

Converting Colors

HunterLab(54.0997, -4.9248,
-2.2668)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(54.0997, -4.9248,
-2.2668) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(54.1127, -4.8563,
-2.1836)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	89959E
RGB	137, 149, 158
RGB Percent	54%, 58%, 62%
CMY	0.4627, 0.4157, 0.3804
CMYK	0.13, 0.06, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	206°, 10%, 58%
HSV	206°, 13%, 62%
XYZ	27.2355, 29.2818, 36.5642
YIQ	146.4380, -10.0410, 0.2550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

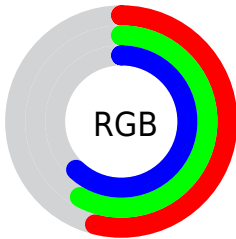
Format	Color
R_{YB}	137, 145, 158
Decimal	9016734
CIE _{Lab}	61.03, -2.39, -6.20
CIE _{LCh}	61, 6.648, 248.946
Yxy	29.2831, 0.2926, 0.3146
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287206814 (0xFF89959E)
YUV	146.4380, 5.7001, -8.2771
Hunter-Lab	54.1127, -4.8563, -2.1836

Details

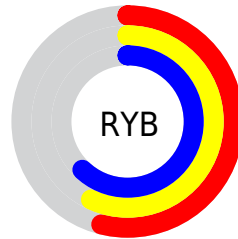
The HunterLab color $54.1127, -4.8563, -2.1836$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $54.4360, -0.5144, 7.7564$, and the grayscale version is $53.7713, -2.8691, 2.9215$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76.4612, -6.3392, -1.8096$, and $34.3848, -3.3188, -2.8553$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50.9546, -5.8215, -6.3437$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57.3781, -3.5946, 1.8672$.

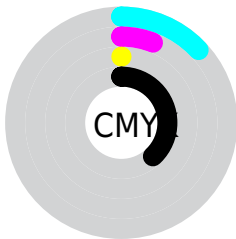
Distribution



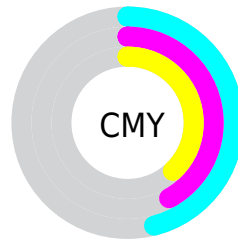
- Red (54%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 54.1127, -4.8563, -2.1836 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 54.1127, -4.8563, -2.1836 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 54.1127, -4.8563,
-2.1836

■ 54.1127, -4.8563,
-2.1836

172.7855,
-12.1364, 2.0392

■ 43.9261, -4.1791,
-2.4257

■ 76.5026, -6.2970,
-1.5370

■ 34.4727, -3.5295,
-2.6077

■ 88.6289, -7.0571,
-1.1430

■ 25.8157, -2.9088,
-2.7205

■ 101.3357, -7.8430,
-0.7062

■ 18.0366, -2.3166,
-2.7534

114.5977, -8.6540,
-0.2292

■ 11.2486, -1.7505,
-2.6912

128.3925, -9.4894,
0.2857

■ 3.3778, -3.2615,
-7.4300

142.7003,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.3487, 0.8365

0.0000, NaN, NaN

157.5033,
-11.2312, 1.4216

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.1127, -4.8563,
-2.1836

■ 54.1127, -4.8563,
-2.1836

■ 50.9546, -5.8215,
-6.3437

■ 57.3781, -3.5946,
1.8672

■ 47.9102, -6.4471,
-10.6224

■ 60.7388, -2.0690,
5.8142

■ 44.9915, -6.6893,
-15.0221

■ 64.1881, -0.3111,
9.6673

■ 42.2102, -6.5001,
-19.5414

■ 67.7192, 1.6522,
13.4355

■ 39.5789, -5.8305,
-24.1719

■ 71.3260, 3.7982,
17.1277

■ 37.1100, -4.6349,
-28.8962

■ 75.0032, 6.1069,
20.7523

■ 34.8148, -2.8791,
-33.6868

■ 78.7460, 8.5617,
24.3170

■ 32.7010, -0.5527,
-38.5096

■ 81.5580, 7.8639,
26.8773

■ 31.3562, 1.2183,
-41.8226

■ 83.5393, 4.3197,
28.5938

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.1138, -7.1130, -0.4570



54.1127, -4.8563, -2.1836



54.1138, -2.0300, -2.4973

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.1138, -4.8573, -2.1827



54.1138, 2.6660, 3.7550



54.1138, -6.3134, 6.8690

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.1127, -4.8563, -2.1836



54.4360, -0.5144, 7.7564

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.1138, -3.7452, 7.8759



54.1127, -4.8563, -2.1836



54.1138, 1.4661, 6.1406

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.1138, -4.8573, -2.1827



54.1138, 2.3533, 1.0268



54.1138, -0.8947, 7.6164



54.1138, -7.9415, 4.7966

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.1127, -4.8563, -2.1836



54.1138, -0.1952, -1.8493



54.1138, -0.8947, 7.6164



54.1138, -5.5336, 7.3382

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.1138, -4.8573, -2.1827



76.9705, -4.9915, 2.0917



56.4270, -11.0814, 6.1087



36.3942, -2.4333, 0.8080



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.1138, -4.8573, -2.1827



71.6208, -6.9830, -4.6196



51.1668, 0.0626, -5.9538



26.5196, -2.0961, -0.2546



28.2024, 0.8437, -37.0718



4.7453, -1.4095, -2.8885

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.2790, 5.7246, 0.0658



68.6322, 10.4660, -0.8029



57.3904, -5.4243, 10.8179



25.8969, 1.4400, 0.4689



25.3479, 45.7892, -2.0717



3.5108, 6.5582, -1.9625

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.1127, -4.8563, -2.1836 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

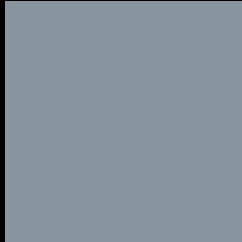
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.1127, -4.8563, -2.1836 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

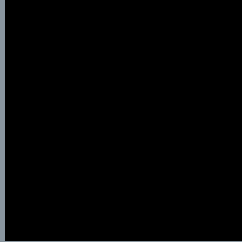
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

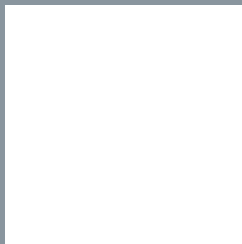
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 54.1127, -4.8563, -2.1836 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.1127, -4.8563, -2.1836.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.1127, -4.8563, -2.1836.

-2.1836.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54.1127, -4.8563, -2.1836

Protanopia

54.0010, -0.9159, -1.2739

Deuteranopia

54.0519, 3.7898, -2.6067



Tritanopia

54.1769, -4.5029, -3.0918

Trichromacy



Original Color

54.1127, -4.8563, -2.1836

Protanomaly

53.9828, -2.3900, -1.8122

Deuteranomaly

53.9848, 0.6802, -2.7472

Tritanomaly

54.1447, -4.6802, -2.6362

Monochromacy



Original Color

54.1127, -4.8563, -2.1836

Achromatopsia

53.6135, -2.8607, 2.9129

Achromatomaly

53.7672, -3.5715, 1.2506

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 54.1127, -4.8563, -2.1836 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 149, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 149, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 149, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 149, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 54.1127, -4.8563, -2.1836 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 149, 158) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 149, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 149, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 149, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 149, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 149,  
158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 54.1127, -4.8563, -2.1836 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 149, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
149, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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