

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(54.1410, -29.1375,  
21.7095)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(54.1410, -29.1375,  
21.7095) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(53.9951,  
-29.0956, 21.6441)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	61A25C
RGB	97, 162, 92
RGB Percent	38%, 64%, 36%
CMY	0.6196, 0.3647, 0.6392
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.43, 0.36
HSL	116°, 28%, 50%
HSV	116°, 43%, 64%
XYZ	19.7818, 29.1547, 14.7100
YIQ	134.5850, -16.2700, -35.5500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

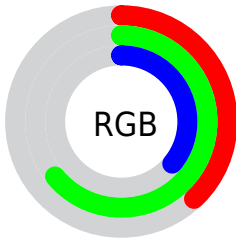
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	92, 162, 157
Decimal	6398556
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	60.92, -35.23, 29.99
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	61, 46.272, 139.593
Yxy	29.1559, 0.3108, 0.4581
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284588636 (0xFF61A25C)
YUV	134.5850, -20.9944, -32.9620
Hunter-Lab	53.9951, -29.0956, 21.6441

# Details

The HunterLab color  $53.9951, -29.0956, 21.6441$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $669966$ . A complement of this color would be  $41.7515, 30.6307, -22.2802$ , and the grayscale version is  $49.1437, -2.6222, 2.6701$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $76.2812, -33.9631, 26.2113$ , and  $34.4517, -23.6634, 16.7139$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $53.0592, -33.3265, 24.5113$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $55.1148, -24.1435, 18.2160$ .

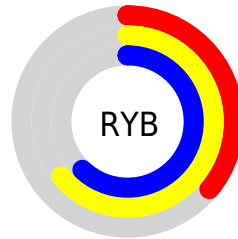
# Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (64%)

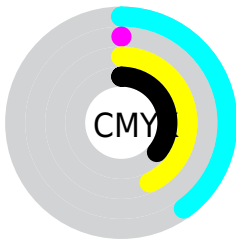
Blue (36%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (62%)

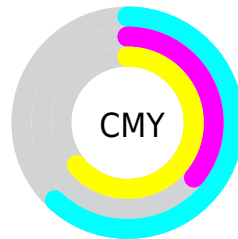


Cyan (40%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (43%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 53.9951, -29.0956, 21.6441 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 53.9951, -29.0956, 21.6441 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 53.9951, -29.0956,  
21.6441

■ 53.9951, -29.0956,  
21.6441

172.6123,  
-50.1712, 40.7316

■ 43.8165, -26.3900,  
19.2074

■ 76.3706, -34.1760,  
26.2254

■ 34.3715, -23.5245,  
16.6315

■ 88.4902, -36.5950,  
28.4104

■ 25.7239, -20.4412,  
13.8696

■ 101.1907,  
-38.9543, 30.5440

■ 17.9551, -17.0438,  
11.1665

■ 114.4466,  
-41.2650, 32.6365

■ 11.1790, -14.9517,  
7.8253

128.2356,  
-43.5358, 34.6957

■ 3.1897, -5.5819,  
2.2328

142.5378,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-45.7735, 36.7281

0.0000, NaN, NaN

157.3354,  
-47.9838, 38.7386

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.9951, -29.0956,  
21.6441

■ 53.9951, -29.0956,  
21.6441

■ 53.0592, -33.3265,  
24.5113

■ 55.1148, -24.1435,  
18.2160

■ 52.3011, -36.8013,  
26.7997

■ 56.4145, -18.5163,  
14.2570

■ 51.7163, -39.5114,  
28.5110


■ 57.8925, -12.2758,  
9.8091

■ 51.2952, -41.4738,  
29.6692


■ 59.5441, -5.4898,  
4.9203


■ 51.0236, -42.7369,  
30.3244


■ 61.3632, 1.7718,  
-0.3584

 50.9086, -43.2751,  
30.6121

 63.3424, 9.4404,  
-5.9761

 65.4738, 17.4514,  
-11.8842

 67.7493, 25.7463,  
-18.0378

 70.1604, 34.2731,  
-24.3967

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.9962, -15.1536, 27.2524



53.9951, -29.0956, 21.6441



53.9962, -35.6674, 9.1234

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.9962, -29.0966, 21.6445



53.9962, -9.6393, -46.6713



53.9962, 38.2103, 13.7988

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.9951, -29.0956, 21.6441



41.7515, 30.6307, -22.2802

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.9962, 40.2562, -4.0759



53.9951, -29.0956, 21.6441



53.9962, 10.5895, -43.9720

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.9962, -29.0966, 21.6445



53.9962, -25.5653, -32.8792



53.9962, 29.5362, -26.4644



53.9962, 24.2958, 23.9947



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.9951, -29.0956, 21.6441



53.9962, -35.7378, -3.5018



53.9962, 29.5362, -26.4644



53.9962, 40.3786, 8.6730

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.9962, -29.0966, 21.6445



77.9937, -16.5729, 13.2400



56.8229, -9.1273, 24.2890



36.7526, -8.7311, 6.9024



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.9962, -29.0966, 21.6445



71.5145, -44.7882, 32.9489



54.3156, -26.7084, 13.1962



28.1391, -4.6471, 3.8147



45.1939, -38.3729, 27.1765



6.6030, -5.3419, 3.9752



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.7515, 30.6307, -22.2802



51.9292, 51.4157, -37.9537



41.2616, 27.0774, -5.9013



26.7887, 1.8562, -0.9519



26.8396, 53.6205, -42.0121



3.9809, 7.9022, -5.8362



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.9951, -29.0956, 21.6441 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 53.9951, -29.0956, 21.6441 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

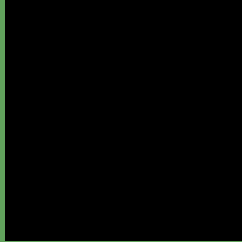
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 53.9951, -29.0956, 21.6441 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.9951, -29.0956, 21.6441.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 53.9951,

-29.0956, 21.6441.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.9951, -29.0956, 21.6441

### Protanopia

53.5754, -5.6128, 23.1715

### Deuteranopia

53.6034, 3.4804, 20.5820



## Tritanopia

53.7728, -11.6796, -6.8478

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.9951, -29.0956, 21.6441

## Protanomaly

53.3661, -15.4356, 22.3564

## Deuteranomaly

53.1122, -9.9745, 20.4671

## Tritanomaly

53.5772, -18.8231, 5.6539

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.9951, -29.0956, 21.6441

## Achromatopsia

49.2221, -2.6264, 2.6743

## Achromatomaly

50.6435, -13.4092, 10.5390

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 53.9951, -29.0956, 21.6441 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 162, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 162, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 162, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 162, 92) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 53.9951, -29.0956, 21.6441 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 162, 92) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 162, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 162, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 162, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 162, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 162,  
92) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 53.9951, -29.0956, 21.6441 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 162, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 162,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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