

Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.7165, -7.7075,
0.9068)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(53.7165, -7.7075, 0.9068)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(53.7775, -8.0527,
1.1846)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	849696
RGB	132, 150, 150
RGB Percent	52%, 59%, 59%
CMY	0.4823, 0.4118, 0.4118
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	180°, 8%, 55%
HSV	180°, 12%, 59%
XYZ	25.9271, 28.9202, 33.0698
YIQ	144.6180, -10.7280, -3.8160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

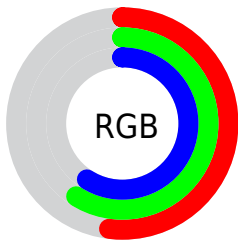
Format	Color
R_{YB}	132, 141, 150
Decimal	8689302
CIE _{Lab}	60.71, -6.38, -2.18
CIE _{LCh}	61, 6.742, 198.829
Yxy	28.9214, 0.2949, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286879382 (0xFF849696)
YUV	144.6180, 2.6533, -11.0660
Hunter-Lab	53.7775, -8.0527, 1.1846

Details

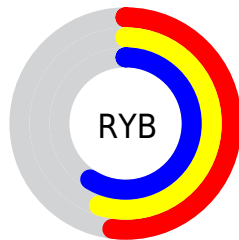
The HunterLab color $53.7775, -8.0527, 1.1846$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $49.6520, 2.9657, 4.5786$, and the grayscale version is $53.0521, -2.8307, 2.8824$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76.0655, -9.9161, 2.1696$, and $34.0857, -6.2680, 0.3608$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52.7235, -11.8650, -0.1672$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54.9718, -3.8363, 2.6842$.

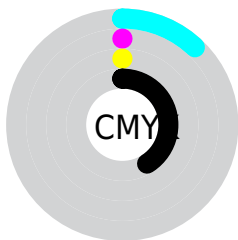
Distribution



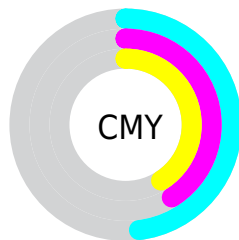
- Red (52%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.7775, -8.0527, 1.1846 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.7775, -8.0527, 1.1846 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.7775, -8.0527,
1.1846

■ 53.7775, -8.0527,
1.1846

172.2916,
-16.9209, 6.8331

■ 43.6135, -7.1472,
0.7456

■ 76.1263, -9.9071,
2.1946

■ 34.1844, -6.2504,
0.3544

■ 88.2336, -10.8571,
2.7578

■ 25.5540, -5.3578,
0.0174

■ 100.9224,
-11.8240, 3.3570

■ 17.8045, -4.4600,
-0.2575

114.1670,
-12.8081, 3.9901

■ 11.0504, -3.5379,
-0.4582

127.9452,
-13.8097, 4.6557

■ 2.8079, -4.9139,
-3.0594

142.2369,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-14.8291, 5.3522

0.0000, NaN, NaN

157.0244,
-15.8661, 6.0784

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.7775, -8.0527,
1.1846

■ 53.7775, -8.0527,
1.1846

■ 52.7235, -11.8650,
-0.1672

■ 54.9718, -3.8363,
2.6842

■ 51.8078, -15.2389,
-1.3632

■ 56.3005, 0.7514,
4.3169

■ 51.0312, -18.1510,
-2.3943

■ 57.7610, 5.6715,
6.0706

■ 50.3917, -20.5857,
-3.2555

■ 59.3488, 10.8855,
7.9320

■ 49.8852, -22.5385,
-3.9456

■ 61.0589, 16.3558,
9.8881

■ 49.5052, -24.0181,
-4.4679

■ 62.8858, 22.0471,
11.9269

■ 49.2426, -25.0480,
-4.8311

■ 64.8238, 27.9268,
14.0368

■ 49.0851, -25.6690,
-5.0496

■ 66.8673, 33.9656,
16.2077

■ 49.0054, -25.9841,
-5.1602

■ 67.2877, 35.1886,
16.6473

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.7786, -8.2391, 3.9458



53.7775, -8.0527, 1.1846



53.7786, -6.4975, -1.2246

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.7786, -8.0537, 1.1854



53.7786, 1.3937, -0.6865



53.7786, -1.7868, 7.8799

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.7775, -8.0527, 1.1846



49.6520, 2.9657, 4.5786

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.7786, 0.8514, 6.7725



53.7775, -8.0527, 1.1846



53.7786, 2.7134, 1.8885

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.7786, -8.0537, 1.1854



53.7786, -1.0592, -2.3443



53.7786, 2.5129, 4.6128



53.7786, -4.6618, 7.7140

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.7775, -8.0527, 1.1846



53.7786, -4.8733, -2.2627



53.7786, 2.5129, 4.6128



53.7786, -0.8418, 7.6467

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.7786, -8.0537, 1.1854



72.6813, -6.3025, 3.1368



53.3006, -10.7762, 8.3716



34.1618, -3.1552, 1.4098



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.7786, -8.0537, 1.1854



71.1055, -11.8994, 1.1484



51.2316, -3.9769, -1.8953



25.6169, -3.2712, 0.7539



44.6283, -23.6632, -4.6993



4.9374, -2.6177, -0.5203

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.6520, 2.9657, 4.5786



64.6040, 5.4739, 6.4985



52.0695, -1.2222, 7.2062



24.1151, 0.7362, 1.9879



23.1900, 39.7137, 14.9836



2.5656, 4.3938, 1.6570

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.7775, -8.0527, 1.1846 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

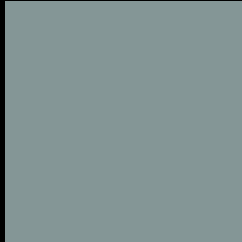
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.7775, -8.0527, 1.1846 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

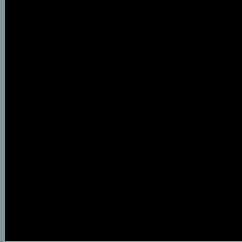
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 53.7775, -8.0527, 1.1846 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.7775, -8.0527, 1.1846.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.7775, -8.0527,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.7775, -8.0527, 1.1846

Protanopia

53.5288, -1.6235, 2.3810

Deuteranopia

53.7421, 3.7375, 0.4087



Tritanopia

53.6528, -4.8413, -3.7762

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.7775, -8.0527, 1.1846

Protanomaly

53.6249, -4.1880, 1.9934

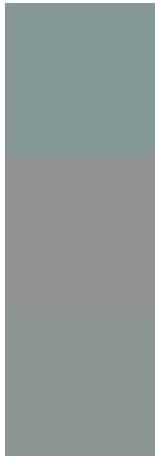
Deuteranomaly

53.7352, -0.6737, 0.7948

Tritanomaly

53.7417, -6.2920, -1.6944

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.7775, -8.0527, 1.1846

Achromatopsia

53.2117, -2.8392, 2.8911

Achromatomaly

53.4317, -4.9251, 2.2079

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.7775, -8.0527, 1.1846 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 150, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 150, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 150, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 150, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.7775, -8.0527, 1.1846 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 150, 150) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 150, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 150, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 150, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 150, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 150,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.7775, -8.0527, 1.1846 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 150, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
150, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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