

Converting Colors

HunterLab(54.5899, 93.6474,
-52.5752)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(54.5899, 93.6474,
-52.5752) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(54.5900, 93.6481,
-52.5756)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF33EE
RGB	255, 51, 238
RGB Percent	100%, 20%, 93%
CMY	0.0000, 0.7999, 0.0667
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.07, 0.00
HSL	305°, 100%, 60%
HSV	305°, 80%, 100%
XYZ	57.8564, 29.8007, 83.5917
YIQ	133.3140, 61.5570, 101.4050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

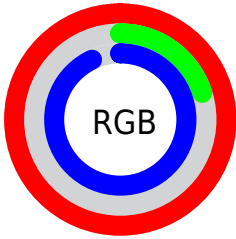
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 51, 238
Decimal	16724974
CIE Lab	61.48, 89.77, -49.54
CIE LCh	61, 102.534, 331.108
Yxy	29.8019, 0.3378, 0.1740
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294915054 (0xFFFF33EE)
YUV	133.3140, 51.6102, 106.7186
Hunter-Lab	54.5900, 93.6481, -52.5756

Details

The HunterLab color **54.5900, 93.6481, -52.5756** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33FF**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **85.2301, -69.2127, 47.5009**, and the grayscale version is **48.3426, -2.5794, 2.6265**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.1146, 67.6608, -44.8372**, and **38.4780, 74.5648, -42.3460** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.9399, 98.6040, -54.4219**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.2701, 85.5604, -48.6595**.

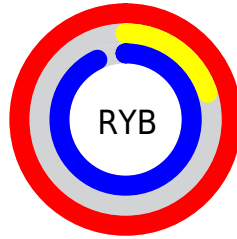
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (20%)

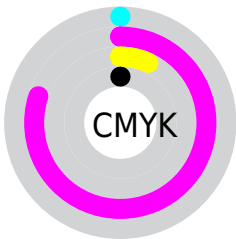
Blue (93%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (93%)

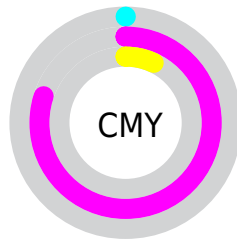


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 54.5900, 93.6481, -52.5756 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 54.5900, 93.6481, -52.5756 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

54.5900, 93.6481,
-52.5756

54.5900, 93.6481,
-52.5756

173.4877,
114.7598, -58.6560

44.3715, 91.0548,
-51.9665

77.0381, 98.8304,
-54.0210

34.8836, 88.5883,
-51.5655

89.1912, 101.3467,
-54.7688

26.1890, 86.4617,
-51.5876

101.9237,
103.7886, -55.5017

18.3680, 85.1746,
-52.5170

115.2102,
106.1494, -56.2076

11.5321, 86.0875,
-55.6451

129.0286,
108.4265, -56.8794

4.0518, 143.7415,
-97.9322

143.3592,

0.0000, INF, -NF

110.6198, -57.5129

0.0000, NaN, -NF

158.1842,
112.7302, -58.1055

■ 54.5900, 93.6481,
-52.5756

■ 54.5900, 93.6481,
-52.5756

■ 52.9399, 98.6040,
-54.4219

■ 57.2701, 85.5604,
-48.6595

■ 52.1406, 100.6564,
-54.4107

■ 60.9846, 74.9169,
-42.9722

■ 52.1403, 100.6572,
-54.4105

■ 65.6705, 62.5208,
-35.9822

■ 71.2260, 49.1404,
-28.1643

■ 77.5382, 35.3613,
-19.8990

■ 84.4993, 21.5638,
-11.4485

■ 92.0147, 7.9624,
-2.9737

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.5911, 48.5165, -122.1664



54.5900, 93.6481, -52.5756



54.5911, 111.2306, 4.5169

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.5911, 93.6446, -52.5736



54.5911, -4.5548, 37.9488



54.5911, -58.4367, -57.7752

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.5900, 93.6481, -52.5756



85.2301, -69.2127, 47.5009

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.5911, -64.7033, 1.3797



54.5900, 93.6481, -52.5756



54.5911, -40.3670, 36.7935

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.5911, 93.6446, -52.5736



54.5911, 44.7167, 36.9700



54.5911, -59.3255, 29.4368



54.5911, -38.3204, -126.5124

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.5900, 93.6481, -52.5756



54.5911, 101.6340, 24.8614



54.5911, -59.3255, 29.4368



54.5911, -61.8799, -35.0727

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.5911, 93.6446, -52.5736



81.6397, 27.0754, -14.8431



32.8910, 59.7681, -149.2281



36.6300, 14.8034, -8.2598

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.5911, 93.6446, -52.5736



52.3989, 100.0513, -54.5512



50.4050, 77.7689, 5.0190



42.7466, 3.3785, -1.1841



37.7044, 72.8112, -39.5213



11.7965, 22.8294, -12.7450

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.5911, 93.6446, -52.5736



52.3989, 100.0513, -54.5512



86.6756, -60.2817, 26.3375



42.7466, 3.3785, -1.1841



37.7044, 72.8112, -39.5213



11.7965, 22.8294, -12.7450

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.5900, 93.6481, -52.5756 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

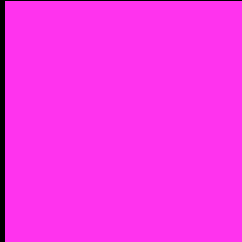
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.5900, 93.6481, -52.5756 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 54.5900, 93.6481, -52.5756 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.5900, 93.6481, -52.5756.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.5900, 93.6481, -52.5756.

-52.5756.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54.5900, 93.6481, -52.5756

Protanopia

54.8338, 12.1569, -68.2951

Deuteranopia

54.8277, 4.5294, -43.1678



Tritanopia

54.2993, 50.0452, 18.5373

Trichromacy



Original Color

54.5900, 93.6481, -52.5756



Protanomaly

50.1767, 41.3287, -74.2580



Deuteranomaly

50.4142, 37.4614, -56.3222



Tritanomaly

53.2550, 65.8524, -1.0484

Monochromacy



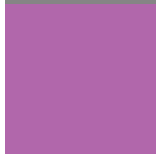
Original Color

54.5900, 93.6481, -52.5756



Achromatopsia

48.4304, -2.5841, 2.6313



Achromatomaly

46.8912, 33.4061, -19.2365

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 54.5900, 93.6481, -52.5756 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 51, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 51, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 51, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 51, 238) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 54.5900, 93.6481, -52.5756 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 51, 238) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 51, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 51, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 51, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 51, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 51,  
238) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 54.5900, 93.6481, -52.5756 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 51, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 51,  
238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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