

Converting Colors

HunterLab(53.9161, -9.5605,
28.6535)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(53.9161, -9.5605,
28.6535) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(53.9161, -9.5605,
28.6535)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9E953A
RGB	158, 149, 58
RGB Percent	62%, 58%, 23%
CMY	0.3804, 0.4157, 0.7725
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.63, 0.38
HSL	55°, 46%, 42%
HSV	55°, 63%, 62%
XYZ	25.6117, 29.0695, 8.2641
YIQ	141.3170, 34.5750, -26.3930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

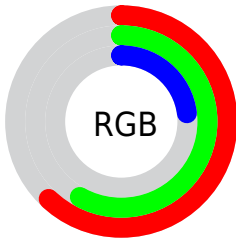
Format	Color
R_{YB}	68, 158, 58
Decimal	10392890
CIE Lab	60.84, -8.27, 47.81
CIE LCh	61, 48.519, 99.815
Yxy	29.0708, 0.4069, 0.4618
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288582970 (0xFF9E953A)
YUV	141.3170, -41.0753, 14.6310
Hunter-Lab	53.9161, -9.5605, 28.6535

Details

The HunterLab color **53.9161, -9.5605, 28.6535** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **27.1704, 17.6466, -53.5361**, and the grayscale version is **51.8865, -2.7685, 2.8191**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.3303, -11.6460, 35.5924**, and **34.4481, -7.5824, 21.0940** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.3731, -9.6375, 30.2650**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.5065, -9.2442, 26.4155**.

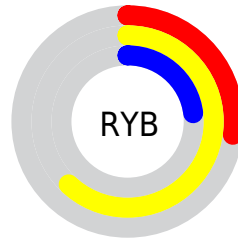
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (58%)

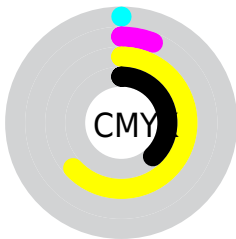
Blue (23%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (23%)

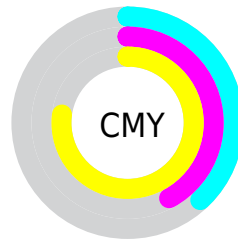


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (63%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.9161, -9.5605, 28.6535 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.9161, -9.5605, 28.6535 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.9161, -9.5605,
28.6535

■ 53.9161, -9.5605,
28.6535

172.4961,
-19.1944, 56.1953

■ 43.7429, -8.5456,
24.9617

■ 76.2821, -11.6154,
35.4972

■ 34.3037, -7.5290,
21.0370

■ 88.3972, -12.6571,
38.7093

■ 25.6623, -6.5046,
17.0961

■ 101.0935,
-13.7111, 41.8123

■ 17.9005, -5.4581,
12.5303

■ 114.3453,
-14.7786, 44.8236

■ 11.1323, -4.3620,
7.7926

■ 128.1304,
-15.8602, 47.7571

■ 3.0569, -5.3495,
2.1398

■ 142.4288,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-16.9565, 50.6243

0.0000, NaN, NaN

157.2227,
-18.0678, 53.4344

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.9161, -9.5605,
28.6535

■ 53.9161, -9.5605,
28.6535

■ 53.3731, -9.6375,
30.2650

■ 54.5065, -9.2442,
26.4155

■ 52.8707, -9.4860,
31.2900

■ 55.1428, -8.6708,
23.5217

■ 52.4060, -9.1316,
31.7877

■ 55.8280, -7.8344,
19.9549

■ 52.1066, -8.8285,
31.9533

■ 56.5632, -6.7306,
15.7066

■ 57.3493, -5.3580,
10.7758

■ 58.1866, -3.7176,
5.1678

■ 59.0754, -1.8127,
-1.1062

■ 60.0153, 0.3515,
-8.0309

■ 61.0062, 2.7684,
-15.5868

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.9174, 11.7042, 27.9033



53.9161, -9.5605, 28.6535



53.9174, -26.2807, 24.8203

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.9174, -9.5624, 28.6539



53.9174, -30.4136, -27.7408



53.9174, 40.2755, -11.9980

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.9161, -9.5605, 28.6535



27.1704, 17.6466, -53.5361

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.9174, 25.3496, -35.4755



53.9161, -9.5605, 28.6535



53.9174, -16.0616, -46.7067

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.9174, -9.5624, 28.6539



53.9174, -37.0482, -3.9989



53.9174, 4.1451, -49.9783



53.9174, 42.7235, 9.0549

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.9161, -9.5605, 28.6535



53.9174, -33.4138, 18.8391



53.9174, 4.1451, -49.9783



53.9174, 36.4540, -20.0500

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.9174, -9.5624, 28.6539



76.6311, -8.3886, 18.6720



32.7305, 33.5636, 10.8486



36.2515, -4.2095, 9.6915



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.9174, -9.5624, 28.6539



71.6346, -12.9373, 41.4567



53.4890, -25.3215, 28.0788



27.6012, -2.2619, 4.1104



46.6636, -7.9500, 28.6147



6.4508, -1.3843, 3.9507

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.1704, 17.6466, -53.5361



29.6354, 34.3786, -98.6618



28.4460, 30.0499, -49.3677



25.5470, -0.4761, -1.4560



15.0367, 34.0463, -92.2909



2.5540, 2.7514, -9.1317

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.9161, -9.5605, 28.6535 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.9161, -9.5605, 28.6535 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 53.9161, -9.5605, 28.6535 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.9161, -9.5605, 28.6535.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.9161, -9.5605,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.9161, -9.5605, 28.6535

Protanopia

53.9030, -6.6348, 28.8409

Deuteranopia

53.8871, 3.4549, 28.4079



Tritanopia

53.9421, 7.1573, 1.1834

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.9161, -9.5605, 28.6535

Protanomaly

53.9969, -7.7890, 28.8859

Deuteranomaly

53.7172, -1.3889, 28.3575

Tritanomaly

53.5871, -0.0505, 14.3986

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.9161, -9.5605, 28.6535

Achromatopsia

51.6097, -2.7538, 2.8041

Achromatomaly

52.2468, -6.4465, 15.0151

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.9161, -9.5605, 28.6535 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 149, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 149, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 149, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 149, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.9161, -9.5605, 28.6535 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 149, 58) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 149, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 149, 58)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 149, 58); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 149, 58);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 149,  
58) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.9161, -9.5605, 28.6535 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 149, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
149, 58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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