

Converting Colors

HunterLab(54.0139, -2.6180,
1.3557)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(54.0139, -2.6180, 1.3557)
contains.

HunterLab(54.0189, -2.6946, 1.5693)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(54.0189, -2.6946,
1.5693)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	929396
RGB	146, 147, 150
RGB Percent	57%, 58%, 59%
CMY	0.4274, 0.4235, 0.4118
CMYK	0.03, 0.02, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	225°, 2%, 58%
HSV	225°, 3%, 59%
XYZ	27.7928, 29.1804, 33.0217
YIQ	147.0430, -1.5590, 0.7210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

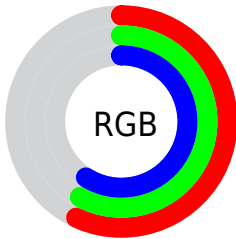
Format	Color
R_{YB}	146, 147, 150
Decimal	9606038
CIE Lab	60.94, 0.23, -1.72
CIE LCh	61, 1.730, 277.583
Yxy	29.1817, 0.3088, 0.3242
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287796118 (0xFF929396)
YUV	147.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147
Hunter-Lab	54.0189, -2.6946, 1.5693

Details

The HunterLab color $54.0189, -2.6946, 1.5693$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $54.8215, -3.0970, 4.3153$, and the grayscale version is $54.0289, -2.8828, 2.9355$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76.4279, -3.8812, 2.7097$, and $34.5500, -1.8200, 1.0006$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49.5670, -1.6244, -4.0001$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58.5803, -3.5703, 6.8302$.

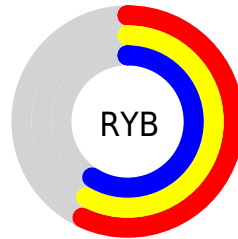
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (58%)

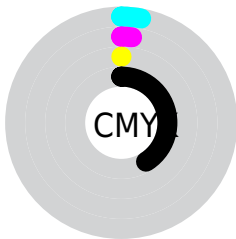
Blue (59%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (59%)

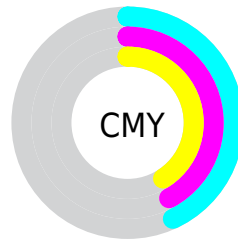


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 54.0189, -2.6946, 1.5693 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 54.0189, -2.6946, 1.5693 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 54.0189, -2.6946,
1.5693

■ 54.0189, -2.6946,
1.5693

172.6474, -8.9423,
7.3932

■ 43.8387, -2.1647,
1.1057

■ 76.3974, -3.8679,
2.6245

■ 34.3920, -1.6739,
0.6879

■ 88.5183, -4.5046,
3.2086

■ 25.7425, -1.2269,
0.3221

101.2201, -5.1728,
3.8278

■ 17.9716, -0.8285,
0.0155

114.4772, -5.8711,
4.4801

■ 11.1931, -0.4856,
-0.2211

128.2674, -6.5982,
5.1642

■ 3.2287, 0.1357,
-2.0264

142.5707, -7.3531,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

5.8784

0.0000, NaN, NaN

157.3694, -8.1348,
6.6218

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.0189, -2.6946,
1.5693

■ 54.0189, -2.6946,
1.5693

■ 49.5670, -1.6244,
-4.0001

■ 58.5803, -3.5703,
6.8302

■ 45.2343, -0.3133,
-9.9529

■ 63.2371, -4.2814,
11.8378

■ 41.0386, 1.2919,
-16.3769

■ 67.9818, -4.8561,
16.6397

■ 37.0013, 3.2593,
-23.3788

■ 72.8074, -5.3155,
21.2731

■ 33.1502, 5.6734,
-31.0808

■ 77.7078, -5.6768,
25.7681

■ 29.5220, 8.6327,
-39.6072

■ 82.6779, -5.9538,
30.1493

■ 26.1650, 12.2392,
-49.0478

■ 87.7134, -6.1580,
34.4364

■ 23.1416, 16.5654,
-59.3772

■ 91.6466, -10.3901,
37.6231

■ 20.5286, 21.5818,
-70.3094

■ 95.2383, -16.0418,
40.4413

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.0201, -3.4312, 1.6637



54.0189, -2.6946, 1.5693



54.0201, -2.0075, 1.8478

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.0201, -2.6958, 1.5702



54.0201, -1.7437, 3.7662



54.0201, -4.2050, 3.4583

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.0189, -2.6946, 1.5693



54.8215, -3.0970, 4.3153

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.0201, -3.7574, 4.0108



54.0189, -2.6946, 1.5693



54.0201, -2.3371, 4.1868

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.0201, -2.6958, 1.5702



54.0201, -1.4559, 3.1202



54.0201, -3.0745, 4.2758



54.0201, -4.2999, 2.7601

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.0189, -2.6946, 1.5693



54.0201, -1.6689, 2.2038



54.0201, -3.0745, 4.2758



54.0201, -4.0909, 3.6669

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.0201, -2.6958, 1.5702



72.7507, -3.7892, 3.2628



54.8561, -4.3003, 3.0245



34.2662, -1.7876, 1.5576



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.0201, -2.6958, 1.5702



71.5274, -3.5306, 1.8038



53.8118, -1.9383, 1.3326



25.3640, -1.2298, 0.4843



17.3194, 22.7937, -70.8528



2.7900, 0.4678, -4.4970

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.9898, -1.5001, 2.9267



71.4820, -1.7088, 3.8749



55.0312, -3.8561, 4.5433



25.3451, -0.4496, 1.3741



23.4439, 40.6536, 11.2325



2.6725, 4.7863, 0.1021

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.0189, -2.6946, 1.5693 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.0189, -2.6946, 1.5693 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

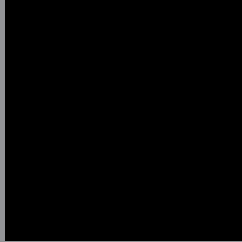
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 54.0189, -2.6946, 1.5693 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.0189, -2.6946, 1.5693.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.0189, -2.6946,

1.5693.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54.0189, -2.6946, 1.5693

Protanopia

53.9901, -1.3206, 1.5587

Deuteranopia

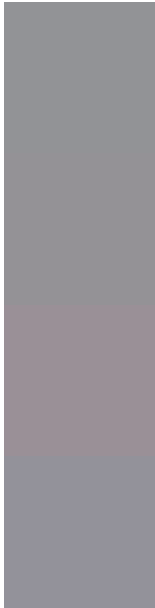
53.8064, 3.8926, 0.9614



Tritanopia

54.0325, -0.7445, -1.7205

Trichromacy



Original Color

54.0189, -2.6946, 1.5693

Protanomaly

53.9033, -1.6203, 1.4490

Deuteranomaly

53.8989, 1.3390, 1.0291

Tritanomaly

53.9388, -1.2549, -0.3900

Monochromacy



Original Color

54.0189, -2.6946, 1.5693

Achromatopsia

54.0158, -2.8821, 2.9348

Achromatomaly

54.0450, -2.7223, 2.5186

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 54.0189, -2.6946, 1.5693 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 147, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 147, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 147, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 147, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 54.0189, -2.6946, 1.5693 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 147, 150) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 147, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 147, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 147, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 147, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 147,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 54.0189, -2.6946, 1.5693 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 147, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
147, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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