

Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.6889, 7.2434,
7.4319)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(53.6889, 7.2434, 7.4319)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(53.7594, 7.0959,
7.5617)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB8B88
RGB	171, 139, 136
RGB Percent	67%, 55%, 53%
CMY	0.3294, 0.4549, 0.4667
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.20, 0.33
HSL	5°, 17%, 60%
HSV	5°, 20%, 67%
XYZ	30.4711, 28.9007, 27.2649
YIQ	148.2260, 20.0350, 5.8510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

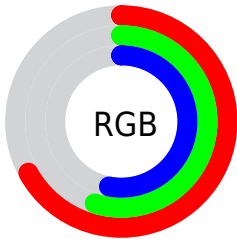
Format	Color
R_{YB}	171, 139, 136
Decimal	11242376
CIE _{Lab}	60.70, 11.63, 6.17
CIE _{LCh}	61, 13.163, 27.962
Yxy	28.9020, 0.3517, 0.3336
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289432456 (0xFFAB8B88)
YUV	148.2260, -6.0274, 19.9728
Hunter-Lab	53.7594, 7.0959, 7.5617

Details

The HunterLab color $53.7594, 7.0959, 7.5617$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $CC9999$. A complement of this color would be $60.1489, -11.7611, -1.1206$, and the grayscale version is $54.5285, -2.9095, 2.9626$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76.2528, 6.8564, 9.6725$, and $34.1587, 6.7092, 5.8845$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49.2400, 12.6055, 9.5847$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58.5519, 1.8377, 5.5504$.

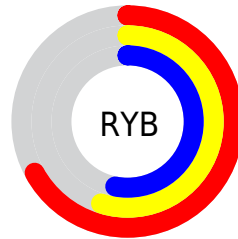
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (55%)

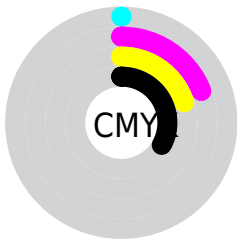
Blue (53%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (53%)

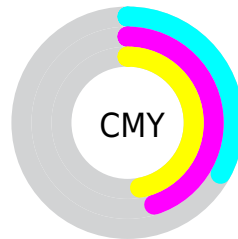


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.7594, 7.0959, 7.5617 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.7594, 7.0959, 7.5617 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.7594, 7.0959,
7.5617

■ 53.7594, 7.0959,
7.5617

172.2651, 5.2170,
16.3884

■ 43.5967, 7.0131,
6.6659

■ 76.1061, 7.0445,
9.3996

■ 34.1689, 6.8486,
5.7798

■ 88.2124, 6.9280,
10.3432

■ 25.5399, 6.5867,
4.8988

■ 100.9002, 6.7575,
11.3045

■ 17.7920, 6.2073,
4.0126

114.1439, 6.5370,
12.2842

■ 11.0398, 5.6807,
3.1215

127.9211, 6.2699,
13.2823

■ 2.7740, 18.1145,
1.9418

142.2120, 5.9593,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

14.2991

0.0000, NaN, NaN

156.9987, 5.6076,
15.3344

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.7594, 7.0959,
7.5617

■ 53.7594, 7.0959,
7.5617

■ 49.2400, 12.6055,
9.5847

■ 58.5519, 1.8377,
5.5504

■ 45.0371, 18.3601,
11.5926

■ 63.5756, -3.1762,
3.5597

■ 41.2090, 24.3004,
13.5424

■ 68.8008, -7.9711,
1.5947

■ 37.8217, 30.2935,
15.3626

■ 74.2025, -12.5738,
-0.3447

■ 34.9472, 36.1007,
16.9501

■ 79.7606, -17.0112,
-2.2604

■ 32.6538, 41.3676,
18.1790

■ 85.4585, -21.3075,
-4.1555

■ 30.9895, 45.6706,
18.9345

■ 91.2577, -25.6259,
-5.6826

■ 29.9841, 48.4989,
19.3251

■ 93.4869, -28.7924,
-2.8987

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.7606, 8.4556, 2.5564



53.7594, 7.0959, 7.5617



53.7606, 3.0311, 10.9914

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.7606, 7.0941, 7.5626



53.7606, -11.7988, 8.1391



53.7606, -3.2584, -8.4957

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.7594, 7.0959, 7.5617



60.1489, -11.7611, -1.1206

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.7606, -8.5298, -6.6214



53.7594, 7.0959, 7.5617



53.7606, -13.3320, 3.2937

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.7606, 7.0941, 7.5626



53.7606, -7.8851, 11.2993



53.7606, -12.1600, -2.1635



53.7606, 2.3330, -7.0563

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.7594, 7.0959, 7.5617



53.7606, -0.5802, 12.1077



53.7606, -12.1600, -2.1635



53.7606, -5.1249, -8.2286

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.7606, 7.0941, 7.5626



81.2542, -0.5054, 6.2619



53.9415, 13.7275, -7.2852



38.1728, -0.0393, 3.0360



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.7606, 7.0941, 7.5626



68.8873, 13.1201, 11.4668



58.6113, -1.4677, 12.5277



28.4986, 0.6012, 2.5642



26.1005, 41.8862, 16.8163



4.7362, 5.7912, 3.0198

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.1489, -11.7611, -1.1206



79.4276, -18.0734, -2.8810



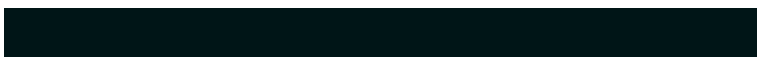
54.9311, -3.5047, -7.7988



29.9212, -3.5825, 0.6344



45.0132, -21.0195, -10.8876



7.7284, -3.7788, -1.5026

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.7594, 7.0959, 7.5617 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

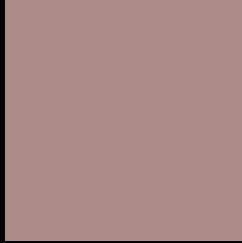
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.7594, 7.0959, 7.5617 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

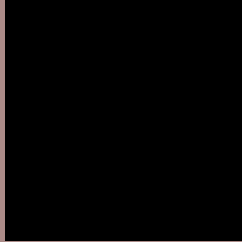
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 53.7594, 7.0959, 7.5617 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.7594, 7.0959, 7.5617.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.7594, 7.0959,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.7594, 7.0959, 7.5617

Protanopia

53.8800, -2.2736, 5.8586

Deuteranopia

53.6905, 4.0708, 7.4333



Tritanopia

53.6657, 10.2074, 2.2941

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.7594, 7.0959, 7.5617

Protanomaly

53.6452, 1.2291, 6.0811

Deuteranomaly

53.6183, 5.2361, 7.3746

Tritanomaly

53.8156, 9.0963, 4.2506

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.7594, 7.0959, 7.5617

Achromatopsia

54.4186, -2.9036, 2.9567

Achromatomaly

54.1593, 0.3710, 4.4941

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.7594, 7.0959, 7.5617 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 139, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 139, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 139, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 139, 136) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.7594, 7.0959, 7.5617 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 139, 136) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 139, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 139, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 139, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 139, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 139,  
136) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.7594, 7.0959, 7.5617 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 139, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
139, 136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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