

Converting Colors

HunterLab(54.4256, 8.6962,
-63.9436)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(54.4256, 8.6962,
-63.9436) contains.

HunterLab(54.4256, 8.6961, -63.9437)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(54.4256, 8.6961,
-63.9437)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B92F9
RGB	91, 146, 249
RGB Percent	36%, 57%, 98%
CMY	0.6431, 0.4274, 0.0235
CMYK	0.63, 0.41, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	219°, 93%, 67%
HSV	219°, 63%, 98%
XYZ	31.6921, 29.6215, 93.6697
YIQ	141.2970, -65.8430, 20.3730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

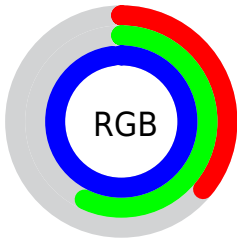
Format	Color
R_{YB}	91, 132, 249
Decimal	6001401
CIE Lab	61.33, 13.41, -56.89
CIE LCh	61, 58.452, 283.267
Yxy	29.6224, 0.2045, 0.1911
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284191481 (0xFF5B92F9)
YUV	141.2970, 53.0976, -44.1105
Hunter-Lab	54.4256, 8.6961, -63.9437

Details

The HunterLab color **54.4256, 8.6961, -63.9437** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **77.1249, 4.4745, 39.9921**, and the grayscale version is **51.5432, -2.7502, 2.8004**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.1194, -4.9606, -30.0939**, and **34.8877, 9.0276, -63.0946** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.8931, 14.1226, -78.3062**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.3902, 4.4230, -50.7009**.

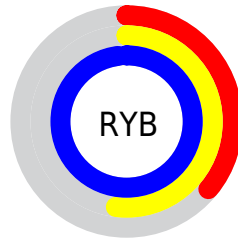
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (57%)

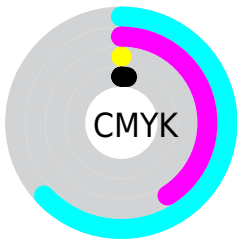
Blue (98%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (98%)

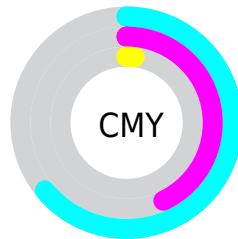


Cyan (63%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 54.4256, 8.6961, -63.9437 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 54.4256, 8.6961, -63.9437 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 54.4256, 8.6961,
-63.9437

■ 54.4256, 8.6961,
-63.9437

173.2456, 7.4543,
-70.6426

■ 44.2178, 8.5299,
-63.4953

■ 76.8534, 8.8075,
-65.3221

■ 34.7418, 8.2746,
-63.4076

■ 88.9973, 8.7661,
-66.1098

■ 26.0602, 7.9165,
-64.0078

■ 101.7209, 8.6678,
-66.9123

■ 18.2536, 7.4350,
-66.0250

■ 114.9990, 8.5169,
-67.7094

■ 11.4341, 6.8006,
-71.4011

128.8093, 8.3172,
-68.4879

■ 3.8329, 15.0458,
-134.8407

143.1320, 8.0718,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-69.2396

0.0000, NaN, -NF

157.9495, 7.7833,
-69.9590

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 54.4256, 8.6961,
-63.9437

■ 54.4256, 8.6961,
-63.9437

■ 48.8931, 14.1226,
-78.3062

■ 60.3902, 4.4230,
-50.7009

■ 43.8696, 20.8278,
-93.7294

■ 66.7179, 1.1362,
-38.5141

■ 39.4435, 28.8176,
-109.9089

■ 73.3562, -1.3242,
-27.2592

■ 36.8819, 34.5780,
-120.7431

■ 80.2626, -3.0986,
-16.8015

■ 87.4032, -4.3042,
-7.0138

■ 94.7508, -5.0362,
2.2155

■ 99.8096, -6.3797,
8.1516

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.4265, -16.1994, -62.4771



54.4256, 8.6961, -63.9437



54.4265, 34.5534, -42.5749

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.4265, 8.6969, -63.9423



54.4265, 37.1776, 26.0727



54.4265, -42.0549, 14.6590

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.4256, 8.6961, -63.9437



77.1249, 4.4745, 39.9921

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.4265, -32.3626, 27.0139



54.4256, 8.6961, -63.9437



54.4265, 11.7979, 31.2383

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.4265, 8.6969, -63.9423



54.4265, 52.9076, 12.5371



54.4265, -13.6134, 31.4788



54.4265, -42.5796, -8.7462

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.4256, 8.6961, -63.9437



54.4265, 47.6321, -22.1950



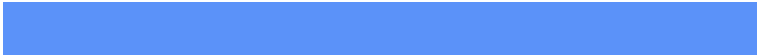
54.4265, -13.6134, 31.4788



54.4265, -39.8544, 19.9205

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.4265, 8.6969, -63.9423



85.6841, -3.7978, -12.7332



85.9408, -50.9169, 16.9738



38.6752, -1.5790, -7.2398

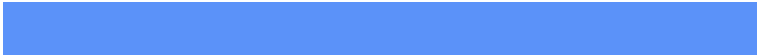
0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.4265, 8.6969, -63.9423



48.8146, 16.2009, -84.5472



42.3654, 43.2975, -98.5634



41.9893, -2.1605, -1.5367



27.4234, 24.1451, -86.3992



9.4158, 4.7821, -22.0922

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.4967, 61.8430, 5.0766



51.1808, 73.8611, 8.9093



91.9584, -31.0481, 49.7381



41.6233, 2.1818, 1.7993



33.4217, 58.4013, 12.5602



10.2651, 18.1178, 2.4594

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.4256, 8.6961, -63.9437 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

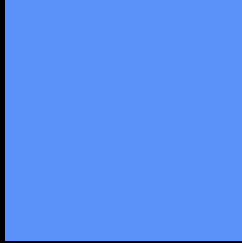
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.4256, 8.6961, -63.9437 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

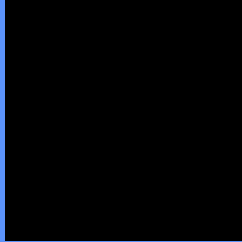
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

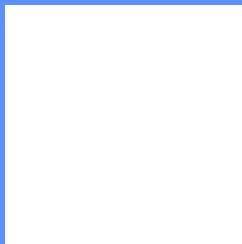
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 54.4256, 8.6961, -63.9437 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.4256, 8.6961, -63.9437.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.4256, 8.6961, -63.9437.

-63.9437.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54.4256, 8.6961, -63.9437

Protanopia

54.4105, 11.3057, -62.1618

Deuteranopia

54.3080, 5.2535, -63.3974



Tritanopia

54.4423, -23.0657, -11.0255

Trichromacy



Original Color

54.4256, 8.6961, -63.9437

Protanomaly

54.4800, 10.2077, -62.8985

Deuteranomaly

54.2163, 6.4287, -63.5973

Tritanomaly

54.0365, -12.6551, -28.2340

Monochromacy



Original Color

54.4256, 8.6961, -63.9437

Achromatopsia

51.6097, -2.7538, 2.8041

Achromatomaly

52.1068, -1.3351, -17.0481

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 54.4256, 8.6961, -63.9437 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 146, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 146, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 146, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 146, 249) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 54.4256, 8.6961, -63.9437 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 146, 249) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 146, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 146, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 146, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 146, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 146,  
249) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 54.4256, 8.6961, -63.9437 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 146, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 146,  
249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor