

Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.8253, 2.5306,
0.9123)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(53.8253, 2.5306, 0.9123)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(53.8026, 2.4520,
0.9316)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C8F97
RGB	156, 143, 151
RGB Percent	61%, 56%, 59%
CMY	0.3882, 0.4392, 0.4078
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.03, 0.39
HSL	323°, 6%, 59%
HSV	323°, 8%, 61%
XYZ	29.1187, 28.9472, 33.3308
YIQ	147.7990, 5.1800, 5.2440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

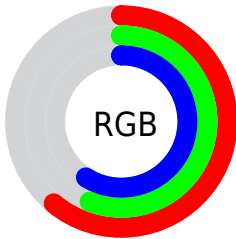
Format	Color
R_{YB}	156, 143, 151
Decimal	10260375
CIE Lab	60.74, 6.31, -2.49
CIE LCh	61, 6.782, 338.484
Yxy	28.9485, 0.3186, 0.3167
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288450455 (0xFF9C8F97)
YUV	147.7990, 1.5781, 7.1923
Hunter-Lab	53.8026, 2.4520, 0.9316

Details

The HunterLab color $53.8026, 2.4520, 0.9316$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $56.3520, -8.1415, 5.1020$, and the grayscale version is $54.3310, -2.8990, 2.9519$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76.2818, 1.8754, 2.1453$, and $34.2813, 2.7007, 0.3192$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49.3919, 9.2000, -1.5601$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58.4488, -4.1723, 3.5844$.

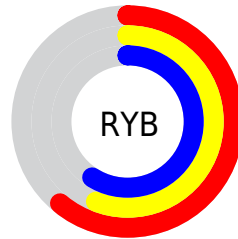
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (56%)

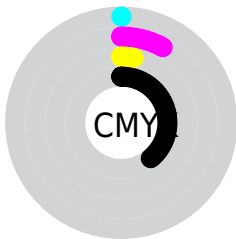
Blue (59%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (59%)

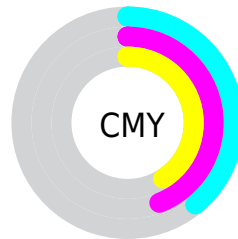


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.8026, 2.4520, 0.9316 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.8026, 2.4520, 0.9316 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.8026, 2.4520,
0.9316

■ 53.8026, 2.4520,
0.9316

172.3287, -1.4359,
6.4674

■ 43.6369, 2.6487,
0.5085

■ 76.1546, 1.8871,
1.9127

■ 34.2060, 2.7819,
0.1342

■ 88.2633, 1.5318,
2.4625

■ 25.5736, 2.8400,
-0.1845

■ 100.9534, 1.1324,
3.0488

■ 17.8219, 2.8086,
-0.4393

114.1993, 0.6919,
3.6697

■ 11.0652, 2.6645,
-0.6176

127.9787, 0.2129,
4.3234

■ 2.8547, 9.4788,
-3.4565

142.2717, -0.3026,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

5.0084

0.0000, NaN, NaN

157.0604, -0.8528,
5.7235

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.8026, 2.4520,
0.9316

■ 53.8026, 2.4520,
0.9316

■ 49.3919, 9.2000,
-1.5601

■ 58.4488, -4.1723,
3.5844

■ 45.2516, 16.0448,
-3.8381

■ 63.2957, -10.6620,
6.3568

■ 41.4298, 22.9109,
-5.8248

■ 68.3190, -17.0252,
9.2222

■ 37.9819, 29.6572,
-7.4169

■ 73.4981, -23.2744,
12.1618

■ 34.9704, 36.0481,
-8.4859

■ 78.8160, -29.4245,
15.1620

■ 32.4594, 41.7402,
-8.8904

■ 84.2590, -35.4903,
18.2132

■ 30.5037, 46.3131,
-8.5095

■ 89.8154, -41.4859,
21.3084

■ 29.1313, 49.3740,
-7.2961

■ 90.9462, -41.8243,
20.0783

■ 28.2619, 50.9386,
-5.4128

■ 91.1024, -40.9060,
17.8262

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.8038, 0.6655, -1.4227



53.8026, 2.4520, 0.9316



53.8038, 2.7935, 3.7109

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.8038, 2.4506, 0.9325



53.8038, -3.6997, 7.9486



53.8038, -7.1991, -0.5026

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.8026, 2.4520, 0.9316



56.3520, -8.1415, 5.1020

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.8038, -8.3157, 2.1346



53.8026, 2.4520, 0.9316



53.8038, -6.3237, 6.9445

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.8038, 2.4506, 0.9325



53.8038, -0.7987, 7.6649



53.8038, -7.9987, 4.8512



53.8038, -4.9177, -2.2816

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.8026, 2.4520, 0.9316



53.8038, 2.1513, 5.4145



53.8038, -7.9987, 4.8512



53.8038, -7.7209, 0.3183

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.8038, 2.4506, 0.9325



76.4157, -2.3342, 3.4841



53.2362, 0.8342, -2.2111



35.8821, -1.1464, 1.6552



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.8038, 2.4506, 0.9325



71.3757, 4.9881, 0.6116



53.6131, 1.4230, 3.6506



25.9061, 1.4898, 0.3370



25.5424, 46.4917, -4.8096



3.5317, 6.6322, -2.2461

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.8038, 2.4506, 0.9325



71.3757, 4.9881, 0.6116



56.5389, -7.1021, 2.4329



25.9061, 1.4898, 0.3370



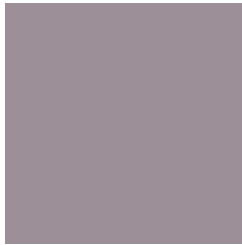
25.5424, 46.4917, -4.8096



3.5317, 6.6322, -2.2461

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.8026, 2.4520, 0.9316 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.8026, 2.4520, 0.9316 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

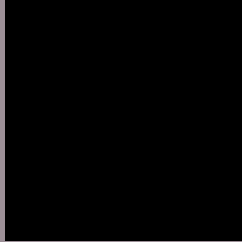
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 53.8026, 2.4520, 0.9316 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.8026, 2.4520, 0.9316.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.8026, 2.4520,

0.9316.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.8026, 2.4520, 0.9316

Protanopia

53.9080, -1.4226, 0.0472

Deuteranopia

53.8064, 3.8926, 0.9614



Tritanopia

53.8943, 2.9447, -0.3716

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.8026, 2.4520, 0.9316

Protanomaly

53.8533, -0.2075, 0.4759

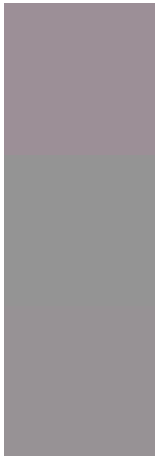
Deuteranomaly

53.7117, 3.5748, 0.8406

Tritanomaly

53.8635, 2.7793, 0.0659

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.8026, 2.4520, 0.9316

Achromatopsia

54.4186, -2.9036, 2.9567

Achromatomaly

54.1359, -0.8776, 2.2021

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.8026, 2.4520, 0.9316 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 143, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 143, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 143, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 143, 151) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.8026, 2.4520, 0.9316 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 143, 151) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 143, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 143, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 143, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 143, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 143,  
151) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.8026, 2.4520, 0.9316 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 143, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
143, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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