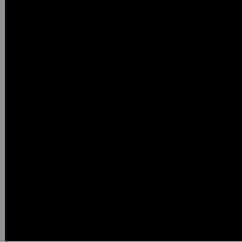
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 53.7377, -2.0112, -0.1731 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.7377, -2.0112, -0.1731.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.7377, -2.0112, -0.1731.

-0.1731.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.7377, -2.0112, -0.1731

Protanopia

53.6225, -0.9393, -0.2967

Deuteranopia

53.7096, 3.7515, -0.5870



Tritanopia

53.6620, -0.5529, -2.1871

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.7377, -2.0112, -0.1731

Protanomaly

53.5366, -1.2352, -0.4083

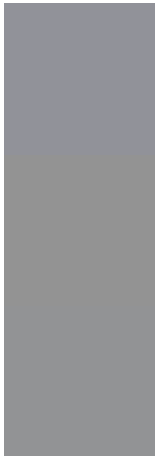
Deuteranomaly

53.6193, 2.0156, -0.7298

Tritanomaly

53.6303, -0.7253, -1.7377

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.7377, -2.0112, -0.1731

Achromatopsia

54.0158, -2.8821, 2.9348

Achromatomaly

53.9892, -2.8573, 1.9924

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.7377, -2.0112, -0.1731 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 146, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 146, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 146, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 146, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.7377, -2.0112, -0.1731 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

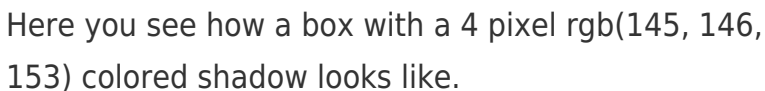
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 146, 153) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 146, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 146, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 146, 153); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 146, 153); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 146, 153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.7377, -2.0112, -0.1731 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 146, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
146, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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