

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.9046, -23.9300,  
30.7518)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(53.9046, -23.9300,  
30.7518) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(53.9497,  
-23.8416, 30.8109)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7F9E26
RGB	127, 158, 38
RGB Percent	50%, 62%, 15%
CMY	0.5020, 0.3804, 0.8510
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.76, 0.38
HSL	76°, 61%, 38%
HSV	76°, 76%, 62%
XYZ	21.3291, 29.1057, 6.3275
YIQ	135.0510, 20.0440, -43.8920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

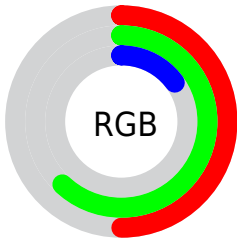
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	38, 158, 69
Decimal	8363558
CIE Lab	60.88, -27.52, 55.07
CIE LCh	61, 61.566, 116.548
Yxy	29.1070, 0.3758, 0.5128
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286553638 (0xFF7F9E26)
YUV	135.0510, -47.8461, -7.0607
Hunter-Lab	53.9497, -23.8416, 30.8109

# Details

The HunterLab color  $53.9497, -23.8416, 30.8109$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $669900$ . A complement of this color would be  $22.6293, 33.9154, -70.2197$ , and the grayscale version is  $49.4214, -2.6370, 2.6852$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $76.4385, -28.0888, 38.7556$ , and  $34.5425, -19.0814, 20.9509$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $53.5898, -25.3965, 31.7259$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $54.3612, -22.0341, 29.3310$ .

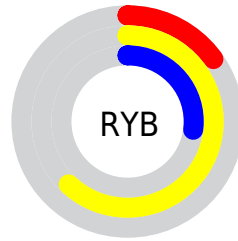
# Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (62%)

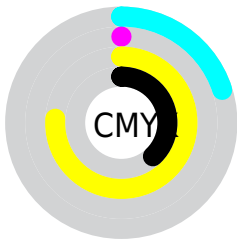
Blue (15%)



Red (15%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (27%)

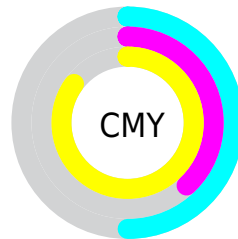


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (76%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (38%)


Yellow (85%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.9497, -23.8416, 30.8109 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.9497, -23.8416, 30.8109 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 53.9497, -23.8416,  
30.8109


 53.9497, -23.8416,  
30.8109


172.5455,  
-41.5429, 61.8952


 43.7742, -21.6403,  
26.6143


 76.3198, -28.0241,  
38.5876


 34.3325, -19.3281,  
22.1656


 88.4368, -30.0357,  
42.2291


 25.6885, -16.8632,  
17.9819


 101.1348,  
-32.0099, 45.7394

 17.9237, -14.1740,  
12.5466

 114.3884,  
-33.9544, 49.1380

 11.1522, -11.9506,  
7.8065

 128.1751,  
-35.8755, 52.4407

 3.1141, -5.4496,  
2.1798

 142.4751,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-37.7781, 55.6608

0.0000, NaN, NaN

157.2706,  
-39.6662, 58.8092

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.9497, -23.8416,  
30.8109

■ 53.9497, -23.8416,  
30.8109

■ 53.5898, -25.3965,  
31.7259

■ 54.3612, -22.0341,  
29.3310

■ 53.2723, -26.7224,  
32.1536

■ 54.8241, -19.9543,  
27.2370

■ 53.1502, -27.2287,  
32.2742

■ 55.3422, -17.5943,  
24.4953

■ 55.9176, -14.9499,  
21.0836

■ 56.5515, -12.0205,  
16.9895

■ 57.2449, -8.8091,  
12.2090

■ 57.9984, -5.3216,  
6.7458

■ 58.8120, -1.5663,  
0.6098

■ 59.6857, 2.4467,  
-6.1836

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.9509, 0.2252, 32.3917



53.9497, -23.8416, 30.8109



53.9509, -39.1913, 23.4247

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.9509, -23.8431, 30.8112



53.9509, -28.2234, -55.2768



53.9509, 58.0736, -0.0683

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.9497, -23.8416, 30.8109



22.6293, 33.9154, -70.2197

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.9509, 46.6257, -31.2516



53.9497, -23.8416, 30.8109



53.9509, -5.9196, -71.4410

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.9509, -23.8431, 30.8112



53.9509, -41.3560, -23.5696



53.9509, 21.8670, -61.0177



53.9509, 50.7641, 20.4367



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.9497, -23.8416, 30.8109



53.9509, -44.0748, 13.0511



53.9509, 21.8670, -61.0177



53.9509, 56.2439, -9.6178

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.9509, -23.8431, 30.8112



76.4320, -15.1528, 21.3720



33.9769, 27.3224, 18.2141



36.1444, -7.8737, 11.1334



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.9509, -23.8431, 30.8112



71.9175, -35.4709, 43.2014



50.8174, -36.3765, 28.5367



27.6298, -3.1115, 4.1264



47.5849, -24.2862, 28.8964



6.5094, -2.6784, 3.9642



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.6293, 33.9154, -70.2197



24.7663, 55.8236, -124.3926



29.0600, 45.9987, -47.2896



25.5225, 0.3580, -1.4730



15.3899, 39.2021, -89.6388



2.4670, 5.6577, -9.5137



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.9497, -23.8416, 30.8109 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.9497, -23.8416, 30.8109 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

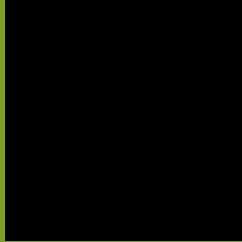
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 53.9497, -23.8416, 30.8109 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.9497, -23.8416, 30.8109.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.9497,

-23.8416, 30.8109.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.9497, -23.8416, 30.8109

### Protanopia

53.8406, -7.1796, 31.2996

### Deuteranopia

53.6002, 3.6225, 30.2324



## Tritanopia

53.8016, -2.8917, -3.0453

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.9497, -23.8416, 30.8109

## Protanomaly

53.7028, -13.7171, 31.0086

## Deuteranomaly

53.4029, -7.1541, 30.2439

## Tritanomaly

53.4059, -12.7338, 14.6789

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.9497, -23.8416, 30.8109

## Achromatopsia

49.2221, -2.6264, 2.6743

## Achromatomaly

50.4684, -11.7873, 16.7280

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.9497, -23.8416, 30.8109 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 158, 38)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 158, 38)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 158, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 158, 38) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.9497, -23.8416, 30.8109 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 158, 38) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 158, 38) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 158, 38)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 158, 38); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 158, 38);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 158,  
38) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.9497, -23.8416, 30.8109 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 158, 38) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
158, 38) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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